



Receipt of Disclosures and Reports

Property Address: 1177 Redrock Ct, Sunnyvale, CA 94089

Agents - Prior to making an offer, please have your clients acknowledge receipt of the following disclosures by signing and dating this document and return it with your offer. Please make certain that you have the most current version of the disclosure package. Package preparation date for this package is 03.17.2026. Thank you!

Please use Juliana Lee Team as the Listing Agent (DRE#: 70010194) when submitting offer contracts.

Please Note: Agent has not investigated any information provided by Third Parties. Buyer to investigate.

Disclosures:

1. JLee Realty Receipt of Disclosures and Reports (2 pages)
2. PRDS Disclosure Regarding Agency Relationships - Seller (2 pages)
3. Additional Agent Acknowledgement (1 page)
4. PRDS Real Estate Broker Square Footage and Lot Size Advisory (1 page)
5. PRDS Transfer Disclosure Statement (3 pages)
6. CAR Seller Property Questionnaire (4 pages)
7. PRDS Listing Agent Visual Inspection Disclosure (2 pages)
8. PRDS lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards Disclosure and Acknowledgement-*built before 1978* (1 page)
9. PRDS Certification of Compliance with Water Heater, Smoke Alarm, Carbon Monoxide Device Requirements (1 pages)
10. CAR Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures (required if built on or before 1994) & Carbon Monoxide Detector Notice (2 pages)
11. PRDS Advisory Regarding Market Conditions, Multiple and Non-Contingent Offers (2 pages)
12. PRDS Possible Representation Of More Than One Buyer Or Seller - Disclosures And Consent (1 page)
13. PRDS California Consumer Privacy Act Advisory - Seller (1 page)
14. PRDS Fair Housing Laws and Discrimination Advisory (2 pages)
15. CAR Wire Fraud and Electronic Funds Transfer Advisory (1 page)

Seller: Signed by:

B115565A7F2D4CF... Signed by:

06947BF4DC3442C...

Buyer: _____

16. PRDS San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties Advisory (18 pages)
17. CAR Seller's Affidavit of nonforeign Status (FIRPTA) (4 pageS)
18. PRDS Advisory Regarding New Federal Requirement Geographic Targeting Order (1 page)
19. Federal Reporting Requirement Purchase Addendum (1 page)
20. CAR Buyer Homeowners' Insurance Advisory (1 page)
21. CAR Megan's Law Database Disclosure (if applicable) (1 page)
22. Natural Hazard Disclosure Report Signature Page (1 page)
23. Residential Earthquake Risk Disclosure (if home is built prior to 1960)
24. EPUBD Cover Page (1 page)
25. Buyer Advisory - Acquiring Remodelled/Renovated Property - if applies (1 page)
26. Homeowner's Guide Signature Page (1 page)
27. Non-Contingent Offer Advisory (1 page)
28. Guidance for Residential Fireplace Disclosure (1 page)
29. CAR Seller's Advisory (1 Page)

Additional Disclosures - JLee Realty

1. Agent Visual Inspection Disclosure Addendum (2 pages)
2. JLee Realty Public Amenities Disclosure (1 page)
3. JLee Realty checklist of Items Included & Excluded From Sale (1 page)

Reports

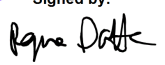
1. Property Inspection Report (32 pages)
2. Natural Hazard Disclosure Report (50 pages)
3. Preliminary Title Report from Lawyers Title dated February 18, 2026(24 pages)
4. Realist Report (3 pages)
5. Plotted Easements (1 page)

Signed by:

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Seller: _____ **4/7/2026**

Buyer: _____

Signed by:

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4/1/2026



DISCLOSURE REGARDING REAL ESTATE AGENCY RELATIONSHIPS

(As required by Civil Code)



☐ (If checked) This form is being provided in connection with a transaction for a leasehold interest exceeding one year as per Civil Code Section 2079.13(j), (k), and (l).

When you enter into a discussion with a real estate agent regarding a real estate transaction, you should from the outset understand what type of agency relationship or representation you wish to have with the agent in the transaction.

SELLER'S AGENT

A Seller's agent under a listing agreement with the Seller acts as the agent for the Seller only. A Seller's agent or a subagent of that agent has the following affirmative obligations:

To the Seller: A Fiduciary duty of utmost care, integrity, honesty and loyalty in dealings with the Seller.

To the Buyer and the Seller:

- (a) Diligent exercise of reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties.
- (b) A duty of honest and fair dealing and good faith.
- (c) A duty to disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of the property that are not known to, or within the diligent attention and observation of, the parties. An agent is not obligated to reveal to either party any confidential information obtained from the other party that does not involve the affirmative duties set forth above.

BUYER'S AGENT

A Buyer's agent can, with a Buyer's consent, agree to act as agent for the Buyer only. In these situations, the agent is not the Seller's agent, even if by agreement the agent may receive compensation for services rendered, either in full or in part from the Seller. An agent acting only for a Buyer has the following affirmative obligations:

To the Buyer: A fiduciary duty of utmost care, integrity, honesty and loyalty in dealings with the Buyer.

To the Buyer and the Seller:

- (a) Diligent exercise of reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties.
- (b) A duty of honest and fair dealing and good faith.
- (c) A duty to disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of the property that are not known to, or within the diligent attention and observation of, the parties. An agent is not obligated to reveal to either party any confidential information obtained from the other party that does not involve the affirmative duties set forth above.

AGENT REPRESENTING BOTH SELLER AND BUYER

A real estate agent, either acting directly or through one or more salespersons and broker associates, can legally be the agent of both the Seller and the Buyer in a transaction, but only with the knowledge and consent of both the Seller and the Buyer.

In a dual agency situation, the agent has the following affirmative obligations to both the Seller and the Buyer:

- (a) A fiduciary duty of utmost care, integrity, honesty and loyalty in the dealings with either the Seller or the Buyer.
- (b) Other duties to the Seller and the Buyer as stated above in their respective sections.

In representing both Seller and Buyer, a dual agent may not, without the express permission of the respective party, disclose to the other party confidential information, including, but not limited to, facts relating to either the Buyer's or Seller's financial position, motivations, bargaining position, or other personal information that may impact price, including the Seller's willingness to accept a price less than the listing price or the Buyer's willingness to pay a price greater than the price offered.

SELLER AND BUYER REPRESENTATIVES

Either the purchase agreement or a separate document will contain a confirmation of which agent is representing you and whether that agent is representing you exclusively in the transaction or acting as a dual agent. Please pay attention to that confirmation to make sure it accurately reflects your understanding of your agent's role.

The above duties of the agent in a real estate transaction do not relieve a Seller or Buyer from the responsibility to protect his or her own interests. You should carefully read all agreements to assure that they adequately express your understanding of the transaction. A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate. If legal or tax advice is desired, consult a competent professional.

If you are a Buyer, you have the duty to exercise reasonable care to protect yourself, including as to those facts about the property which are known to you or within your diligent attention and observation.

Both Sellers and Buyers should strongly consider obtaining tax advice from a competent professional because the federal and state tax consequences of a transaction can be complex and subject to change.

Throughout your real property transaction you may receive more than one disclosure form, depending upon the number of agents assisting in the transaction. The law requires each agent with whom you have more than a casual relationship to present you with this disclosure form. You should read its contents each time it is presented to you, considering the relationship between you and the real estate agent in your specific transaction. This disclosure form includes the provisions of Sections 2079.13 to 2079.24, inclusive, of the Civil Code set forth on page 2. Read it carefully. I/WE ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS DISCLOSURE AND THE PORTIONS OF THE CIVIL CODE PRINTED ON THE BACK (OR A SEPARATE PAGE).

Buyer/Seller/Landlord/Tenant *Daniel Datta* Signed by: *Daniel Datta* Date 2/20/2026

Buyer/Seller/Landlord/Tenant *Regina M Datta* Signed by: *Regina M Datta* Date 2/20/2026

Regina Datta 5C72A6DB443C...

Agent *Pinnacle Realty Advisors* DRE Lic. # 02220139

By *Sharon YC Lee* Real Estate Broker (Firm) DRE Lic. # 01951707 Date 2/20/2026

61E9A446CD19423... (Salesperson or Broker-Associate, if any) *Sharon YC Lee*

CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 2079.13-24 (2079.16 APPEARS ON THE FRONT)

2079.13 As used in Sections 2079.7 and 2079.14 to 2079.24, inclusive, the following terms have the following meanings:

(a) "Agent" means a person acting under provisions of Title 9 (commencing with Section 2295) in a real property transaction, and includes a person who is licensed as a real estate broker under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 10130) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Business and Professions Code, and under whose license a listing is executed or an offer to purchase is obtained. The agent in the real property transaction bears responsibility for that agent's salespersons or broker associates who perform as agents of the agent. When a salesperson or broker associate owes a duty to any principal, or to any buyer or seller who is not a principal, in a real property transaction, that duty is equivalent to the duty owed to that party by the broker for whom the salesperson or broker associate functions. (b) "Buyer" means a transferee in a real property transaction, and includes a person who executes an offer to purchase real property from a seller through an agent, or who seeks the services of an agent in more than a casual, transitory, or preliminary manner, with the object of entering into a real property transaction. "Buyer" includes vendee or lessee of real property. (c) "Commercial real property" means all real property in the state, except (1) single-family residential real property, (2) dwelling units made subject to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1940) of Title 5, (3) a mobilehome, as defined in Section 798.3, (4) vacant land, or (5) a recreational vehicle, as defined in Section 799.29. (d) "Dual agent" means an agent acting, either directly or through a salesperson or broker associate, as agent for both the seller and the buyer in a real property transaction. (e) "Listing agreement" means a written contract between a seller of real property and an agent, by which the agent has been authorized to sell the real property or to find or obtain a buyer, including rendering other services for which a real estate license is required to the seller pursuant to the terms of the agreement. (f) "Seller's agent" means a person who has obtained a listing of real property to act as an agent for compensation. (g) "Listing price" is the amount expressed in dollars specified in the listing for which the seller is willing to sell the real property through the seller's agent. (h) "Offering price" is the amount expressed in dollars specified in an offer to purchase for which the buyer is willing to buy the real property. (i) "Offer to purchase" means a written contract executed by a buyer acting through a buyer's agent that becomes the contract for the sale of the real property upon acceptance by the seller. (j) "Real property" means any estate specified by subdivision (1) or (2) of Section 761 in property, and includes (1) single-family residential property, (2) multiunit residential property with more than four dwelling units, (3) commercial real property, (4) vacant land, (5) a ground lease coupled with improvements, or (6) a manufactured home as defined in Section 18007 of the Health and Safety Code, or a mobilehome as defined in Section 18008 of the Health and Safety Code, when offered for sale or sold through an agent pursuant to the authority contained in Section 10131.6 of the Business and Professions Code. (k) "Real property transaction" means a transaction for the sale of real property in which an agent is retained by a buyer, seller, or both a buyer and seller to act in that transaction, and includes a listing or an offer to purchase. (l) "Sell," "sale," or "sold" refers to a transaction for the transfer of real property from the seller to the buyer and includes exchanges of real property between the seller and buyer, transactions for the creation of a real property sales contract within the meaning of Section 2985, and transactions for the creation of a leasehold exceeding one year's duration. (m) "Seller" means the transferor in a real property transaction and includes an owner who lists real property with an agent, whether or not a transfer results, or who receives an offer to purchase real property of which he or she is the owner from an agent on behalf of another. "Seller" includes both a vendor and a lessor of real property. (n) "Buyer's agent" means an agent who represents a buyer in a real property transaction.

2079.14. A seller's agent and buyer's agent shall provide the seller and buyer in a real property transaction with a copy of the disclosure form specified in Section 2079.16, and shall obtain a signed acknowledgment of receipt from that seller and buyer, except as provided in Section 2079.15, as follows: (a) The seller's agent, if any, shall provide the disclosure form to the seller prior to entering into the listing agreement. (b) The buyer's agent shall provide the disclosure form to the buyer as soon as practicable prior to execution of the buyer's offer to purchase. If the offer to purchase is not prepared by the buyer's agent, the buyer's agent shall present the disclosure form to the buyer not later than the next business day after receiving the offer to purchase from the buyer.

2079.15. In any circumstance in which the seller or buyer refuses to sign an acknowledgment of receipt pursuant to Section 2079.14, the agent shall set forth, sign, and date a written declaration of the facts of the refusal.

2079.16 Reproduced on Page 1 of this READ form.

2079.17(a) As soon as practicable, the buyer's agent shall disclose to the buyer and seller whether the agent is acting in the real property transaction as the buyer's agent, or as a dual agent representing both the buyer and the seller. This relationship shall be confirmed in the contract to purchase and sell real property or in a separate writing executed or acknowledged by the seller, the buyer, and the buyer's agent prior to or coincident with execution of that contract by the buyer and the seller, respectively. (b) As soon as practicable, the seller's agent shall disclose to the seller whether the seller's agent is acting in the real property transaction as the seller's agent, or as a dual agent representing both the buyer and seller. This relationship shall be confirmed in the contract to purchase and sell real property or in a separate writing executed or acknowledged by the seller and the seller's agent prior to or coincident with the execution of that contract by the seller.

CONFIRMATION: The following agency relationships are confirmed for this transaction:

Seller's Brokerage Firm DO NOT COMPLETE. SAMPLE ONLY License Number _____
 Is the broker of (check one): ☐ the seller; or ☐ both the buyer and seller. (dual agent)
 Seller's Agent DO NOT COMPLETE. SAMPLE ONLY License Number _____
 Is (check one): ☐ the Seller's Agent. (salesperson or broker associate) ☐ both the Buyer's and Seller's Agent. (dual agent)
 Buyer's Brokerage Firm DO NOT COMPLETE. SAMPLE ONLY License Number _____
 Is the broker of (check one): ☐ the buyer; or ☐ both the buyer and seller. (dual agent)
 Buyer's Agent DO NOT COMPLETE. SAMPLE ONLY License Number _____
 Is (check one): ☐ the Buyer's Agent. (salesperson or broker associate) ☐ both the Buyer's and Seller's Agent. (dual agent)

(d) The disclosures and confirmation required by this section shall be in addition to the disclosure required by Section 2079.14. An agent's duty to provide disclosure and confirmation of representation in this section may be performed by a real estate salesperson or broker associate affiliated with that broker.

2079.18 (Repealed pursuant to AB-1289)

2079.19 The payment of compensation or the obligation to pay compensation to an agent by the seller or buyer is not necessarily determinative of a particular agency relationship between an agent and the seller or buyer. A listing agent and a selling agent may agree to share any compensation or commission paid, or any right to any compensation or commission for which an obligation arises as the result of a real estate transaction, and the terms of any such agreement shall not necessarily be determinative of a particular relationship.

2079.20 Nothing in this article prevents an agent from selecting, as a condition of the agent's employment, a specific form of agency relationship not specifically prohibited by this article if the requirements of Section 2079.14 and Section 2079.17 are complied with.

2079.21 (a) A dual agent may not, without the express permission of the seller, disclose to the buyer any confidential information obtained from the seller. (b) A dual agent may not, without the express permission of the buyer, disclose to the seller any confidential information obtained from the buyer. (c) "Confidential information" means facts relating to the client's financial position, motivations, bargaining position, or other personal information that may impact price, such as the seller is willing to accept a price less than the listing price or the buyer is willing to pay a price greater than the price offered. (d) This section does not alter in any way the duty or responsibility of a dual agent to any principal with respect to confidential information other than price.

2079.22 Nothing in this article precludes a seller's agent from also being a buyer's agent. If a seller or buyer in a transaction chooses to not be represented by an agent, that does not, of itself, make that agent a dual agent.

2079.23 A contract between the principal and agent may be modified or altered to change the agency relationship at any time before the performance of the act which is the object of the agency with the written consent of the parties to the agency relationship.

2079.24 Nothing in this article shall be construed to either diminish the duty of disclosure owed buyers and sellers by agents and their associate licensees, subagents, and employees or to relieve agents and their associate licensees, subagents, and employees from liability for their conduct in connection with acts governed by this article or for any breach of a fiduciary duty or a duty of disclosure.



ADDITIONAL AGENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

(C.A.R. Form AAA, Revised 12/21)

This is an addendum to the Purchase Agreement, OR ☒ Residential Listing Agreement, ☐ Buyer Representation Agreement, ☐ Other _____ ("Agreement"), dated _____,

on property known as 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089
 between _____ ("Buyer/Tenant/Broker")
 and Pinnacle Realty Advisors ("Seller/Landlord/Broker").

1. Check ONE box ONLY. If more than one applies, use separate forms for each.

A. ☐ Multiple Associate-Licensees working with Seller/Landlord;

OR B. ☐ Multiple Associate-Licensees working with Buyer/Tenant;

2. A. The real estate licensees named below are all conducting real estate licensed activity under the same Broker:

Real Estate Broker name: Pinnacle Realty Advisory

If applicable, Team Name: Juliana Lee Team

B. The licensees below have entered into a separate written agreement to share responsibility and compensation for certain real estate licensed activity and have informed Broker of, or given Broker a copy of, that separate written agreement.

C. Agent Juliana Lee DRE Lic # 00851314

Agent Sharon Lee DRE Lic # 01951707

Agent _____ DRE Lic # _____

Agent _____ DRE Lic # _____

Agent _____ DRE Lic # _____

3. By signing below, all parties understand, acknowledge and agree that, wherever the name of any licensee above is indicated in the Agreement or related document, as a representative for the Buyer or Seller specified in 1A or B above, the other licensees shall also be deemed to be named. Seller's Broker and Seller signatures are not necessary if this form is only used to modify a Buyer Representation Agreement. Buyer's Broker and Buyer signatures are not necessary if this form is only used to modify a Listing Agreement.

Buyer/Tenant _____ Date _____

Buyer/Tenant _____ Date _____

Seller/Landlord Daniel J Datta Signed by: _____ Date 4/7/2026
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Seller/Landlord Regina M Datta Signed by: _____ Date 4/1/2026
 06947BF4DC3442C...

Seller's Brokerage Firm Pinnacle Realty Advisors Signed by: _____ DRE Lic. # 02220139

By Sharon Lee DRE Lic. # 01951707 Date 4/1/2026
 61E9A446CD19423...

Buyer's Brokerage Firm _____ DRE Lic. # _____

By _____ DRE Lic. # _____ Date _____

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AAA REVISED 12/21 (PAGE 1 OF 1)



ADDITIONAL AGENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (AAA PAGE 1 OF 1)

JLee Realty, 4260 El Camino Real Palo Alto CA 94306
 Juliana Lee

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Fax: (650) 433-4264

www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,



**PRDS® REAL ESTATE BROKER SQUARE FOOTAGE & LOT SIZE
ADVISORY AND DISCLOSURE
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS**



PROPERTY ADDRESS: **1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**

DIFFERENT SOURCES FOR SQUARE FOOTAGE AND OTHER MEASUREMENTS OF STRUCTURES:

Measurements of structures vary from source to source and that data is often contradictory. There is no one "official" size source or a "standard" method of calculating exterior structure size, interior space or square footage. Appraisers often exclude the thickness of walls, stairwells and laundry rooms to determine "livable" square footage; architects and other floor-plan designer professionals employ a wide variety of methods to calculate the size of improvements while assessors generally use gross, permitted size. Measurements taken by various professionals may not include some "finished" or "unfinished" space and generally exclude known illegal space.

Buyers should not rely on any statements about size in the Multiple Listing Services advertisements or disclosures and should retain their own experts to measure structural size and/or square footage. This is especially important if buyers are using square footage to determine whether or not to purchase the property and/or using a price per square foot to determine purchase price. Price per square foot calculations can vary greatly depending on property location, type of property and amenities; such calculations should not be relied upon by buyers and the accuracy of any such figures should be independently verified by buyers with their own experts including but not limited to a licensed appraiser.

LOT SIZE, DIMENSIONS, CONFIGURATIONS AND BOUNDARIES:

Fences, retaining walls, hedges and other landscaping, watercourses or other natural or man-made structures may not correspond with any legally-defined property boundaries and existing structures or amenities may not be located within the actual property boundaries or local setback requirements. There are sources available which refer to lot size, lot dimensions, location of improvements and property configurations, such as the MLS, advertisements, disclosures, county assessor, recorded maps, developer plans or existing surveys, but that documentation may not be accurate, may not be available and should not be relied upon by buyers for any purpose. If a lot size, boundary lines, property configurations, location of improvements and/or lot dimensions are important to buyers' decision to purchase the Property or the price buyers are willing to pay, buyers should conduct and rely solely upon buyers' own independent investigations. Only a licensed surveyor can accurately determine lot dimensions, boundary locations and acreage for the Property.

Different sources of exterior and/or interior structural size, square footage and/or lot size may include the following sources noted in the chart below by the undersigned Agent (NOTE: Any numbers inserted into the spaces below are approximations only, were taken from the referenced source and other size numbers may exist from other sources):

Source of Information	Structure	Lot	Source of Information	Structure	Lot
Multiple Listing Service:	1,108 Sq Ft	8,000 Sq Ft	Architectural Drawings:		
County Assessor:	1,108 Sq Ft	8,000 Sq Ft	Floor Plan/Drawings:		
Appraisal #1:			Survey:		
Appraisal #2:			Other:		
Condominium Map/Plan:			Other:		

If no numbers are included in the chart above, the undersigned Agent is not aware of any size discrepancies in the structure or lot.

Seller and real estate licensees have not and will not verify the accuracy of any representations regarding acreage, boundary markers, lot dimensions or sizes, location of improvements, square footage numbers, or price per square foot estimates provided by any source. Real estate licensees will NOT be conducting any on-site investigations to determine the existence of any other sources for that information.

The chart above has been completed by:

Broker Name: **Pinnacle Realty Advisors**

Agent Name: **Sharon Lee**

Date: **4/1/2026**

Agent Signature: _____

Signed by:



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The undersigned Seller acknowledges receipt of a copy of this Advisory and confirms that Seller does not have any information or documentation that differs from the information in the above chart.

Date: **4/7/2026**

Seller: _____

Signed by:
Daniel J Datta

B115565A7F2D4CF...

Daniel J Datta

Seller: _____

Signed by:
Regina M Datta

06947BF4DC3442C...

Regina M Datta

I acknowledge receipt of a copy of this Advisory from the above referenced Broker/Agent who completed the chart:

Date: _____ Buyer: _____ Buyer: _____

Broker Name: _____ Agent Name: _____

Date: _____ Agent Signature: _____



**PRDS® REAL ESTATE TRANSFER
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS**



THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONCERNS THE REAL PROPERTY SITUATED IN THE CITY OF Sunnyvale, COUNTY OF Santa Clara, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

DESCRIBED AS 1177 Redrock Ct.. THIS STATEMENT IS A DISCLOSURE OF THE CONDITION OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PROPERTY IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 1102 OF THE CIVIL CODE AS OF (DATE) 02/25/2026. IT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY THE SELLER(S) OR ANY AGENT(S) REPRESENTING ANY PRINCIPAL(S) IN THIS TRANSACTION, AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE PRINCIPAL(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN.

I. COORDINATION WITH OTHER DISCLOSURE FORMS:

This Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement is made pursuant to Section 1102 of the Civil Code. Other statutes require disclosures, depending upon the details of the particular real estate transaction (for example: special study zone and purchase money liens on residential property).

Substituted Disclosures: The following disclosures and other disclosures required by law, including the Natural Hazard Disclosure Report/Statement that may include airport annoyances, earthquake, fire, flood, or special assessment information, have or will be made in connection with this real estate transfer, and are intended to satisfy the disclosure obligations on this form, where the subject matter is the same:

☐ Inspection reports completed pursuant to the contract of sale or receipt for deposit.

☒ Additional inspection reports or disclosures: Property inspection

☐ No substituted disclosures for this transfer.

II. SELLER'S INFORMATION:

The Seller discloses the following information with the knowledge that even though this is not a warranty, prospective Buyers may rely on this information in deciding whether and on what terms to purchase the subject property. Seller hereby authorizes any agent(s) representing any principal(s) in this transaction to provide a copy of this statement to any person or entity in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of the property.

THE FOLLOWING ARE REPRESENTATIONS MADE BY THE SELLER(S) AND ARE NOT THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE AGENT(S), IF ANY. THIS INFORMATION IS A DISCLOSURE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE PART OF ANY CONTRACT BETWEEN THE BUYER AND SELLER.

Seller ☐ is ☒ is not occupying the property.

A. The subject property has the items checked below (read across):*

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Range | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oven | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Microwave |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dishwasher | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Trash Compactor | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Garbage Disposal |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Washer/Dryer Hookups | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Smoke Detector(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rain Gutters |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Burglar Alarms | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Monoxide Device(s)* | <input type="checkbox"/> Fire Alarm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> T.V. Antenna | <input type="checkbox"/> Satellite Dish | <input type="checkbox"/> Intercom |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Central Heating | <input type="checkbox"/> Central Air Conditioning | <input type="checkbox"/> Evaporator Cooler(s) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wall/Window Air Conditioning | <input type="checkbox"/> Sprinklers | <input type="checkbox"/> Public Sewer Systems |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Septic Tank | <input type="checkbox"/> Sump Pump | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Softener |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Patio/Decking | <input type="checkbox"/> Built-in Barbeque | <input type="checkbox"/> Gazebo |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sauna | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hot Tub <input type="checkbox"/> Locking Safety Cover* | <input type="checkbox"/> Pool <input type="checkbox"/> Child Resistant Barrier* | <input type="checkbox"/> Spa <input type="checkbox"/> Locking Safety Cover* |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Security Gate(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatic Garage Door Opener(s)* | <input type="checkbox"/> Number of Remote Controls _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Garage <input type="checkbox"/> Attached | <input type="checkbox"/> Not Attached | <input type="checkbox"/> Carport |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pool/Spa Heater: <input type="checkbox"/> Gas | <input type="checkbox"/> Solar | <input type="checkbox"/> Electric |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Heater: <input type="checkbox"/> Gas | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Heater Anchored, Braced, or Strapped* | <input type="checkbox"/> Private Utility or Other |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Supply: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> City | <input type="checkbox"/> Well | <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gas Supply: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Utility | <input type="checkbox"/> Bottled | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Window Screens | <input type="checkbox"/> Window Security Bars <input type="checkbox"/> Quick Release Mechanism on Bedroom Windows* | |

[*See related note, page 2]

Exhaust Fan(s) in Kitchen 220 Volt Wiring in Garage Fireplace(s) in NA
Gas Starter NA Roof(s): Type Shingle Age: 15 (approx.)
Other: _____

Are there, to the best of your (Seller's) knowledge, any of the above that are not in operating condition? ☐ Yes ☒ No.
If yes, then describe. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.): _____

(* see note on Page 2)

Buyer and Seller acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page.

Seller's Initials (DD) (RD)

Buyer's Initials (____) (____)

Property: 1177 Redrock Ct.

Date 2/25/2026

PRDS® REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- B. Are you (Seller) aware of any significant defects/malfunctions in any of the following? ☐ Yes ☒ No. If yes, check appropriate space(s) below.
- ☐ Interior Walls ☐ Ceilings ☐ Floors ☐ Exterior Walls ☐ Insulation ☐ Roof(s) ☐ Windows ☐ Doors ☐ Foundation ☐ Slab(s)
- ☐ Driveways ☐ Sidewalks ☐ Walls/Fences ☐ Electrical Systems ☐ Plumbing/Sewers/Septics ☐ Other Structural Components
- Describe: _____

If any of the above is checked, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.): _____

*Installation of a listed appliance, device, or amenity is not a precondition of sale or transfer of the dwelling. The carbon monoxide device, garage door opener, or child-resistant pool barrier may not be in compliance with the safety standards relating to, respectively, carbon monoxide device standards of Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 13260) of Part 2 of Division 12 of, automatic reversing device standards of Chapter 12.5 (commencing with Section 19890) of Part 3 of Division 13 of, or the pool safety standards of Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 115920) of Chapter 5 of Part 10 of Division 104 of, the Health and Safety Code. The water heater may not be anchored, braced, or strapped in accordance with Section 19211 of the Health and Safety Code. Window security bars may not have quick-release mechanisms in compliance with the 1995 edition of the California Building Standards Code. Section 1101.4 of the Civil Code requires all single-family residences built on or before January 1, 1984, to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures after January 1, 2017. Additionally, on and after January 1, 2014, a single-family residence built on or before January 1, 1994, that is altered or improved is required to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures as a condition of final approval. Fixtures in this dwelling may not comply with Section 1101.4 of the Civil Code.

C. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following:

1. Substances, materials, or products which may be an environmental hazard such as, but not limited to, asbestos, formaldehyde, radon gas, lead-based paint, mold, fuel or chemical storage tanks, and contaminated soil or water on the subject property ☐ Yes ☒ No
2. Features of the property shared in common with adjoining landowners, such as walls, fences, and driveways, whose use or responsibility for maintenance may have an effect on the subject property ☒ Yes ☐ No
3. Any encroachments, easements or similar matters that may affect your interest in the subject property ... ☐ Yes ☒ No
4. Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits ☐ Yes ☒ No
5. Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs not in compliance with building codes ☐ Yes ☒ No
6. Fill (compacted or otherwise) on the property or any portion thereof ☐ Yes ☒ No
7. Any settling from any cause, or slippage, sliding, or other soil problems ☐ Yes ☒ No
8. Flooding, drainage or grading problems ☐ Yes ☒ No
9. Major damage to the property or any of the structures from fire, earthquake, floods, or landslides ☐ Yes ☒ No
10. Any zoning violations, nonconforming uses, violations of "setback" requirements ☐ Yes ☒ No
11. Neighborhood noise problems or other nuisances ☐ Yes ☒ No
12. CC&R's or other deed restrictions or obligations ☐ Yes ☒ No
13. Homeowners' Association which has any authority over the subject property ☐ Yes ☒ No
14. Any "common area" (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) ☐ Yes ☒ No
15. Any notices of abatement or citations against the property ☐ Yes ☒ No
16. Any lawsuits by or against the Seller threatening to or affecting this real property, claims for damages by the Seller pursuant to Section 910 or 914 threatening to or affecting this real property, claims for breach of warranty pursuant to Section 900 threatening to or affecting this real property, or claims for breach of an enhanced protection agreement pursuant to Section 903 threatening to or affecting this real property, including any lawsuits or claims for damages pursuant to Section 910 or 914 alleging a defect or deficiency in this real property or "common areas" (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) ☒ Yes ☐ No

If the answer to any of these is yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.) C2: Shared fences. C16: Court case, will be removed before COE.

D. Seller Certification:

1. The Seller certifies that the property, as of the close of escrow, will be in compliance with Section 13113.8 of the Health and Safety Code by having operable smoke detector(s) which are approved, listed, and installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations and applicable local standards.
2. The Seller certifies that the property, as of the close of escrow, will be in compliance with Section 19211 of the Health and Safety Code by having the water heater tank(s) braced, anchored, or strapped in place in accordance with applicable law.

Buyer and Seller acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page.

Seller's Initials (DD) (SD)

Buyer's Initials () ()

Property: 1177 Redrock Ct.

Date 2/25/2026

Seller certifies that the information herein is true and correct to the best of the Seller's knowledge as of the date signed by the Seller.

Seller Daniel J Datta

Date 2/25/26

Seller Regina M Datta

Date 2/25/26

III. AGENT'S INSPECTION DISCLOSURE:

(To be completed only if the Seller is represented by an agent in this transaction.)

THE UNDERSIGNED, BASED ON THE ABOVE INQUIRY OF THE SELLER(S) AS TO THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY AND BASED ON A REASONABLY COMPETENT AND DILIGENT VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE ACCESSIBLE AREAS OF THE PROPERTY IN CONJUNCTION WITH THAT INQUIRY, STATES THE FOLLOWING:

- ☐ Agent notes no items for disclosure.
☒ See attached Real Estate Agent's Visual Inspection Disclosure.
☐ Agent notes the following items:

Agent (Broker Representing Seller) Pinnacle Realty Advisors By Sharon Lee Date 4/1/2026
 (Please Print) (Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

Signed by:



61E9A446CD19423...

IV. AGENT'S INSPECTION DISCLOSURE:

(To be completed only if the agent who has obtained the offer is other than the agent above.)

THE UNDERSIGNED, BASED ON A REASONABLY COMPETENT AND DILIGENT VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE ACCESSIBLE AREAS OF THE PROPERTY, STATES THE FOLLOWING:

- ☐ Agent notes no items for disclosure.
☐ See attached Real Estate Agent's Visual Inspection Disclosure.
☐ Agent notes the following items:

Agent (Broker obtaining the Offer) _____ By _____ Date _____
 (Please Print) (Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

V. BUYER(S) AND SELLER(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL ADVICE AND/OR INSPECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY AND TO PROVIDE FOR APPROPRIATE PROVISIONS IN A CONTRACT BETWEEN BUYER(S) AND SELLER(S) WITH RESPECT TO ANY ADVICE/INSPECTIONS/DEFECTS.

I/WE ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS STATEMENT.

Seller Daniel J Datta Date 2/25/26 Buyer _____ Date _____

Seller Regina M Datta Date 2/25/26 Buyer _____ Date _____

Agent (Broker Representing Seller) Pinnacle Realty Advisors By Sharon Lee Date 4/1/2026
 (Please Print) (Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

Signed by:



61E9A446CD19423...

Agent (Broker obtaining the Offer) _____ By _____ Date _____
 (Please Print) (Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

SECTION 1102.3 OF THE CIVIL CODE PROVIDES A BUYER WITH THE RIGHT TO RESCIND A PURCHASE CONTRACT FOR AT LEAST THREE DAYS AFTER THE DELIVERY OF THIS DISCLOSURE IF DELIVERY OCCURS AFTER THE SIGNING OF AN OFFER TO PURCHASE. IF YOU WISH TO RESCIND THE CONTRACT, YOU MUST ACT WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED PERIOD.

A REAL ESTATE BROKER IS QUALIFIED TO ADVISE ON REAL ESTATE. IF YOU DESIRE LEGAL ADVICE, CONSULT YOUR ATTORNEY.

NOTE: EXEMPT TRANSFERS (TDS not required) include, but are not limited to, the following: transfers by a fiduciary of a decedent's trust or estate; transfers by foreclosure of trustee's sale or by deed in lieu of foreclosure; transfers to a spouse or a direct blood relative; transfers among co-owners; transfers requiring a "public report" (Bus. & Prof Code § 11018.1) or pursuant to Bus. & Prof Code § 11010.4.



SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE

(C.A.R. Form SPQ, Revised 12/25)

This form is not a substitute for the Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement (TDS). It is used by the Seller to provide additional information when a TDS is completed. If Seller is exempt from completing a TDS, Seller should complete an Exempt Seller Disclosure (C.A.R. Form ESD) or may use this form instead:

NOTE TO SELLER: YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO CAREFULLY REVIEW THE DISCLOSURE INFORMATION ADVISORY (C.A.R. Form DIA) BEFORE YOU COMPLETE THIS SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE. ALL SELLERS OF CALIFORNIA REAL PROPERTY ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE VARIOUS DISCLOSURES, EITHER BY CONTRACT, OR BY STATUTE OR CASE LAW. MANY DISCLOSURES MUST BE MADE WITHIN CERTAIN TIME LIMITS. TIMELY AND THOROUGH DISCLOSURES HELP TO REDUCE DISPUTES AND FACILITATE A SMOOTH SALES TRANSACTION.

Seller makes the following disclosures with regard to the real property or manufactured home described as 1177 Redrock Ct.

situated in Sunnyvale, County of Santa Clara California ("Property"). Assessor's Parcel No. _____

☐ This property is a duplex, triplex or fourplex. A SPQ is required for all units. This SPQ is for ALL units (or ☐ only unit(s) _____).

1. **Disclosure Limitation:** The following are representations made by the Seller and are not the representations of the Agent(s), if any. This disclosure statement is not a warranty of any kind by the Seller or any agents(s) and is not a substitute for any inspections or warranties the principal(s) may wish to obtain. This disclosure is not intended to be part of the contract between Buyer and Seller. Unless otherwise specified in writing, Broker and any real estate licensee or other person working with or through Broker has not verified information provided by Seller. A real estate broker is qualified to advise on real estate transactions. If Seller or Buyer desires legal advice, they should consult an attorney.

2. **Note to Seller, PURPOSE:** To tell the Buyer about known material or significant items affecting the value or desirability of the Property and help to eliminate misunderstandings about the condition of the Property.

- Answer based on actual knowledge and recollection at this time.
- Something that you do not consider material or significant may be perceived differently by a Buyer.
- Think about what you would want to know if you were buying the Property today.
- Read the questions carefully and take your time.
- If you do not understand how to answer a question, or what to disclose or how to make a disclosure in response to a question, whether on this form or a TDS, you should consult a real estate attorney in California of your choosing. A broker cannot answer the questions for you or advise you on the legal sufficiency of any answers or disclosures you provide.

3. **Note to Buyer, PURPOSE:** To give you more information about known material or significant items affecting the value or desirability of the Property and help to eliminate misunderstandings about the condition of the Property.

- Something that may be material or significant to you may not be perceived the same way by the Seller.
- If something is important to you, be sure to put your concerns and questions in writing (C.A.R. Form BMI).
- Sellers can only disclose what they actually know. Seller may not know about all material or significant items.
- Seller's disclosures are not a substitute for your own investigations, personal judgments or common sense.

4. **SELLER AWARENESS:** For each statement below, answer the question "Are you (Seller) aware of..." by checking either "Yes" or "No." A "Yes" answer is appropriate no matter how long ago the item being asked about happened or was documented unless otherwise specified. Explain any "Yes" answers in the space provided or attach additional comments and check paragraph 19.

5. **DOCUMENTS:** ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

Reports, inspections, disclosures, warranties, maintenance recommendations, estimates, studies, surveys or other documents (whether prepared in the past or present, including any previous transaction, and whether or not Seller acted upon the item), pertaining to (i) the condition or repair of the Property or any improvement on this Property in the past, now or proposed; or (ii) easements, encroachments or boundary disputes affecting the Property whether oral or in writing and whether or not provided to the Seller

Note: If yes, provide any such documents in your possession to Buyer. Receipt for Reports (C.A.R. Form RFR) may be used to list such documents.

Explanation: _____

6. **STATUTORILY OR CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED OR RELATED:**

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Within the last 3 years, the death of an occupant of the Property upon the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
(Note to Seller: The manner of death may be a material fact to the Buyer, and should be disclosed, except for a death by HIV/AIDS.)

- B. An Order from a government health official identifying the Property as being contaminated by methamphetamine. (If yes, attach a copy of the Order.) ☐ Yes ☒ No

- C. The release of an illegal controlled substance on or beneath the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No

- D. Whether the Property is located in or adjacent to an "industrial use" zone ☐ Yes ☒ No
(In general, a zone or district allowing manufacturing, commercial or airport uses.)

- E. Whether the Property is affected by a nuisance created by an "industrial use" zone ☐ Yes ☒ No

- F. Whether the Property is located within 1 mile of a former federal or state ordnance location ☐ Yes ☒ No
(In general, an area once used for military training purposes that may contain potentially explosive munitions.)

- G. Whether the Property is (i) a condominium or (ii) located in a planned unit development or (iii) other common interest subdivision (see paragraph 14 for more disclosures) ☐ Yes ☒ No

- H. Insurance claims affecting the Property within the past 5 years ☐ Yes ☒ No

- I. Matters affecting title of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No

- J. Plumbing fixtures on the Property that are non-compliant plumbing fixtures as defined by Civil Code § 1101.3 ☐ Yes ☒ No

- K. Any inspection reports on any exterior balconies, stairways or other "Elevated Elements" on buildings with 3 or more units on the Property prepared within the last 6 years, or 9 years for condominiums ☐ Yes ☒ No
(See C.A.R. Form WBSA for more information)

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SPQ REVISED 12/25 (PAGE 1 OF 4)

Buyer's Initials _____

Seller's Initials DD RS



SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE (SPQ PAGE 1 OF 4)

JLee Realty, 4260 El Camino Real Palo Alto CA 94306
Juliana Lee

Produced with Lona Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201

Phone: (650) 571-0000

Fax: (650) 433-4264

1177 Redrock Ct.

www.jwolf.com

Property Address: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089

- L. Material facts or defects affecting the Property not otherwise disclosed to Buyer ☐ Yes ☒ No
 Explanation, or ☐ (if checked) see attached;

7. REPAIRS AND ALTERATIONS:

- A. Any alterations, modifications, replacements, improvements, remodeling or material repairs on the Property ☒ Yes ☐ No
 (including those resulting from Home Warranty claims)
 B. Any alterations, modifications, replacements, improvements, remodeling, or material repairs to the Property done for the purpose of energy or water efficiency improvement or renewable energy? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 C. Ongoing or recurring maintenance on the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (for example, drain or sewer clean-out, tree or pest control service)
 D. Any part of the Property being painted within the past 12 months ☐ Yes ☒ No
 E. Whether the Property was built before 1978 (if No, leave (1) and (2) blank) ☒ Yes ☐ No
 (1) If yes, whether any renovations (i.e., sanding, cutting, demolition) of lead-based paint surfaces started or completed (if No, leave (2) blank) ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (2) If yes to (1), whether such renovations done in compliance with the Environmental Protection Agency Lead-Based Paint Renovation Rule ☐ Yes ☒ No
 F. Whether you acquired the property within 18 months of accepting an offer to sell it ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (1) If yes, have any room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs (collectively "Improvements") been performed by a contractor while you have owned the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No

Note 1: If yes to F(1), Seller shall provide in the Explanation below: (i) a list of such Improvements and (ii) the name and contact information for each contractor who performed services of \$1,000 or more.

Note 2: If yes to F(1), Seller shall provide in the Explanation below (i) a list of those Improvements for which Seller has obtained permits, and Seller shall attach copies of those permits to this SPQ, and (ii) for those Improvements for which Seller does not have a permit, Seller shall include a statement identifying those Improvements stating that Seller was not provided permits by the third party making the Improvement, and providing the contact information for such third parties from whom the Buyer may obtain those permits.

Explanation, or ☐ (if checked) see attached: FA kitchen remodeling. Fireplace was removed w/o permit.

8. STRUCTURAL, SYSTEMS AND APPLIANCES:**ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Defects in any of the following (including past defects that have been repaired): heating, air conditioning, electrical, plumbing (including the presence of polybutylene pipes), water, sewer, waste disposal or septic system, sump pumps, well, roof, gutters, chimney, fireplace, foundation, crawl space, attic, soil, grading, drainage, retaining walls, interior or exterior doors, windows, walls, ceilings, floors or appliances ☐ Yes ☒ No
 B. The existence of a solar power system (if yes, Seller to provide C.A.R. Form SOLAR) ☐ Yes ☒ No
 C. The leasing of any of the following on or serving the Property: solar power system, water softener system, water purifier system, alarm system, or propane tank(s) ☐ Yes ☒ No
 D. An alternative septic system on or serving the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 E. Whether any structure on the Property other than the main improvement is used as a dwelling ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (1) If Yes to E, whether there are separate utilities and meters for the dwelling ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (2) If Yes to E, whether the dwelling received a permit or other government approval as an Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation:

9. DISASTER RELIEF, INSURANCE OR CIVIL SETTLEMENT:**ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Financial relief or assistance, insurance or settlement, sought or received, from any federal, state, local or private agency, insurer or private party, by past or present owners of the Property, due to any actual or alleged damage to the Property arising from a flood, earthquake, fire, other disaster, or occurrence or defect, whether or not any money received was actually used to make repairs ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, was federal flood disaster assistance conditioned upon obtaining and maintaining flood insurance on the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (NOTE: If the assistance was conditioned upon maintaining flood insurance, Buyer is informed that federal law, 42 USC 5154a requires Buyer to maintain such insurance on the Property and if it is not, and the Property is damaged by a flood disaster, Buyer may be required to reimburse the federal government for the disaster relief provided.)
 B. Receiving domestic water storage tank assistance pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code or whether the real property ever received such assistance and the real property currently still has the domestic storage tank ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, the following disclosure is made: (1) This property has a domestic water storage tank provided by a county, community water system, local public agency, or nonprofit organization, pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code. (2) The domestic water storage tank was made available to households that had a private water well that had gone dry, or had been destroyed due to drought, wildfire, other natural disasters, or was otherwise nonfunctioning. (3) The domestic water storage tank provided pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code might not convey with the real property. (4) Due to the water well issues that led to this property obtaining assistance pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code, the buyer is advised to have an inspection of the water well and to have a professional evaluate the availability of water to the property to ensure it suits the purposes for which the buyer is purchasing the property.

Explanation:

10. WATER-RELATED AND MOLD ISSUES:**ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Water intrusion, whether past or present, into any part of any physical structure on the Property; leaks from or in any appliance, pipe, slab or roof; standing water, drainage, flooding, underground water, moisture, water-related soil settling or slippage, on or affecting the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 B. Any problem with or infestation of mold, mildew, fungus or spores, past or present, on or affecting the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 C. Rivers, streams, flood channels, underground springs, high watertable, floods, or tides, on or affecting the Property or neighborhood ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation:



Property Address: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**11. PETS, ANIMALS AND PESTS:****ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Past or present pets on or in the Property ☒ Yes ☐ No
- B. Past or present problems with livestock, wildlife, insects or pests on or in the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Past or present odors, urine, feces, discoloration, stains, spots or damage in the Property, due to any of the above ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Past or present treatment or eradication of pests or odors, or repair of damage due to any of the above ☐ Yes ☒ No

If so, when and by whom

Explanation: #11A One dog - Outside dogInitial DDInitial Berna Jalle**12. BOUNDARIES, ACCESS AND PROPERTY USE BY OTHERS:****ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Surveys, easements, encroachments or boundary disputes ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Use or access to the Property, or any part of it, by anyone other than you, with or without permission, for any purpose, including but not limited to, using or maintaining roads, driveways or other forms of ingress or egress or other travel or drainage ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Use of any neighboring property by you ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation:

13. LANDSCAPING, POOL AND SPA:**ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Diseases or infestations affecting trees, plants or vegetation on or near the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Operational sprinklers on the Property ☒ Yes ☐ No
- (1) If yes, are they ☒ automatic or ☐ manually operated.
- (2) If yes, are there any areas with trees, plants or vegetation not covered by the sprinkler system ☐ Yes ☐ No
- C. A pool heater on the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- If yes, is it operational? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- D. A spa heater on the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- If yes, is it operational? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- E. Past or present defects, leaks, cracks, repairs or other problems with the sprinklers, pool, spa, waterfall, pond stream, drainage or other water-related decor including any ancillary equipment, including pumps, filters, heaters and cleaning systems, even if repaired ☒ Yes ☐ No

Explanation: not in use**14. CONDOMINIUMS, COMMON INTEREST DEVELOPMENTS AND OTHER SUBDIVISIONS (AND ANY OTHER PROPERTIES FOR WHICH ANY PARAGRAPH A-F APPLIES): (IF APPLICABLE)****ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Property being: (i) a condominium; (ii) being located in a planned unit development or; (iii) being located in a common interest subdivision ☐ Yes ☐ No
- B. Any Homeowners' Association (HOA) which has any authority over the subject property ☐ Yes ☐ No
- C. Any "common area" (facilities such as pools, fitness centers, walkways, conference rooms, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) ☐ Yes ☐ No
- D. CC&R's or other deed restrictions or obligations ☐ Yes ☐ No
- E. Any pending or proposed dues increases, special assessments, rules changes, insurance availability issues, or litigation by or against or fines or violations issued by a Homeowner Association or Architectural Committee affecting the Property ☐ Yes ☐ No
- F. CC&R's or other deed restrictions or obligations or any HOA Committee that has authority over improvements made on or to the Property ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (1) If Yes to F, any improvements made on or to the Property inconsistent with any declaration of restrictions or HOA Committee requirement ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (2) If Yes to F, any improvements made on or to the Property without the required approval of an HOA Committee ☐ Yes ☐ No

Explanation:

15. TITLE, OWNERSHIP, LIENS, AND LEGAL CLAIMS:**ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...**

- A. Other than the Seller signing this form, any other person or entity with an ownership interest ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Leases, options or claims affecting or relating to title or use of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Past, present, pending or threatened lawsuits, settlements, mediations, arbitrations, tax liens, mechanics liens, notice of default, bankruptcy or other court filings, or government hearings affecting or relating to the Property, Homeowner Association or neighborhood ☒ Yes ☐ No
- D. Features of the property shared in common with adjoining landowners, such as walls, fences and driveways, whose use or responsibility for maintenance may have an effect on the subject property ☒ Yes ☐ No
- E. Any encroachments, easements, boundary disputes, or similar matters that may affect your interest in the subject property, whether in writing or not ☐ Yes ☒ No
- F. Any private transfer fees, triggered by a sale of the Property, in favor of private parties, charitable organizations, interest based groups or any other person or entity ☐ Yes ☒ No
- G. Any PACE lien (such as HERO or SCEIP) or other lien on your Property securing a loan to pay for an alteration, modification, replacement, improvement, remodel or material repair of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- H. The cost of any alteration, modification, replacement, improvement, remodel or material repair of the Property being paid by an assessment on the Property tax bill ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation: #15C court case that'll be removed by CIB. #15D shared fences

Property Address: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089

16. NEIGHBORS/NEIGHBORHOOD:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Neighborhood noise, nuisance or other problems from sources such as, but not limited to, the following: Neighbors, traffic, parking congestion, airplanes, trains, light rail, subway, trucks, freeways, buses, schools, parks, refuse storage or landfill processing, agricultural operations, business, odor, recreational facilities, restaurants, entertainment complexes or facilities, parades, sporting events, fairs, neighborhood parties, litter, construction, air conditioning equipment, air compressors, generators, pool equipment or appliances, underground gas pipelines, cell phone towers, high voltage transmission lines, or wildlife ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Any past or present disputes or issues with a neighbor which might impact the use, development and enjoyment of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Explanation: _____

17. GOVERNMENTAL:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Ongoing or contemplated eminent domain, condemnation, annexation or change in zoning or general plan that applies to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Existence or pendency of any rent control, occupancy restrictions, improvement restrictions or retrofit requirements that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Existing or contemplated building or use moratoria that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Any state or local requirements or restrictions relating to the future replacement of existing gas-powered appliances that are being transferred with the property. Gas-powered appliances include, but are not limited to, appliances fueled by natural gas or liquid propane ☐ Yes ☒ No
- E. Current or proposed bonds, assessments, or fees that do not appear on the Property tax bill that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- F. Proposed construction, reconfiguration, or closure of nearby Government facilities or amenities such as schools, parks, roadways and traffic signals ☐ Yes ☒ No
- G. Existing or proposed Government requirements affecting the Property (i) that tall grass, brush or other vegetation be cleared; (ii) that restrict tree (or other landscaping) planting, removal or cutting or (iii) that flammable materials be removed ☐ Yes ☒ No
- H. Any protected habitat for plants, trees, animals or insects that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- I. Whether the Property is historically designated or falls within an existing or proposed Historic District ☐ Yes ☒ No
- J. Any water surcharges or penalties being imposed by a public or private water supplier, agency or utility; or restrictions or prohibitions on wells or other ground water supplies ☐ Yes ☒ No
- K. Any differences between the name of the city in the postal/mailling address and the city which has jurisdiction over the property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Explanation: _____

18. OTHER:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Any occupant of the Property smoking or vaping any substance on or in the Property, whether past or present ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Any residue, which may be indicated by smell or test results, from smoking tobacco or nicotine products, which includes the use of an electronic cigarette or vape device ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Any use of the Property for, or any alterations, modifications, improvements, remodeling or material change to the Property due to, cannabis cultivation or growth ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Whether the Property was originally constructed as a Manufactured or Mobile home ☐ Yes ☒ No
- E. Whether the property is tenant occupied ☐ Yes ☒ No
- F. Whether the Property was previously tenant occupied even if vacant now ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, disclose if you know the method or manner of how the tenancy ended.
Explanation: #18 F: property was tenant occupied until Jan 30, 2026. Tenancy ended well, lease was month-to-month.

19. MATERIAL FACTS:

- A. Any past or present known material facts or other significant items affecting the value or desirability of the Property not otherwise disclosed to Buyer ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. ☐ (IF CHECKED) ADDITIONAL COMMENTS: The attached addendum contains an explanation or additional comments in response to specific questions answered "yes" above. Refer to line and question number in explanation.
- Explanation: _____

Seller represents that Seller has provided the answers and, if any, explanations and comments on this form and any attached addenda and that such information is true and correct to the best of Seller's knowledge as of the date signed by Seller. Seller acknowledges (i) Seller's obligation to disclose information requested by this form is independent from any duty of disclosure that a real estate licensee may have in this transaction; and (ii) nothing that any such real estate licensee does or says to Seller relieves Seller from his/her own duty of disclosure.

Seller Daniel J Datta
Seller Regina M Datta

Daniel J Datta Date 2/25/26
Regina M Datta Date 2/25/26

By signing below, Buyer acknowledges that Buyer has read, understands and has received a copy of this Seller Property Questionnaire form.

Buyer _____ Date _____
Buyer _____ Date _____

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SPQ REVISED 12/25 (PAGE 4 OF 4)

SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE (SPQ PAGE 4 OF 4)

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwof.com

1177 Redrock Ct.





www.prdsforms.com

PRDS® REAL ESTATE AGENT'S
VISUAL INSPECTION DISCLOSURE
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



Property inspected: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089 ("Property").

Inspection performed by ☒ Listing Agent ☐ Buyer's Agent Sharon Lee

of Pinnacle Realty Advisors (Brokerage Company)

Date of inspection: February 1, 2026 Weather conditions: Sunny and clear

California Civil Code Section 2079, et seq., requires that the Listing agent and the Buyer's agent conduct a competent, diligent, visual inspection of the accessible areas of the real property for sale. The real estate agent must disclose the results of that visual inspection to Buyer. This duty applies whether the real estate agent represents Seller and/or Buyer. The real estate agent's duty includes an inspection of all aspects of the Property that are reasonably visible and accessible at the time of the inspection, both inside and outside of the residential structure(s).

The duty does not, however, require an inspection of the following:

- Areas that are off-site of the Property or in the surrounding neighborhood;
- Common areas of any common interest developments such as condominiums, planned unit developments and stock cooperatives;
- Public records, including zoning and permit files and/or records, maintained by any other person or entity.

The real estate agent's inspection and disclosure is not the equivalent of, nor is it a substitute for, inspections by qualified professionals. Buyer is strongly encouraged to conduct additional/further investigations and inspections regarding any issues or concerns raised in any advisories, disclosures, inspections or reports received by Buyer from any source including, but not limited to, the real estate agents involved in this transaction.

AGENT'S VISUAL INSPECTION DISCLOSURE (attach additional pages if necessary)

A. EXTERIOR:

1. FRONT Front gate is tight.
2. LEFT SIDE FROM STREET (if accessible) Shared fence.
3. RIGHT SIDE FROM STREET (if accessible) Shared fence.
4. BACK Trees near the fence. Electrical wire goes through neighbor's tree.

B. OTHER STRUCTURES: _____

C. INTERIOR:

1. FRONT ENTRY: Crack on the window next to the front door.
2. LIVING ROOM: Cracks on walls and uneven paint. Wall heater unit is not attached to the wall completely. Chipped and soft spots on floor.
3. DINING ROOM: Combined with kitchen
4. KITCHEN: Lower left stove burner didn't light at the time of my inspection.
5. FAMILY ROOM: N/A

Buyer's Initials (_____) (_____)

Seller's Initials (DVD) (Sharon Lee)

Property: **1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**

Date: **February 28, 2026**


6. HALL/STAIRS: **Crack on ceiling. Uneven paint. Chipped paint.**
7. BEDROOM 1: **Uneven paint on the walls and nail holes on the walls. Marks and chipped paint on the door. Chipped paint on baseboard and door frames.**
8. BEDROOM 2: **Uneven paint on the walls. Chipped paint on baseboard and door frames.**
9. BEDROOM 3: **Uneven paint on the walls. Chipped paint on baseboard and door frames. Dark spots inside the closet.**
10. BEDROOM 4: **N/A**
11. BATHROOM 1: **Dark tile grout. No bathroom vent.**
12. BATHROOM 2: **Dark tile grout. No bathroom vent. Toilet level is broken. Discolored paint near light switch. Cracked paint on cabinet door.**
13. BATHROOM 3: **N/A**
14. OTHER ROOM: **N/A**
15. OTHER ROOM: **N/A**
16. OTHER ROOM: **N/A**
17. BASEMENT: **N/A**
18. GARAGE/PARKING: **Sellers don't have the code to the lockbox that is hanging on the door knob.**
- D. OTHER OBSERVATIONS: **Property was tenant occupied until Feb. 1st, 2026.**

Prepared by:

Broker Company representing ☒ Seller ☐ Buyer: **Pinnacle Realty Advisors**

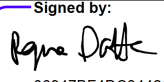
Date **4/1/2026** by **Sharon Lee**


(Print Real Estate Agent Name)

Signed by: 
(Name of Real Estate Brokerage)
(Real Estate Agent or Broker Signature)

Receipt of this form completed by the above-referenced real estate agent/broker is hereby acknowledged.

Buyer _____ Date _____ Buyer _____ Date _____

Seller  Date **4/1/2026**
Daniel J Datta
06947BF4DC3442C...

Seller  Date **4/7/2026**
Regina M Datta
B115565A7F2D4CF...

Broker Company representing ☐ Seller ☒ Buyer: _____

(Name of Real Estate Brokerage)

Date _____ by _____
(Print Real Estate Agent Name)

(Real Estate Agent or Broker Signature)

AVID ADDENDUM

Following disclosure and/or advisory items mentioned below may or may not apply to your property.

Square footage for lot size and home may vary from source to source for the same property and can be incorrect from reliable sources such as county records. If square footage is important such as for purposes of remodeling or expansion, Buyer is advised to seek professional measurement from an appraiser or surveyor.

Buyer to consult school district to confirm school attendance boundaries or availability. Some school districts cannot guaranty attendance, especially Kindergarten, at the closest school.

Neighborhood noise may vary from day to day and at different times during the day or night. Buyer is advised to research noise and traffic conditions across different time periods and consult neighbors for additional information.

To have a complete picture of the neighborhood dynamics, buyers shall explore the area thoroughly by speak with neighbors, and reach out to local authorities or community organization for further insights.

Airplane flight patterns change during various weather conditions.

The property was recently painted. There is no way to assess what pre-existing conditions have been possibly painted over.

Buyer is advised that some windows/screens and doors may stick or not operate smoothly. Buyer to investigate.

Buyer is advised that when Seller vacates property the paint on some walls may not match areas that were covered by pictures, mirrors, flat screen television screens, etc. due to wear and weathering. Such conditions may not have been inspected. Additionally nail holes may be patched and paint touched up that does not match perfectly. Sometimes entire walls may need to be repainted to avoid mismatching. Buyer may want to address in contract offer.

Closets and garage storage/boxes/shelving may hide conditions undetected by inspections.

Property inspections and or structural pest reports may not be able to inspect inaccessible areas which upon Seller vacating property may reveal conditions that while not known to Seller may be of concern to Buyers.

Area rugs over hardwood floors may similarly create mismatched areas that were covered or may reveal worn conditions likewise not known to seller. Carpeting may be covering old flooring such as linoleum whose chemical content may be unknown.

Even where a home inspection has been done not all appliance defects, window covering functioning, cracks, scratches, worn areas, etc. may be uncovered.

Landscaping is to be maintained by Seller but in the event Seller vacated the property before close of escrow or Buyer does not occupy right after close of escrow, Buyer should address and/or secure the

services of professional gardening services. In drought conditions watering concerns may need to be addressed by Buyer.


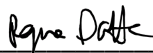
Where property is located near train tracks train whistles may be heard as trains cross intersections are various times of day/night.

Cities and towns keep local crime rate statistics. Buyer advised to consult if of concern.

Common statements:

- *Stain under kitchen or bathroom sink. Buyer to assess if any ongoing conditions or concerns are present.
- *Cracks in driveway or pathways were noted. Buyer to assess safety concerns of said condition.
- *Buyers agent/Broker do not check city/County building records for appropriate permits or code compliance. If such concerns are of importance to Buyer, Buyer should consult with staff of those departments to review the individual file for said property.
- * Buyer to assess safety concerns for said property as it relates to young children.

Buyer and seller have acknowledged, read, and received a copy of the AVID addendum.

Seller:	<div>Signed by:  B415566A7F2D4CF...</div>	Date: 4/7/2026
Seller:	<div>Signed by:  06947BF4DC3442C...</div>	Date: 4/1/2026
Buyer:		Date:
Buyer:		Date:



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PRDS® LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS DISCLOSURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



This Disclosure applies to the Real Estate ☒ Purchase ☐ Lease/Rental Contract ("Contract ") for 1177 Redrock Ct.

City of Sunnyvale County of Santa Clara, California ("Property ").

LEAD WARNING STATEMENT

PURCHASE AND SALE: Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

LEASE: Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, landlords must disclose the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Tenants must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

1. SELLER/LANDLORD DISCLOSURE

- Seller/Landlord has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards at the Property other than as follows: _____ (use additional sheet, if necessary)
- Seller/Landlord has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards at the Property that have been received by Buyer/Tenant or are provided as an attachment (please list reports), other than as follows: _____ (use additional sheet, if necessary)
- Buyer/Tenant has received, or is receiving as an attachment hereto, the pamphlet "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home" or an equivalent booklet approved for Federal and State use.
- Sales Transactions Only: Buyer shall have ten days from Acceptance (unless otherwise agreed in the Contract) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards before becoming obligated to purchase the Property.

I (we) have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of my (our) knowledge, that the information provided is true and correct.

Date: 4/7/2026 Seller/Landlord: Daniel J Datta Signed by: Daniel J Datta (PRINTED NAME)
 Date: 4/1/2026 Seller/Landlord: Regina M Datta (SIGNATURE) Regina M Datta (PRINTED NAME)
 (SIGNATURE) 06947BF4DC3442C...

2. ACKNOWLEDGMENT BY AGENT FOR SELLER/LANDLORD

Agent has informed Seller/Landlord of Seller's/Landlord's obligations under 42 U.S.C. §4852(d) and is aware of said Agent's duty to ensure compliance.

I have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided is true and correct.

Date: 4/1/2026 Seller's/Landlord's Agent: Sharon Lee Signed by: Sharon Lee (PRINTED NAME)
 Print Name: Sharon Lee Company Name: Pinnacle Realty Advisors
 (SIGNATURE) 61E9A446CD19428

3. BUYER/TENANT ACKNOWLEDGMENT

- I (we) have received the "Lead Warning Statement" above.
- I (we) have received the pamphlet "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home" or an equivalent pamphlet approved for Federal and State use.
- Sales Transactions Only: Buyer acknowledges a right (exercisable within ten days of Acceptance, unless otherwise agreed in the Contract) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards before becoming obligated to purchase the Property.

I (we) have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of my (our) knowledge, that the information provided is true and correct.

Date: _____ Buyer/Tenant: _____ (SIGNATURE) _____ (PRINTED NAME)
 Date: _____ Buyer/Tenant: _____ (SIGNATURE) _____ (PRINTED NAME)

4. ACKNOWLEDGMENT BY AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT

Agent has informed Seller/Landlord (through Seller's/Landlord's Agent, if the Property is listed), of Seller's/Landlord's obligations under 42 U.S.C. §4852(d) and is aware of the duty of Agent for Buyer/Tenant to ensure compliance.

I have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided is true and correct.

Date: _____ Buyer's/Tenant's Agent: _____ (SIGNATURE)
 Print Name: _____ Company Name: _____



**PRDS® CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH WATER HEATER,
SMOKE ALARM AND CARBON MONOXIDE DEVICE REQUIREMENTS**
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



Property: **1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**

WATER HEATER COMPLIANCE

For purposes of reducing the serious threat of fire, explosion or electrocution resulting from water heaters that may overturn or suffer damage in an earthquake, California Health and Safety Code sections 19211 and 19212 require that all water heaters, whether new or old, be braced, anchored or strapped to resist falling or horizontal displacement due to seismic motion. There are no exceptions to this requirement. Compliance must be certified at the point of transfer of title or at the commencement of the Lease.

While the California Plumbing Code provides specific guidance as to the manner and means of securing water heaters, Seller/Owner is advised that different or additional requirements may be imposed by local ordinance. Seller/Owner is, therefore, encouraged to inquire of local code enforcement officers in regard thereto and to engage a competent plumber or other building professional to undertake any needed action and to assure compliance.

Seller/Owner hereby certifies that the Property is presently in compliance, or by close of escrow or at the commencement of the Lease shall have been brought into compliance, with the above-referenced requirements regarding water heater bracing, anchoring and strapping.

Date: 4/7/2026

Signed by: _____
Daniel J Datta
 Seller/Owner: _____
Daniel J Datta

Signed by: _____
Regina Datta
 Seller/Owner: _____
Regina M Datta

SMOKE ALARM AND CARBON MONOXIDE DEVICE COMPLIANCE

Dwelling units (including, without limitation, single family residences) intended for human occupancy are, upon transfer of title (or in the case of a lease), required to be equipped with operable smoke alarm(s) and, as of July 1, 2011, carbon monoxide device(s) of the type and in a manner specified by the State Fire Marshall. Compliance must be certified by close of escrow or at commencement of the lease. California Health & Safety Code section 13113.7 and 13260, et seq. Local ordinances and building codes may add additional requirements and should be consulted as to where (i.e., what placement within sleeping areas, hallways leading to sleeping areas, within staircases, etc.) smoke detector(s) and carbon monoxide device(s) should be located for optimal performance and for full code compliance.

Seller/Owner hereby certifies that the Property is presently in compliance, or by close of escrow or at the commencement of the Lease shall have been brought into compliance, with the above-referenced requirements regarding the installation of operable smoke alarms and carbon monoxide devices.

Date: 4/7/2026

Signed by: _____
Daniel J Datta
 Seller/Owner: _____
Daniel J Datta

Signed by: _____
Regina Datta
 Seller/Owner: _____
Regina M Datta

Buyer/Tenant hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the above certification(s).

Date: _____

Buyer/Tenant: _____

Buyer/Tenant: _____



**PRDS® ADVISORY REGARDING MARKET CONDITIONS,
MULTIPLE AND NON-CONTINGENT OFFERS,
FINANCING/APPRaisal AND PROPERTY CONDITION**

DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



The residential real estate market is, and historically has been, cyclical. Bay Area housing values have experienced repeated up-turns - - with extraordinary price increases in some cases - - and down-turns, where home sale prices descend, in some cases dramatically. Factors contributing to these home price swings include national and local economic conditions and business cycles, and especially the significant and sometimes immediate influence that business advances and declines related to high-tech, bio-tech and other business enterprises exert on the housing sector. Beyond that, the fact that Bay Area housing demand often exceeds housing supply furnishes another important explanation for occasionally intense competition for limited housing stock. Your real estate agent cannot predict market swings, and whether and to what extent real property purchased today will, in the future, appreciate or depreciate in value. In view of these real estate price dynamics, the parties to the Purchase Contract herein are advised of the following:

1. Multiple Offers and Fair Market Value: When it comes to residential housing offered for sale, this persistent imbalance of inventory and demand can give rise to "multiple offer" situations, wherein two or more sets of prospective buyers compete - - sometimes fiercely - - for the same property. Vigorous competition can drive a sales price well above asking price and, for that matter, substantially above a figure that would realistically be considered "fair market value". One peril for the Buyer in such a setting is that an artificially high purchase price can compound the economic consequences of a Buyer's need to sell the property before it has an opportunity to appreciate (if it will at all) to a level reflecting the actual purchase price, thus resulting in the possibility of a net loss to Buyer at time of sale.
2. Financing and Appraisal Issues and Risks: Another peril for a Buyer who has "won" such a bidding competition can include inability or difficulty obtaining financing from a lender whose objectively derived appraisal cannot support the actual price paid. A lender's decision to approve of a Buyer as borrower takes into account an evaluation both of Buyer's creditworthiness, i.e., the prospects for the Buyer's ability to continuously make mortgage payments and appraisal, i.e., an objective fair market valuation of the property.

Where the subject property is appraised at a price considerably below the actual purchase price, the lender will typically decline to make the loan unless the Buyer is willing to provide enough increased down payment to cover the difference between the loan amount applied for and the amount the lender (once in receipt of the appraisal) is ultimately willing to lend. This increased down payment requirement can be substantial and, depending on financing contingency status, Buyer's inability to bring in that increased amount may expose Buyer to forfeiture of his deposit, or worse. (It bears noting that, where the Liquidated Damages clause is not made a part of the purchase contract, the economic exposure to a defaulting Buyer has no limit or "cap".)

Another financing-related risk arises where a Buyer with a loan contingency is putting such a substantial amount of money down that, even with an appraisal far below the Buyer's purchase price, the lender is still willing to lend on strength of an auspicious loan-to-value ratio. The "risk," therefore, lies in Buyer's contractual obligation to proceed with removal of the financing contingency (even though the property didn't "appraise out" and Buyer feels he paid too much for the property), all because the lender is indeed willing to lend.

Buyer's Initials () ()

Seller's Initials (DJD) (KM)

PRDS® ADVISORY REGARDING MARKET CONDITIONS, MULTIPLE AND NON-CONTINGENT OFFERS, FINANCING/APPRAISAL AND PROPERTY CONDITION (Page 2 of 2)

3. Non-contingent Offers; Associated Risks: A contingency is a contractual condition (e.g., Buyer's approval of the physical condition of the Property) based upon which a Buyer, acting in good faith, can elect to not proceed with the transaction and can recover, without penalty or sanction, Buyer's deposit. Financing, property condition, insurance, title and other contingencies stand as important protections to a Buyer. Accordingly, a Buyer whose offer is fully "non-contingent" - - wherein all contingencies are waived - - foregoes important protections. Among these is the right to cancel the contract based upon an inability to obtain financing or upon a post-acceptance discovery of serious physical defects and other problems. It is important to note that the discovery during escrow of previously unknown defects does not (absent fraud) create for the non-contingent Buyer a new right to terminate the contract.

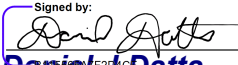
Inherent in Buyer's decision of what price and terms to include in an offer is (on one end of the spectrum) the risk that a non-contingent contract, while attractive to a Seller, exposes the Buyer to the risk of having to either go through with the purchase of a possibly defective property or withdraw and suffer the economic consequences of default. At the other end of the spectrum is the risk that the Seller will reject Buyer's contingent-laden offer in favor of a competing offer with few or no contingencies.

Notwithstanding these important concerns, a Buyer who is determined to prevail as successful bidder may freely elect to assume these risks of non-contingency, preferring instead to generate an offer sufficiently attractive to a Seller that the "risk" of being outbid by a competing offer is correspondingly reduced. Each buyer must, upon careful deliberation, decide how much of which risk he or she is willing to assume. Risk factors vary in each transaction and must be thoughtfully considered in each case. For example, where a non-contingent buyer has access to a seller-provided pre-sale disclosure "packet" containing essential inspection reports produced by reliable, reputable professionals, the risk to that buyer regarding those issues is far lower than it would be where no inspections have been undertaken at all. The latter involves maximum risk, and is strongly discouraged by Broker.

4. Property Condition: Irrespective of prevailing market conditions, Buyer is encouraged to engage property inspection professionals to examine the subject property, particularly where the Seller has not obtained and delivered to Buyer (prior to Buyer's submittal of an offer) a pre-sale property inspection report from a professional and disinterested property inspection expert. As stated above, a decision by Buyer to waive contingencies relating to property condition should be made only upon careful deliberation. Buyer should also review in advance such existing disclosures, inspection reports, building permit file records and other materials that could provide information and insights as to condition, value and desirability. Buyer should carefully review Seller and agent information provided in the Transfer Disclosure Statement and any additional disclosure (e.g., the PRDS Supplemental Seller Checklist) information. Additionally, where the contract provides for a pre-close of escrow "Walk-Through" (and whether the transaction is or is not "non-contingent"), Buyer should avail himself of that right and opportunity.



This Advisory may be signed electronically and/or in counterpart.
The undersigned acknowledge receipt of a copy of this Advisory.

Date: _____ Date: 2/20/2026

Buyer: _____ Seller:  _____

Buyer: _____ Seller:  _____

Buyer's Initials (____) (____)

Seller's Initials  



POSSIBLE REPRESENTATION OF MORE THAN ONE BUYER OR SELLER - DISCLOSURE AND CONSENT

(C.A.R. Form PRBS, Revised 6/25)

1. **BROKER AGENCY RELATIONSHIP WITH MULTIPLE PRINCIPALS:** A real estate broker ("Brokerage"), whether a corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship, may legally represent more than one buyer or seller. This multiple representation can occur through a sole proprietor Brokerage; or through a salesperson or broker acting under the Brokerage's license ("Associate Licensee"). Associate Licensees under a Brokerage's license may be working out of the same or different office locations, and may or may not know one another. Clients of the Brokerage may have similar goals and may compete against each other for the same property or the same pool of prospective buyers. Some buyers and sellers prefer to work with individual, sole proprietor brokerages, some with brokerages that have multiple licensees, and others with large brokerage companies that have multiple offices and may have a regional, statewide or a national or international presence. Each has its own advantages. It is important for buyers and sellers to understand how the Brokerage representation of multiple buyers or sellers may impact them under various situations.
 - A. **MULTIPLE BUYERS:** Brokerage (individually or through any of its Associate Licensees) may work with many prospective buyers at the same time. These prospective buyers may have an interest in, and make offers on, the same properties. Some of these properties may be listed by the Brokerage. Whether Brokerage is large or small, it is possible that one Associate-Licensee (agent 1) working with a buyer may not be aware that another Associate-Licensee (agent 2) is working with a different buyer who is interested in viewing or making an offer on the same property as agent 1's client, and vice-versa. Brokerage will not limit or restrict any buyer from making an offer on any specific property, whether or not the Brokerage represents other buyers interested in the same property.
 - B. **MULTIPLE SELLERS:** Brokerage (individually or through its Associate Licensees) may have listings on many properties at the same time. As a result, Brokerage will attempt to find buyers for each of those listed properties. Some listed properties may appeal to the same prospective buyers. Some properties may attract more prospective buyers than others. Some of these prospective buyers may be represented by Brokerage and some may not. Brokerage will market all listed properties to all prospective buyers, whether or not Brokerage has other listed properties that may appeal to the same prospective buyers.
 - C. **DUAL AGENCY IN A TRANSACTION:** California law allows a brokerage to represent both a buyer and a seller in a transaction (Civil Code § 2079 et seq.).
 - (1) **Brokerage Dual Agency:** If one Associate-Licensee from the Brokerage is working with a buyer and another Associate-Licensee from the same Brokerage is working with a seller on the same transaction, the Brokerage is considered a dual agent with fiduciary duties to both buyer and seller. In that situation, each individual Associate Licensee working on the transaction is also considered a dual agent having the same knowledge and responsibility as the Brokerage.
 - (2) **Single Agent Dual Agency:** Another form of dual agency occurs when an individual Associate-Licensee is working with both the buyer and seller in the same transaction. In that situation, both the Brokerage company and the individual Associate-Licensee are dual agents with fiduciary duties to each side of the transaction. There is no one approach to this situation. Some brokerages allow the single agent dual agent to continue to represent both parties, as that Associate-Licensee is the chosen agent of the principal. Some brokerages recommend that the broker or an office manager get involved if there is a dispute between the buyer and seller. Some brokerages will require that the broker or an office manager assist the Associate-Licensee with one principal or the other, even if the parties do not have a dispute. Whether one of these approaches, or another, is taken in a single agent dual agency will depend on the circumstances and the brokerage policy. Regardless of the approach, the Associate-Licensee and Brokerage shall conduct activity consistent with the terms in paragraph 2C.
2. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND CONSENT:**
 - A. **OFFERS ARE NOT NECESSARILY CONFIDENTIAL:** Buyer is advised that seller or listing agent may disclose the existence, terms, or conditions of buyer's offer to other interested buyers and agents unless all parties and their agent have signed a written confidentiality agreement, (C.A.R. Form NDA). In the absence of a signed NDA, Buyer consents to such disclosure. Whether any such information is actually disclosed depends on many factors, such as current market conditions, the prevailing practice in the real estate community, the listing agent's marketing strategy, and the instructions of the seller.
 - B. **MULTIPLE BUYERS OR SELLERS:** If Seller is represented by Brokerage, Seller acknowledges that Brokerage may represent prospective buyers of Seller's property and consents to Brokerage acting as a dual agent for both Seller and buyer in that transaction. If Buyer is represented by Brokerage, Buyer acknowledges that Brokerage may represent sellers of property that Buyer is interested in acquiring and consents to Brokerage acting as a dual agent for both Buyer and seller with regard to that property.
 - C. **DUAL AGENCY IN A TRANSACTION:** In the event of dual agency, Seller and Buyer agree that: (i) a dual agent may not, without the express permission of the respective party, disclose to the other party confidential information, including, but not limited to, facts relating to either the buyer's or seller's financial position, motivations, bargaining position, or other personal information that may impact price, including the Seller's willingness to accept a price less than the listing price or the Buyer's willingness to pay a price greater than the price offered; and (ii) except as set forth above, a dual agent is obligated to disclose known facts materially affecting the value or desirability of the Property to both parties. Seller and Buyer should discuss with a dual agent the details and parameters of this requirement. Seller and/or Buyer consents to allowing Brokerage to act as a dual agent in a transaction.



By signing below, Buyer and/or Seller acknowledge that each has received a copy of this Possible Representation of More Than One Buyer or Seller – Disclosure and Consent, and each has read, understands, and agrees to its terms and consents to the agency possibilities disclosed.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

Seller Signed by: Daniel J Datta _____ Date 4/7/2026
B115565A7F2D4CF...

Seller Signed by: Regina Datta _____ Date 4/1/2026
06947BF4DC3442C... **Regina M Datta**

Buyer's Brokerage Firm _____ DRE Lic # _____

By _____ DRE Lic # _____ Date _____

Seller's Brokerage Firm Signed by: Sharon Lee **Pinnacle Realty Advisors** _____ DRE Lic # 02220139
61E9A446CD19423...

By **Sharon Lee** _____ DRE Lic # 01951707 Date 4/1/2026

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PRBS REVISED 6/25 (PAGE 2 OF 2)



POSSIBLE REPRESENTATION OF MORE THAN ONE BUYER OR SELLER (PRBS PAGE 2 OF 2)

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,



PRDS® CALIFORNIA CONSUMER PRIVACY ACT ADVISORY
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



Effective January 1, 2020, the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 ("CCPA") gives California residents certain rights regarding their private, personal information that is collected by companies with whom they do business. "Personal information" is broadly defined in the CCPA to include any information that could reasonably be linked directly or indirectly to you as a consumer, including, but not limited to, basic contact information; photographs of and/or sales information about your real property may also be included. When you are involved in a real estate sales or leasing transaction, some of your personal information will necessarily be collected and some portion of that data will likely be shared with others in that process.

During the course of your transaction, your real estate Broker/Agent may share your personal information with various services providers so as to facilitate the transaction; one such provider is the Multiple Listing Service ("MLS") which is a database of properties listed for sale or lease that is accessible to a significant number of other local real estate Brokers/Agents. The local MLS may also share that information with other MLS such that your personal information may be shared with many real estate professionals and vendors who create or support these databases. Through the MLS, listings containing your personal information may appear on other real estate-related websites or other mediums of display which post such listing information. Either the listing Broker/Agent or the MLS, as authorized by the Broker/Agent may also transmit listings containing your personal information to internet sites that post property listings online. Thus, there are various service providers and companies during the course of your transaction who may be involved in data sharing that includes your personal information.

Not all individuals and/or entities with whom you interact during a real estate transaction are required to comply with the CCPA, which means that you may or may not be entitled to certain rights and protections afforded by the law when dealing with those entities. As an example, many real estate brokerages and California MLSs may not be deemed covered businesses under the CCPA; however, it is likely that large scale, internet listing aggregate sites would need to comply.

To the extent that the CCPA affects the sharing of your personal information, you may have the right to "opt out" of this data sharing depending upon the MLS. You may have the right to instruct the MLS or other service providers to refrain from sharing your personal information. It should be noted that at the outset of a listing, the Seller or Landlord has the right to refuse to authorize submission of the listing to the MLS or to limit internet exposure; however, such exclusions could well limit the number of real estate professionals and prospective buyers who are aware the Property is available for sale or lease. Choosing not to utilize the MLS may have a negative impact on the marketing of the Property.

If the MLS and/or other service providers are not covered by the CCPA, the MLS and/or other service providers are not obligated to respect your opt-out request.

To opt out of data sharing you will need to contact the covered business to submit your opt-out instructions. Your Broker or Agent might be able to assist you with locating the website address for the MLS or other services providers where you can submit your opt-out instructions but they cannot guarantee your success in opting out.

For more information about the CCPA and your privacy rights, the undersigned should carefully review California Civil Code §§1798.100 - 1798.198 with their own attorney. Brokers are not qualified to provide legal advice on this or any other subject.

THE UNDERSIGNED ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS ADVISORY.

Signed by: *Regina M Datta*
Date: 2/20/2026 ☒ Seller ☐ Buyer ☐ Landlord ☐ Tenant: *Regina M Datta*
Signed by: *Regina M Datta*
Date: 2/20/2026 ☒ Seller ☐ Buyer ☐ Landlord ☐ Tenant: *Regina M Datta*
Regina M Datta 2A6DB443C...



www.prdforms.com

PRDS® FAIR HOUSING LAWS & DISCRIMINATION ADVISORY
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



Property Address: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089 ("Property ")

California law mandates that all housing must be made available to all persons. Discrimination means showing a bias against or a preference for anyone who is in a protected class. Discrimination in housing is illegal under state and federal law. This Advisory is designed to help Sellers, Landlords, Buyers and Tenants understand the relevant laws, to further the purposes of Fair Housing and to help eliminate discrimination in the selling and renting of real estate. This Advisory is not to be used by Sellers, Landlords, Buyers and Tenants as a substitute for securing their own advice from a qualified California real estate attorney and/or local landlord tenant attorney who is well versed in the Fair Housing Laws. Real estate Agents and Brokers are not qualified to provide advice regarding the Fair Housing Laws.

1. **FEDERAL & STATE FAIR HOUSING LAWS:** (Note: This is not a complete list of all federal, state or local Fair Housing Laws)
 - A. FEDERAL FAIR HOUSING ACT also known as Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. §3601 et seq.) prohibits discrimination in the sale, rental or financing of residential housing on the basis of a person's protected class status.
 - B. CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING ACT (California Government Code §12900 et seq and California Code of Regulations §12005-12271) prohibits discrimination in sales, rental or financing of housing opportunity against persons in protected classes by housing providers and providers of financial housing assistance.
 - C. CALIFORNIA UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT (California Civil Code §51) prohibits business establishments from discriminating against, and requires full and equal accommodation, advantages, facilities, privileges and services to persons in protected classes.
 - D. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (42 U.S.C. §12181 et seq.) prohibits discrimination based on disability in public accommodations.
2. PROTECTED CLASSES OR CHARACTERISTICS AS SPECIFIED BY THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING ("DFEH"): When making decisions regarding who to rent or sell to, it is illegal to use any of the following criteria:

• Race (including hair texture & style)	• Color	• Ancestry	• Religion	• Sex
• Gender	• Gender Identity	• Gender Expression	• Sexual Harassment	• Sexual Orientation
• Familial Status (children under 18)	• Marital Status	• National Origin	• Disability (Mental and/or Physical)	
• Medical Condition	• Military or Veteran	• Primary Language	• Immigration Status	• Citizenship
• Source of Income (including Section 8 & Other Vouchers)		• Non-Relevant Criminal History		• Age
3. WHO MUST COMPLY WITH FAIR HOUSING LAWS? Anyone who is involved in providing housing accommodations or financial services related to housing must comply with the Fair Housing Laws; that includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:

• Sellers	• Landlords	• Sublessors	• Real Estate Agents and Brokers	• Appraisers
• Property Managers	• Lenders	• Homeowners Associations ("HOA")	• Mobile Home Parks	
4. ETHICAL AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR REAL ESTATE LICENSEES:
 - A. NAR Code of Ethics Article 10 prohibits discrimination by REALTORS® in employment or in providing real estate licensed services against anyone on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status, national origin, sexual orientation or gender identity.
 - B. Real Estate Regulation §2725(f) requires Brokers who supervise real estate licensees to familiarize salespersons with the requirements of federal and state laws relating to the prohibition of discrimination.
 - C. Violation of the Fair Housing Laws may result in the loss or suspension of the license of the Agent and/or Broker.
5. LIMITED EXCEPTIONS TO FAIR HOUSING REQUIREMENTS:
 - A. Properties that qualify as senior housing can discriminate on the basis of age and/or familial status, only, and not on any other basis.
 - B. Some owners of single-family residences may be exempt from the Fair Housing Laws IF no real estate licensee is involved in the sale or rental of their property, there is no discriminatory advertising and the owner owns no more than 3 single family residences. Since other restrictions may apply, no one should make any determinations regarding the applicability of any exception without first consulting with their own qualified California real estate attorney and/or local landlord tenant attorney who is well versed in the Fair Housing Laws.
6. SOURCES OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: In addition to consulting with appropriate legal counsel, the following resources may be able to provide useful information about the rights, duties and obligations of the Fair Housing Laws at the federal, state and local levels:
 - A. Federal Fair Housing website: https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/fair_housing_equal_opp
 - B. State of California Department of Fair Housing & Employment website: <https://www.dfeh.ca.gov/housing/>
 - C. State of California Department of Real Estate website: <https://www.dre.ca.gov/Consumers/FileComplaint.html>
 - D. Local: Check with the relevant County Fair Housing Council office (a non-profit, free service)

THE UNDERSIGNED ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS ADVISORY

Date: _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Buyer/ <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant: _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Buyer/ <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant: _____
	Print Name _____	Print Name _____
	Signed by: <u>Daniel J Datta</u>	Signed by: <u>Regina Datta</u>
Date: <u>4/7/2026</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Seller/ <input type="checkbox"/> Landlord: _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Seller/ <input type="checkbox"/> Landlord: _____
	Print Name <u>Daniel J Datta</u>	Print Name <u>Regina M Datta</u>



WIRE FRAUD AND ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form WFA, Reviewed 6/25)

WIRE FRAUD AND ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFERS ADVISORY:

The ability to communicate and conduct business electronically is a convenience and reality in nearly all parts of our lives. At the same time, it has provided hackers and scammers new opportunities for their criminal activity. Many businesses have been victimized and the real estate business is no exception.

While wiring or electronically transferring funds is a welcome convenience, we all need to exercise extreme caution. Emails attempting to induce fraudulent wire transfers have been received and have appeared to be legitimate. Reports indicate that some hackers have been able to intercept emailed transfer instructions, obtain account information and, by altering some of the data, redirect the funds to a different account. It also appears that some hackers were able to provide false phone numbers for verifying the wiring or funds transfer instructions. In those cases, the victim called the number provided to confirm the instructions, and then unwittingly authorized a transfer to somewhere or someone other than the intended recipient.

ACCORDINGLY, YOU ARE ADVISED:

1. Obtain phone numbers and account numbers only from Escrow Officers, Property Managers, or Housing Providers at the beginning of the transaction.
2. DO NOT EVER WIRE OR ELECTRONICALLY TRANSFER FUNDS PRIOR TO CALLING TO CONFIRM THE TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS. ONLY USE A PHONE NUMBER YOU WERE PROVIDED PREVIOUSLY. Do not use any different phone number or account number included in any emailed transfer instructions.
3. Orally confirm the transfer instruction is legitimate and confirm the bank routing number, account numbers and other codes before taking steps to transfer the funds.
4. Avoid sending personal information in emails or texts. Provide such information in person or over the telephone directly to the Escrow Officer, Property Manager, or Housing Provider.
5. Take steps to secure the system you are using with your email account. These steps include creating strong passwords, using secure WiFi, and not using free services.

If you believe you have received questionable or suspicious wire or funds transfer instructions, immediately notify your bank, and the other party, and the Escrow Office, Housing Provider, or Property Manager. The sources below, as well as others, can also provide information:

Federal Bureau of Investigation: <https://www.fbi.gov/>; the FBI's IC3 at www.ic3.gov; or 310-477-6565

National White Collar Crime Center: <http://www.nw3c.org/>

On Guard Online: <https://www.onguardonline.gov/>

NOTE: There are existing alternatives to electronic and wired fund transfers such as cashier's checks.

The term "Housing Provider" also includes Landlord or Rental Property Owner.

By signing below, Buyer/Tenant and Seller/Housing Provider acknowledge that each has received a copy of this Wire Fraud and Electronic Funds Transfer Advisory, and each has read and understands its terms.

Buyer/Tenant	_____	Date	_____
Buyer/Tenant	_____	Date	_____
Seller/Housing Provider	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Signed by: Daniel J Datta B115565A7F2D4CF... </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Signed by: Daniel J Datta </div>	Date 4/7/2026
Seller/Housing Provider	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Signed by: Regina M Datta 06947BF4DC3442C... </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Signed by: Regina M Datta </div>	Date 4/1/2026

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WFA REVIEWED 6/25 (PAGE 1 OF 1)



WIRE FRAUD AND ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER ADVISORY (WFA PAGE 1 OF 1)



PRDS®
SAN MATEO/SANTA CLARA COUNTIES ADVISORY
 DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



INTRODUCTION:

This Advisory is intended to be used in connection with the purchase and sale of real property located within San Mateo or Santa Clara County. PRDS does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy of the information contained in this Advisory or the adequacy of this information in connection with any specific real property transaction. This Advisory was created as of July 2022; the information in this Advisory may change over time, and new issues may develop due to actions taken at federal, state, county, city and local levels. Some of the issues that are covered in this Advisory are legal conditions of sale or are legally required preconditions for remodeling and/or improving energy efficiency. Sellers and Buyers should investigate the applicability of these requirements to the past, present and future sale, purchase, ownership and development of the Property. As used in this Advisory, the term "Broker" refers to and includes all real estate licensees involved in a real estate transaction

- Sellers must understand the importance and significance of their disclosure obligations. Sellers need to take the time to carefully and fully complete all aspects of the disclosure documents. Sellers must disclose anything that is known to the Sellers that materially affects the value or desirability of the Property, even if general information about the topic is included in this Advisory or in any inspection report(s). To the extent any disclosures made by Sellers are inaccurate or change over time, it is important for Sellers to update and correct their written disclosures in a timely fashion. In general, if Sellers are uncertain about whether they need to disclose something, Brokers recommend that Sellers err on the side of providing as much information as possible. Sellers who need help in completing their disclosure obligations, including what to disclose and how to disclose it, should consult with their own qualified, California real estate attorney; Brokers cannot determine the legal sufficiency of any disclosure or factual adequacy of any statement or disclosure made by Sellers. Brokers have not verified and will not verify or otherwise investigate any of Sellers' statements and disclosures therefore, Buyers are advised to do so.
- Sellers should conduct a diligent search of their documents to determine if they have any disclosures, reports, repair estimates and invoices (of any age) or other information which relate to the Property or the issues in this Advisory and provide a copy of that material to Buyers preferably with the Sellers' disclosure documents regardless of which disclosure forms are used.
- Whether documents are signed electronically or in hard copy, Sellers and Buyers should read this Advisory in conjunction with a careful review of all disclosures required by Sellers and by the real estate Brokers involved in the transaction including, without limitation, the Transfer Disclosure Statement and any other seller disclosure form.
- Buyers are responsible for conducting their own investigations into the issues discussed in this Advisory and any issues that are not referenced below that may affect Buyers' determination of the condition, use, development, value and/or desirability of the Property. Buyers have the right to condition their purchase on conducting such investigations. Buyers should conduct all necessary investigations prior to the Buyers' removal or waiver of any contractual inspection contingencies. Buyers are urged to do all of the following:
 - Carefully read the information contained in any advisories, disclosures, inspections, and reports that Buyers receive from any source.
 - Conduct additional/further investigations and inspections regarding any issues that concern Buyers which are raised in those advisories, disclosures, inspections, or reports.
 - Meet Buyers' obligation to protect themselves, including those facts which are known to or within the diligent attention and observation of the Buyers, by thoroughly and thoughtfully inspecting and evaluating the Property. Viewing videos, virtual tours and other on-line pictures is not a good substitute for visiting the actual Property in person and observing the location of the Property.
- Buyers need to inquire into other or additional matters (beyond those contained in this Advisory) to the extent that those additional issues affect the Buyers' determination of the value or desirability of the Property.
- Buyers must bear in mind that a Property may suffer defects and deficiencies of which neither Sellers nor Brokers are aware. Buyers should also recognize that not all issues can be objectively determined and some issues can have varying impacts on different people since some issues may be more relevant to some people than others.
- Buyers are urged to engage licensed professionals to evaluate all aspects of the Property and to consult all appropriate governmental agencies during their inspection contingency period, if any. Buyers' right to conduct certain types of investigations may be limited by the Purchase Contract.
- Broker has not verified and will not verify licensing and insurance information of third parties and will not determine whether vendors who prepare inspection reports or perform repairs are properly licensed to provide those services. Broker cannot and will not determine whether the reports prepared, or repair work performed, by third parties has been properly completed.
- Representations made by third parties or Sellers regarding the issues in this Advisory have not been verified by Brokers and need to be independently confirmed by Buyers.
- Although licensed to list, sell and lease real estate, Brokers may not have expertise on the issues in this Advisory.

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1. **HOUSING STOCK, EXISTING:** Many properties in this area have been developed at different times under different state laws or local regulations including building codes and zoning restrictions. They may not be able to accommodate current or future personal property items including, but not limited to, electric cars. Regardless of its age, the Property should be inspected by a competent property inspector and Buyers should obtain all additional inspections recommended by any inspector, or as Buyer may deem necessary for determining the actual condition of the Property. Property components, appliances, fixtures, systems and materials may have varying degrees of remaining useful life and could fail without notice. Not all aspects of the Property may comply with current code, zoning, health and safety, setback requirements, religious or cultural preferences. Some homes contain appliances, products or manufactured materials, such as Chinese dry wall or plastic pipe, which may be defective, create problems with the use or value of other aspects of the home and may be subject to manufacturer or governmental recall or a class action lawsuit. All homes include many components which require ongoing maintenance. Deferred maintenance will decrease the lifespan and functionality of many of these components. Buyers should seek reliable advice from appropriate professionals and plan/budget for maintenance and future repairs. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues discussed in Paragraph 1.

2. **FLOORS AND WALLS:** Amount and placement of Sellers' personal property may make a visual inspection of floors and walls difficult. The existence of certain types of floor coverings (such as carpeting and rugs), some wall coverings (such as wallpaper and paneling) and the presence of furniture may prevent Buyers, inspectors and Brokers from fully inspecting the condition of floors and walls. Exposed areas may show differing patterns of wear, shade or color. Since destructive testing may be required in order for Buyers to determine the actual condition of the floors and walls beneath coverings, Buyers may need to secure the written authorization of Sellers to conduct investigations with licensed professionals during Buyers' inspection period, if any.

3. **GLASS, TEMPERED:** Many homes contain non-tempered glass in areas where tempered glass is required by building codes. During Buyers' inspection period, if any, Buyers should have a contractor identify any glass that is not properly tempered. Buyers may want to replace any non-tempered glass with tempered glass to reduce the risk of injury.

4. **RESIDENTIAL FIREPLACE DISCLOSURE:** Residential wood burning is the leading source of wintertime air pollution in the Bay Area and studies have confirmed there are significant health impacts from exposure to fine particulate matter found in wood smoke. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District ("BAAQMD") established the Wood Smoke Rule, Regulation 6, Rule 3 to reduce wintertime smoke pollution and protect public health. The Wood Smoke Rule requires anyone selling, renting or leasing a property in the Bay Area to disclose the potential health impacts from air pollution caused from burning wood. Fine particulate matter, also known as PM2.5, can travel deep into the respiratory system, bypass the lungs and enter the blood stream. Exposure may cause short term and long term health effects, including eye, nose and throat irritation, reduced lung function, asthma, heart attacks, chronic bronchitis, cancer and premature deaths. Exposure to fine particulates can worsen existing respiratory conditions. High PM2.5 levels are associated with increased respiratory and cardiovascular hospital admissions, emergency department visits, and even deaths. Children, the elderly and those with pre-existing respiratory or heart conditions are most at risk from negative health effects of PM2.5 exposure. The buyer should consult with a licensed professional to inspect, properly maintain, and operate a wood burning stove or fireplace insert according to manufacturer's specifications to help reduce wood smoke pollution. The Air District encourages the use of cleaner and more efficient, non-wood burning heating options such as gas-fueled or electric fireplace inserts to help reduce emissions and exposure to fine particulates.

When the BAAQMD issues a Winter Spare the Air Alert during the winter season from November 1 through the end of February, it is illegal to burn wood, manufactured fire logs, pellets or any solid fuels in fireplaces, wood stoves or outdoor fire pits. To check when a Winter Spare the Air Alert is issued and it is illegal to burn wood, please call 1-877-4NO-BURN or visit www.baaqmd.gov or www.sparetheair.org.

The information in Paragraph 4 was provided by BAAQMD. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the information provided by BAAQMD.

5. **LEASED/LIENED PERSONAL PROPERTY; SOLAR PANEL LEASES:** Many homes have alarm systems, solar systems, water softeners, appliances or other equipment which may be leased or liened. Sellers should disclose to Buyers whether any appliances, systems or equipment are leased or liened and provide all documents relating to those leases and liens. Buyers should investigate whether or not any equipment leases are transferable or may require approval from the lessor, as well as what fees or costs may be imposed whether or not the leased items are to remain in place. See also Paragraph 45, below, regarding PACE liens.

Solar panels may be leased for long periods of time and are included in the sale only if agreed by Sellers and Buyers and Buyer is able to assume the lease. Solar leasing companies may secure lease payments by filing a Uniform Commercial Code form (UCC-1), which gives notice of a creditor's security interest (lien) against the Property. Buyers should consider retaining a qualified expert to investigate the solar-related system prior to assuming any solar lease. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues discussed in Paragraph 5.

6. **NEW CONSTRUCTION WARRANTIES, DEFECTS AND LAWSUITS:** Builders of new construction are required to provide certain warranties and information about how to report claims, but may not be required to complete the Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement ("TDS"). When there are subsequent sales, Sellers must provide Buyers with builder warranty and claim information. The TDS asks Sellers to disclose any lawsuits by or against the Seller threatening or affecting the Property. It then goes on to ask questions related to construction defects and references Civil Code Sections 900, 903, 910 and 914. These code sections are part of a law that is widely known as SB 800 or Title 7, which generally applies to residential real property built by a "Builder" (as defined in Section 911) and sold for the first time after January 1, 2003. Section 900 requires a limited one-year warranty from the builder. Section 901, et seq., refers to "enhanced protection agreements", which are sometimes provided by the builder and may extend the warranty period. Other provisions (see section 907, et al.) require the homeowner to follow all reasonable maintenance obligations and schedules communicated in writing by the builder and product manufacturers, as well as commonly accepted maintenance practices. Failure to do so may provide a defense against a homeowner claim (see Section 944). Sections 910 and 914 reference pre-litigation procedures and remedies in the event of a claim against the builder. Sellers who have questions about how to answer this TDS question should consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. If lawsuits or claims are disclosed by Seller, Buyers should investigate such disclosures with a qualified California real estate attorney. Brokers are not qualified to provide any advice on these matters.

7. **SIZE - SQUARE FOOTAGE, NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AGE:** Multiple sources provide data regarding a property's square footage, number of rooms, number of units and age. These sources including, but not limited, to Sellers, appraisers, architects, builders and space planners, often employ quite different square footage measurement criteria. Public records (e.g., Assessor data) also contain that data that may be, and often are, inaccurate but which the Multiple Listing Service ("MLS") auto-populates such information into its listings. As such, there are frequent discrepancies in advertised measurements and other data relating to structures on real property. Any statements from any source regarding square footage, size or age of Property improvements (whether contained in the MLS, advertisements, computer-generated property profiles, disclosures and reports) have not been verified and will not be verified by Brokers. If the estimated or exact square footage, number of rooms or age of the Property are important factors in Buyers' decision to purchase the Property and in determining what price to pay, Buyers should independently verify that data by hiring an Appraiser or other qualified professional during Buyers' inspection period, if any. Buyers should obtain a specific disclosure regarding any known size discrepancies from Sellers and/or Brokers.

8. **SIZE - LOT SIZE AND BOUNDARIES:** Only a land surveyor can reliably determine actual lot size, property corners, and the exact location of boundaries. Statements regarding these issues in the MLS, advertisements, computer-generated property profiles, data in property tax assessor records or any disclosures are often approximations, or are based upon inaccurate or incomplete records. Fences, hedges, walls or other barriers may not represent actual boundary lines. Brokers have not verified any statements made by anyone regarding lot size and boundaries. If these issues are important to Buyers, they should not rely on any statements made by anyone without independently investigating these issues by hiring a licensed surveyor during Buyers' inspection period, if any. Buyers should obtain a specific disclosure regarding any known size discrepancies from Sellers and/or Brokers.

9. **FENCES:** If the Property has a fence that is located on the boundary line, Civil Code Section 841 provides that the adjoining private landowners have an equal obligation to maintain the fence. However, fences are often not located on the boundary line and when that is true, who is responsible for maintaining the fence is a legal determination. Thus, questions regarding who is responsible for repairing or maintaining a fence should be reviewed with a qualified California real estate attorney. Brokers are not qualified to make that determination.

10. **SEPTIC SYSTEMS AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM REGULATIONS:** If the Property has a "Septic System" (usually consisting of a septic tank, cesspool, leach lines, leach field, pits, or a combination thereof), Buyers should obtain a current, written inspection report from a licensed professional regarding the condition and adequacy of the Septic System for the Buyers' specific needs. Visual inspection of the tank alone is insufficient. Buyers' lender or government agencies may require an inspection and testing of the Septic System. Brokers make no representations as to the location, condition, capacity, operability or expandability of the Septic System.

Expansion or remodeling of the dwelling may be restricted or even denied due to the existence, location, size or condition of a Septic System. Securing approval for changes in the dwelling may be conditioned upon testing, removal, repair, expansion, or other changes to the Septic System (e.g., connection to sewer system) which may be expensive. The Septic System may not be in compliance with current or future code requirements, and code compliance may be required for any future work done on the Property. Buyers should investigate these issues at appropriate government agencies and with qualified licensed professionals (e.g., architects, contractors, engineers) during Buyers' inspection period, if any. For more information about on-site waste water treatment/septic system regulations, Buyers should contact the State Water Resources Control Board at (916) 341-5250 and go to the website: www.swrcb.ca.gov. See also Paragraph 86.

11. **SEWERS AND SEWER LATERALS:** Many public sanitary districts and private sanitary entities serve various communities and some have different rules and regulations regarding fees and costs. Buyers need to determine whether or not the Property is part of such a district or entity and make arrangements with Sellers to transfer any necessary rights to any private sanitary entities. Some sanitary districts and private entities have implemented various requirements, restrictions and charges relating to participation, usage, maintenance, and type of equipment (such as sewer lateral clean-outs, backflow prevention devices) and drainage into sewer systems. Many cities have enacted ordinances requiring the abatement of failed sewer laterals (from the building served to the clean out in the city's right of way). Some cities require inspection/testing, the filing of written reports and repair of sewer laterals prior to sale, remodeling or expanding the residence or when changing plumbing fixtures or utility service. Buyers should contact the applicable public district or private entity to determine what, if any, action must be taken with respect to sewer systems and sewer laterals during Buyers' inspection contingency, if any. Prior to transfer of title, some private sewage disposal systems may also mandate inspection/testing of the system, a written report and other requirements for hook-up to a public sewer system, depending upon the proximity of the Property to a public sewer system. Some jurisdictions require certification procedures pre- or post-Close of Escrow. Penalties for noncompliance can be imposed. Each jurisdiction has its own unique requirements which Buyer should research during Buyer's inspection contingency, if any, because these local regulations are subject to change at any time.

Even though the Property may be located in a sanitary district or subject to a sewer assessment, the Property may not be (and may not be entitled to be) connected to the sewer system. There may be a separate cost for the installation and connection of the Property to the sewer system and/or other actions that must be taken by Sellers and Buyers to transfer rights. Buyers should retain qualified professionals to evaluate the Property so as to determine the existence and condition of any sewer connections; that evaluation may require a video "scoping" of the system and/or pressure testing. Brokers have not and will not verify any of the issues discussed in Paragraph 11.

12. **WATER AND WELL SYSTEMS:** The Property may be served by a well, a spring, public or private water systems, or a combination thereof, in which case Buyers should consider requesting that Sellers complete the PRDS Well and Private Water System Checklist. Water may contain bacteria, chemical, metals, minerals, and may emit odors, Buyers should contact appropriate governmental agencies and should hire qualified professionals to determine the water source and have the water pressure, water system and its components inspected and determine the availability, quantity, quality and potability of the water. Results of such testing may vary by season and may change over time due to geological events and other factors. Water quality and/or purity may impact Buyers' intended uses for the Property including, but not limited to, the types of trees, landscaping or crops that may be grown. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues discussed in Paragraph 12.

Recent studies have revealed that some wells in Morgan Hill and San Martin contain the chemical perchlorate. Other wells in Santa Clara County may be contaminated by this or other chemicals. Any questions about possible chemical contamination including, but not limited to, its impact on any given property, and any other questions regarding regulations, water quality, quantity and/or cost should be directed to Valley Water District by calling (408) 265-2607 or visiting their website at www.valleywater.org. See also Paragraphs 94 and 96.

Valley Water District manages water resources and provides stewardship for Santa Clara County's five watersheds, including ten reservoirs, groundwater basins and hundreds of miles of streams. The District captures local rainfall in the reservoirs throughout the winter months. Then in the spring and summer, the District releases water from the reservoirs to replenish the underground water supply. Because the amount of local rainfall cannot be predicted, there is no way to guarantee that any given reservoir will fill up each winter or that there will be sufficient water for all purposes, including recreation facilities. Brokers are not experts on this topic.

13. WATER SHORTAGES AND CONSERVATION / WATER CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES: The Property may be subject to state or local water shortages, conservation, usage and other measures, such as water hook-up restrictions and, at various times, mandatory rationing and the need to bring in water from outside sources. The policies of local water districts and the city or county in which the Property is located can result in limitations on the amount of water available to the Property, restrictions on its use of water, increasingly graduated costs, and penalties for excess usage. Buyers should contact the supplier of water to the Property regarding the supplier's current or anticipated policies on water usage and to determine the extent to which those policies may affect Buyers' intended use or development of the Property. If the Property is serviced by a private well or private water system, drought conditions or a low water table, it may become necessary to arrange, through a private supplier, for delivery of water to the Property. Buyers should contact water supply companies for the costs involved.

Current law (Civil Code Section 1101.1, et seq.) requires that "noncompliant plumbing fixtures" be replaced with "water-conserving plumbing fixtures" by certain prescribed deadlines. A "noncompliant plumbing fixture" is (1) any toilet manufactured to use more than 1.6 gallons of water per flush (2) any urinal manufactured to use more than one gallon of water per flush, (3) any showerhead manufactured to have a flow capacity of more than 2.5 gallons of water per minute and (4) any interior faucet that emits more than 2.2 gallons of water per minute. The compliance deadlines are as follows:

A. Single Family Residences: If an alteration or improvement is undertaken for which a permit is required, compliance is a precondition of final permit approval (or, as applicable, certificate of final completion or occupancy). All single family residences built before 1994 must be brought into compliance whether or not the property is being altered, repaired or otherwise improved. (NOTE: Condominium units are not currently subject to this requirement.)

B. Multifamily and Commercial: Compliance is required where (1) building additions increase the floor area of the space in the building by more than 10%, (2) estimated costs of alterations or improvements exceed \$150,000 or (3) plumbing fixtures are located in the room where permit-required work is undertaken. After January 1, 2019, however, all multifamily and commercial properties must be brought into compliance whether or not the property is being altered, repaired or otherwise improved. CAUTION: Owners of such properties should carefully review the applicable statutory language and seek legal advice regarding compliance with the many important elements of compliance, disclosure, notification and other provisions not detailed in this summary.

14. WET WEATHER CONDITIONS: California experiences a wide range of weather conditions and at times has heavier-than-usual rainfall. During heavy rains, properties may become susceptible to earth movement, drainage problems and flooding. Properties which may not have experienced past water intrusion into or under improvements may experience these conditions due to weather-related phenomena. Sellers are obligated to disclose to Buyers those defects or conditions known to Sellers which affect the value or desirability of the Property; however, not all Sellers may be aware of recent changes in the condition of a Property or its improvements caused by unusually wet weather and no one can predict future impacts of wet weather conditions. Buyers should investigate these issues and conditions with licensed geotechnical engineers or other licensed engineers during Buyers' inspection period, if any.

15. WATER INTRUSION: Many homes suffer from water intrusion or leakage either on a short-term or long-term basis. Causes of water intrusion are varied, and may include defective construction, faulty grading, deterioration of building materials and absence of waterproofing. Water intrusion can cause serious damage to the Property including, but not limited to, wood rot, mold, mildew and even damage to the structural integrity of the Property. The cost of repairing and remediating water intrusion damage and its causes can be significant. The existence and cause of water intrusion is often difficult to detect. An absence of visual evidence of water intrusion does not mean that such intrusion does not exist. Buyers should have the Property inspected for water intrusion by a licensed professional during Buyers' inspection period, if any. Brokers cannot determine the amount, degree or cause of water intrusion or the extent of any damage that may exist.

16. GROUND WATER, NATURAL SPRINGS AND WATER RUNOFF: Some properties have high water tables that can lead to water intrusion problems, intensify mold growth and compromise the stability of soils and foundations. High water tables may affect septic systems, wells and the development, use and enjoyment of the land, particularly during months of heavy rain. Many properties have natural springs and rain water runoff issues that may result in standing water, dry rot, flooding, mold, foundation failure or other potential water damage to improvements. Hillside properties or properties with retaining walls may be more susceptible to these issues. Buyers should retain geotechnical engineers and civil engineers to help evaluate the effect of high water tables on the Property and consider drainage modifications to protect the structure and improve the value, development, use, and enjoyment of the surrounding area. If the Sellers' disclosures, any visual inspection of the Property, or any professional inspection report indicates a past or current water-related issue, Buyers are strongly encouraged to thoroughly investigate the problem (even if it is common to the area) to determine its cause and possible repair costs to rectify the problem with licensed professionals during the Buyers' inspection period, if any. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues discussed in Paragraph 16.

17. CREEKS AND CULVERTS: Many properties are impacted by creeks (narrow channels or small streams) and culverts (man-made structures used to enclose a flowing body of water which is usually designed to allow water to pass underneath a road or other structures). If the Property includes, abuts or is near a creek or culvert, Buyers should engage licensed professionals and investigate the possibility of flooding and water intrusion that may result from those water sources during Buyers' inspection period, if any. In addition, federal, state, county and some city entities and agencies have enacted regulations regarding creeks and culverts.

Some municipalities have implemented land management programs to keep creeks and groundwater free-flowing and free of debris. Due to pressures from development, all potential sources of environmental pollution are coming under public scrutiny, including those from farming and horse property. Buyers should investigate the County's land management programs during their inspection period, if any, at the following website: www.sccgov.org.

18. **LEVEES:** A levee is an embankment to prevent a river or body of water from flooding surrounding land. Due to proximity to various bodies of water and waterways, several geographic areas either have existing levees or require the construction of new levees. The Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") is responsible for certifying that any existing or proposed levees will protect an area against certain flood levels. FEMA is in the process of digitizing and updating their Flood Insurance Rate Maps ("FIRM") for several areas. All levees must be properly maintained and FEMA has indicated that certain levees need to be improved. The current and future existence or condition of a levee may impact the need for flood insurance. Brokers are not qualified to determine whether or not the Property is or will be impacted by the existence, maintenance, improvement or construction of any levee. For more information contact the relevant County government or FEMA at: www.fema.gov.

19. **WOOD DESTROYING PESTS AND ORGANISMS:** The presence of wood destroying pests or organisms can cause damage to the structures on the Property. To determine whether such pests or organisms are present, Buyers should have the Property inspected during Buyers' inspection period, if any, by a licensed structural pest control company which will issue a written report separated into two sections: Section 1 will identify areas where current infestation or infection is evident. Section 2 will identify conditions which will likely lead to infestation or infection. Repairs and corrections to the issues in this Paragraph are negotiable by and between Buyer and Seller.

20. **ANIMALS, WILDLIFE, PETS AND PESTS:** Current or previous owners may have kept domestic and other indoor or outdoor animals at the Property. Animals can cause damage to the Property: odors from animal urine or waste may be dormant for long periods and then become active because of heat, humidity or other factors (such as some cleaning techniques), or be temporarily masked by other odors (such as fresh paint or new carpet); animal urine and feces can also damage floors, floor coverings, walls, baseboards, or other components. Animals can also attract fleas, ticks and other pests that can remain on the Property after the animal has been removed. Complete elimination of odors and other problems created by animals may not be possible even by professional cleaning efforts or replacing carpets, pads and other affected components.

The Property may be subject to ordinances regulating the maintenance, breeding, number, or type of animals permitted, or other requirements such as spaying or neutering. Homeowner and Common Interest Associations often impose additional restrictions on animals. Buyers should investigate such restrictions during their inspection period, if any. Neighbors may have animals that can cause problems including, but not limited to, noise and odors. Common pets such as dogs can bark, cats are not easily contained, and in some cases more unusual animals (e.g., poultry, exotic birds, and reptiles) may create issues that impact the value, use and enjoyment of the Property. California is home to a wide variety of animals, reptiles and insect life including, but not limited to, ants, bedbugs, bats, rodents, snakes and larger wild animals such as mountain lions and deer, some or all of which may enter or inhabit the Property and may be difficult to eliminate or control. These creatures can damage landscaping, might be a hazard to people, pets or other animals and may cause issues that impact the Buyers' use and enjoyment of the property. Proximity to rural or open space areas increases the likelihood of this problem. If these are issues of concern, Buyers should discuss and/or investigate these issues with licensed professionals, including local animal/pest control companies, and/or other qualified agencies or organizations during Buyers' inspection period, if any.

21. **ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT:** Under the Federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. §§ 1531-1544) and several additional California requirements, many species of plants and animals are deemed to be "endangered" or "threatened" and are thus subject to special protective measures which may impact the use or development of the Property; this is especially true in areas that abut a body of water or are in designated wetland area. Violating these laws can result in substantial fines and other civil penalties, and Buyers should contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service at www.fws.gov and the California Department of Fish & Wildlife at www.dfg.ca.gov to determine if the Property is within any designated critical or essential habitat for any listed species. Buyers should also consider hiring qualified professionals experienced with application and enforcement of the Endangered Species Act during Buyers' inspection period, if any. Brokers have no expertise on this subject.

22. **POWER LINES AND POWER PLANTS:** Cities and counties receive electrical service through power transmission lines from power plants that may be located in proximity to the Property. The Property may be impacted by an easement for the benefit or use of utilities and impacted by the existence of high voltage lines, transformers, other types of power equipment and electro-magnetic fields. All areas have experienced power outages caused by multiple factors at various times including, but not limited to, concerns regarding fire hazards. Buyers should confer with the local utility, the State Public Utilities Commission and appropriate professionals during Buyers' inspection period, if any, and investigate the impact that any of these issues may have on the value, development, use, and enjoyment of the Property and/or the need for a home generator.

23. **UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND PIPES:** Some communities have begun the process of relocating utility lines underground in order to remove the utility poles in the neighborhood. These projects can result in special tax assessments, increased costs for homeowners and temporary disruptions of the neighborhood. Water, natural gas and other types of fuels are delivered to communities through a network of underground pipes that are connected to residential and commercial properties. Some areas have been adversely impacted by disruptions in service or damage to these underground pipes including, but not limited to, the destruction of homes. The general location of gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines is available to the public via the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) Internet Web site maintained by the United States Department of Transportation at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov. Buyers should investigate these issues with the appropriate municipality and/or Pacific Gas and Electric Company ("PG&E") during Buyers' inspection period, if any, to determine if the Buyers' development, use or enjoyment of the Property is or will be impacted by underground utilities and/or pipes.

24. **SOILS AND GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS:** All land in California is subject to settling, slippage, subsidence, earthquakes and other forms of movement. The geologic forces that have shaped California over the eons are still active today. Much of California has expansive or adobe soil which can expand and contract depending upon the amount of water in the soil. Soil expansion and contraction can cause movement or shifting of structures, foundations and the land. Hillsides are frequently active or potentially active landslide areas which can negatively impact hillside properties and surrounding properties. The Property may be constructed on unstable or improperly compacted soil and have inadequate drainage capability. Buyers should confirm with an attorney the legality, enforceability and scope of any easements (whether recorded or not) to deal with all surface and ground water. Additionally, the Property may have known or unknown mines, mills, caves, wells, septic or other abandoned tanks, the existence of which can create safety hazards and can cause structural problems or destruction of improvements on the Property and impact the ability to use or develop the Property. Buyers should retain geotechnical engineers and civil engineers to evaluate soil

stability, grading, drainage and other soil conditions of the Property to determine how these forces may affect improvements to the Property and, when necessary, consider drainage modifications to protect the structure and improve the use and enjoyment of the surrounding area. Buyers should not simply rely on geologists or companies that review governmental maps (see Paragraph 49).

25. EASEMENTS, ENCROACHMENTS, PUBLIC TRAILS, ACCESS RIGHTS, PRIVATE ROADS & MAINTENANCE AGREEMENTS: Sellers need to disclose all known facts relating to the location, existence, maintenance and other obligations of any easement, access right, shared or private road/driveway, shared or private well systems and components, public trails and any possible encroachments affecting the Property. Buyers should investigate these issues and engage a real estate attorney evaluate all relevant documents, whether recorded or not. Some communities have created and maintain public trail systems which abut private residences. Trails may be used by pedestrians, bicyclists, horseback riders and animals; as such, the proximity of public trails may impact the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property. Only a surveyor can confirm the exact location of easements, trails, shared or private roads/driveways and encroachments. There may be unrecorded easements, access rights, encroachments and other agreements affecting the Property that may not be known by the Sellers and Brokers or cannot be determined by a survey and a title search. Statements regarding these issues in the MLS or advertisements, or plotted by a title company, are often approximations, and may be based upon inaccurate or incomplete records.

The use or maintenance of the Property or other properties by Sellers or others may or may not establish an actual easement, access right, shared or private road, driveway, maintenance obligation or encroachment. Whether or not a written agreement exists to establish a perceived use or obligation, Buyers should have these issues evaluated by a qualified California real estate attorney. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any statements made regarding matters identified in Paragraph 25.

26. VIEWS AND VIEW ORDINANCES: Views from the Property may be affected by weather conditions, future development, growth of trees and vegetation on other properties, current location and future construction of cellular communication antennas and the use of any property within the line of sight of the Property. Buyers should review any covenants, conditions and restrictions ("CC&Rs"), ordinances, regulations, and any other documentation which may relate to views. Buyers should also contact neighboring property owners, government agencies, architects and homeowner associations during Buyers' inspection period, if any, to evaluate any issues that might impact views.

Some cities and counties have view ordinances that may limit the planting of new trees, restrict the height of trees and limit future construction. Properties that are subject to a view easement may be required to maintain their landscaping so as to prevent any unreasonable obstructions to the views of other property owners. Certain trees that are part of the natural habitat may be exempt from these local ordinances. Often a view property will have recently trimmed trees and shrubs revealing the view; maintaining that view could entail not only trimming foliage on the Property, but may also involve enlisting the cooperation of their neighbors to keep their foliage trimmed, possibly at Buyers' expense. Cities and counties do not often take an active role in these issues; rather, they tend to encourage private resolution of such disputes. Each municipality has a slightly different mechanism for handling these situations, and Buyers should review the applicable Municipal or County Code/Ordinance during Buyers' inspection period, if any. Brokers have not verified and will not verify the information relating to views.

27. TREES AND TREE ORDINANCES: Several municipalities have enacted ordinances to regulate and control the removal of trees. Some cities have identified "heritage" or other significant trees that must be protected or preserved in certain areas. Permits may be required to cut down, destroy, remove or relocate designated trees. Buyers should read applicable tree preservation ordinances, check with relevant governmental entities and consult with an arborist during their inspection period, if any, to determine the health of trees and whether or not any special action can or must be taken with respect to any trees on the Property. The City of San Jose, for example, requires Sellers to make specific disclosures to Buyers regarding street trees on a separate form prior to the sale of residential property. If the Property is in the City of San Jose, Buyers should not close escrow without receiving the Sellers' Street Tree Disclosure form.

Whether or not there is an applicable local tree ordinance, Buyers are encouraged to seek the advice of a licensed arborist for any questions regarding the type, condition and/or removal of trees that are on the Property or on a neighbor's property. Brokers are not qualified to make any determination about the issues identified in Paragraph 27.

28. LAND LEASE: Some developments are built on leased land, which may mean that: (a) Buyers will not own the land; (b) the right to occupy the land will terminate at some future time; (c) the cost to lease the land may increase in the future; (d) Buyers may not be able to obtain insurance; (e) the ability to obtain (and the cost of initial and future) financing of the Property may be impacted; and (f) the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property may be impacted. This list may not include all related possible issues. Buyers should obtain a copy of the land lease and discuss with their own attorney or other appropriate professionals the practical and legal implications of owning a home on leased land.

29. PERMITS, ZONING AND CODE COMPLIANCE: Any structure, or portion thereof, on the Property, including the original building, any addition, modification, remodel, repair, improvement or accessory dwelling unit ("ADU") may have been built without permits, not according to building codes, or in violation of zoning laws and may not legally be used or occupied as contemplated by Buyers (collectively referred to as "nonconforming improvements"). The existence of a nonconforming improvement may have a negative impact on appraised value, ability to obtain financing, require a retrofit, impact habitability, preclude insurance coverage or result in fees, penalties and government enforcement actions. In some cases, nonconforming improvements may be subject to removal by local governmental agencies, including building, planning, zoning, environmental health, and code enforcement departments. Nonconforming or illegal rental units may be required to be vacated and possibly torn down. It might not be possible to legalize or bring such nonconforming improvements up to current code because of zoning or permit issues or other legal or regulatory limitations. Even if a nonconforming improvement was built according to the then-existing code or zoning requirements, it may not be in compliance with current building standards or local zoning. As such, commencing any new construction or remodeling projects may not be possible or may require bringing nonconforming improvements into compliance with current requirements. It is also possible that local law may not allow nonconforming improvements that now exist to be rebuilt in the event of damage or destruction. While Sellers are obligated to disclose all known nonconforming improvements, Sellers may not be aware of all nonconforming improvements or uses, especially those that were made prior to the Sellers' ownership of the Property.

Buyers are strongly urged to investigate the possible existence and status of all possible nonconforming improvements by reviewing all files maintained by governmental agencies for the Property (including those listed above), as well as obtaining the advice of contractors,

architects, engineers or other professionals to verify the actual status of all permits, legal requirements and the effect of such requirements on past, current and future use of the Property, its development and size limitations during the Buyers' inspection period, if any. Brokers are not required by law to inspect public records and cannot determine the legal status of improvements based solely on their required visual inspection of the Property. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues detailed in Paragraph 29.

Although state law has made it easier, under some circumstances, to add units and/or to do lot splits on properties that are zoned for single family dwellings, the ability to make such changes to any property is still subject to local regulation and Brokers cannot determine or verify the future use or development of any property.

Obtaining and finalization of permits may trigger additional retrofit requirements that are not required as a condition of sale. Examples including, but are not limited to, water conserving plumbing fixtures and safety devices for pools and spas. See Paragraphs 13 and 34.

30. FUTURE REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND REMODELS: Various federal, state and local governmental agencies impose limitations and restrictions regarding house size, configuration, design, construction and landscaping materials and development of real property depending upon the general location of the Property (e.g., if it is in the Coastal Zone, abuts waterways or is in a designated watershed area or environmental protection zone). Replacement or repairs of certain structures or systems or remodels of portions of the Property may trigger requirements that homeowners comply with laws and regulations that either come into effect after Close of Escrow or are not required to be complied with until the replacement, repair or remodel has occurred. For example, remodeling or repairs may trigger the need to upgrade the electrical system, elimination of gas lines, the type and number of smoke alarms, installation of water conserving plumbing fixtures (see Paragraph 13). Incentives may be available from some utilities to install energy efficient appliances. Permit or code requirements and building standards can change over time, resulting in increased costs to repair existing features or the inability to make any future repair, replacement, remodel or addition to the Property. Changes to state and federal energy efficiency regulations may impact the installation, replacement and some repairs of roofs, windows, water heaters heating and air conditioning units ("HVAC"). Federal Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") regulations require phasing out the use of R-22, freon which may also impact repairs and replacements of existing air conditioning units and heat pumps. State regulations require that when installing or replacing HVAC units, duct work must be tested for leaks in some coastal areas. Home warranty policies may not cover such inspections or repairs. For further information on any of these issues, Buyers should, during Buyer's inspection period, if any, obtain the advice of land use professionals, contractors, architects, engineers or other relevant professionals and investigate with the appropriate governmental agency (e.g., building, planning, zoning, environmental health, code enforcement), the U.S. Department of Energy's website www.energy.ca.gov and the California Energy Commission's website: www.energy.ca.gov/title24.

Many homeowners use unlicensed repair people to save money. However, using unlicensed repair people may create problems because those individuals may not be qualified to do the work, they may not know all of the legal requirements for performance of that work and they may not have insurance, performance bonds or other means to enable them to financially stand behind the work performed. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues detailed in Paragraph 30.

31. PLANS (ARCHITECTURAL & CONSTRUCTION): Property owners often have architectural/construction plans and renderings, whether or not those plans were ever approved or used for any purpose. These plans and drawings do not "run with the land" even if the plans were used to build existing structures and even if they are on file with the local planning department. In most situations, Sellers' contracts with the architect specify that the plans remain in the possession of the architect; the Seller is granted a limited "non-exclusive license" to use that material. Thus, Sellers generally do not have the legal right to advertise, sell or give that documentation to Buyers without the express written authorization of the architect who in all likelihood has copyrighted the plans. Buyers who want to use the Sellers' plans and drawings for any purpose should contact the creator of the plans directly.

32. SMOKE ALARMS & CARBON MONOXIDE DEVICES: In addition to state law disclosure requirements on these topics, some cities or counties may require a smoke alarm inspection by a qualified inspector prior to the transfer of title. Sellers and Buyers should contact the local governmental agencies and all applicable regulators regarding the type, number and location of smoke alarms and carbon monoxide devices. Buyers need to determine whether an inspection or additional documentation is needed to certify proper installation and operation of the smoke alarms and ascertain the impact that these issues may have on the value, use, enjoyment or development of the Property. Fire department resources vary from district to district. Buyers should investigate these issues during Buyers' inspection period, if any.

33. RETROFIT, SAFETY & SECURITY REQUIREMENTS: Local laws may require installation of barriers, access alarms, self-latching mechanisms and other measures to decrease risks to children and others presented by swimming pools and hot tubs in addition to requirements imposed by the State of California. See Paragraph 34. Some local governments may impose additional retrofit standards, including, but not limited to, installing low-flow toilets and shower heads in addition to the requirements imposed by the State of California. State and local laws may require the installation of locking mechanisms on doors and window bars, operable smoke alarms and carbon monoxide devices, gas shut-off valves, spark arresters and tempered glass, bracing or strapping of water heaters, and completion of a corresponding written statement of compliance that is delivered to Buyers. Some local governments may impose additional retrofit standards, including, but not limited to, installing low-flow toilets and shower heads, gas shut-off valves, spark arresters and tempered glass. Unless specifically agreed in the Purchase Contract, the Property may not be in complete compliance with applicable requirements. To determine the retrofit requirements and any applicable penalties for non-compliance, and to determine the extent to which the Property complies with such standards, consult with the appropriate government agencies. To determine the costs, if any, consult licensed construction professionals.

34. POOL & SPA SAFETY: Commencing January 1, 2018, home inspection reports used in the sale of a single-family residence, must indicate whether or not a Property with a pool and/or spa has any of the 7 drowning prevention safety features described in Health & Safety Code Section 115925. Neither home inspectors nor Buyers and Sellers can agree to waive this requirement if there is a home inspection report but the new law does not obligate Sellers or Buyers to obtain a home inspection report.

Although it is important to have appropriate safety features in place to prevent drowning of small children, this law is not a retrofit requirement that must be completed as a condition of sale. At the time that a single-family residence is altered or improved and there are less than 2 safety features, then installation of 2 of the 7 drowning prevention safety features must be a condition of final permit approval. Therefore, Sellers and Buyers are advised to determine, prior to contract Acceptance, which Party will be responsible for the cost of adding any required pool/spa safety features. Real estate professionals are not obligated to and are not qualified to determine if the Property has any current safety features.

35. **BALCONIES/DECKS INSPECTION & RETROFIT REQUIREMENTS:** Effective January 1, 2019, state law requires an owner of multi-family buildings with 3 or more dwelling units to conduct an inspection of and make any necessary repairs to exterior decks, balconies and other components that are elevated more than 6 feet above the ground. The inspection must be completed by January 1, 2025 and will require subsequent inspection by January 1st of every six years thereafter. The purpose of the inspection is to determine whether the decks, balconies, and exterior elevated elements and their associated water proofing elements are in a generally safe condition, adequate working order, and free from any hazardous condition caused by fungus, deterioration, decay or improper alteration. State law requires that the inspection be performed by certain qualified professionals. The law sets forth timelines for the completion of the report, delivery to the owner, and completion of any repairs or replacement. Fines, penalties and/or liens on the property can be imposed for non-compliance with this law. State law allows cities and counties to enact their own regulations which may be stricter than the state requirements, including but not limited to extending the inspection and repair requirements to other exterior components, such as landings, exit corridors, stairway systems and other elements to determine if these structures are in safe condition, in adequate working order and free from hazards, dry rot, fungus, deterioration, decay, improper construction or hazardous conditions. Buyers are strongly urged to investigate possible inspection and retrofit requirements by personally contacting the local building inspection and code enforcement agencies as well as additional licensed professionals regarding the status and condition of any building components at the Property prior to removing any inspection contingency.

36. **GARAGE DOOR SAFETY REQUIREMENTS:** Effective July 1, 2019, in addition to existing safety standards regarding automatic reversing device standards, all new automatic garage door openers sold or installed in California must have a battery-operated back-up system to function during electrical outages. This state law is not a mandatory retrofit of existing garage doors; it only applies to new garage doors.

37. **RE-KEYING:** Buyers are advised to re-key all locks upon possession. Alarm system, (which may be leased, see Paragraph 5), should be serviced by professionals and all alarms codes should be changed by Buyers. Garage door openers and remotes should also be re-coded.

38. **ON-LINE PHOTOS, INFORMATION & CONSUMER PRIVACY:** Effective January 1, 2020, the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 ("CCPA") imposes new privacy obligations on certain types of businesses that collect "personal information" about California consumers. Not all individuals and/or entities with whom you interact during a real estate transaction are required to comply with the CCPA. For additional information, review the PRDS® California Consumer Privacy Act Advisory. Whether or not CCPA applies, photographs of the Property provided to the MLS and Brokers' websites may appear on other Brokers' sites as well as national data aggregation sites, including, but not limited to, Realtor.com, Zillow and Trulia. It is not possible for Brokers to remove photos from websites over which they have no control. Information regarding the Property and the neighborhood may exist online in various blogs, discussion boards, Nextdoor, Facebook pages, official neighborhood association and HOA sites. However, other unofficial sites written by third parties may also exist with postings about the community, people and properties. Some online site offer viewers the opportunity to express opinions and air complaints. The information available on official and unofficial sites may consist of opinion, speculation, unfounded assertions and rumors, making it difficult to determine what is and what is not true. Neither Seller nor any of the real estate licensees may be aware of, nor will they conduct a search of, any online information, even if they are using or have used those platforms to advertise goods or services. Sellers and real estate licensees are not obligated to verify, investigate, explain or remove commentary of third parties.

39. **EPA REQUIREMENTS FOR PRE-1978 HOUSING:** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") regulations require (a) that contractors be certified before performing work in homes built before 1978, (b) the use of lead-safe practices and other actions aimed at preventing lead poisoning, and (c) that property owners who wish to renovate, repair, or prepare surfaces for painting in pre-1978 rental housing or space rented by child-care facilities, before beginning work, also be certified and follow the lead-safe work practices required by EPA's Renovation, Repair and Remodeling rule. For further information, contact the U.S. EPA's Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD [5323], or go to: www.epa.gov.

40. **HISTORICAL DESIGNATION, COASTAL COMMISSION, AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS ON IMPROVEMENTS AND LAND USE:** The Property may be designated as a historical landmark, protected by historical conservancy, subject to an architectural or landscaping review process, lie within the jurisdiction of the California Coastal Commission or other government agency, or be subject to a contract preserving use of all or part of the Property for agriculture or open space. Specific structures, sites, trails, roads and natural features may be identified in a "General Plan" or local "Specific Plan" as requiring special treatment and various types of permits and other fees (especially if the Property is located along the California coastline). If the Property is specially designated on any governmental entity's list or map, there may be severe restrictions on Buyers' ability to retain existing features of the Property, develop, remodel, improve, remove, build or rebuild any of the structures or remove or trim trees or other landscaping. Buyers should investigate these issues during Buyer's inspection period, if any, by retaining the services of a land use consultant and contacting all applicable governmental agencies (including, but not limited, to local city and county planning departments, the California Coastal Commission (www.coastal.ca.gov), or call North Central Coast District Office at (415) 904-5260, the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (www.wildlife.ca.gov) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers at: www.spn.usace.army.mil). See also Paragraph 30 of this Advisory. Brokers have not verified and will not verify any of the issues detailed in Paragraph 40.

41. **RENTAL PROPERTY, RENT CAPS & JUST CAUSE EVICTION:** Effective January 1, 2020, with certain exemptions, California law limits the amount of rent increases that can be made by Landlords during any 12 month period of time and establishes "Just Cause" requirements for evicting Tenants who have continuously and lawfully occupied the Property for 12 months or more. This state law establishes criteria and procedures for At-Fault Just Cause Evictions, No-Fault Just Cause Evictions as well as Tenant payments for No-Fault Just Cause Evictions. Existing and future local ordinances may also apply to the frequency and amount of any rent increases as well as the ability to evict Tenants depending upon whether or not the local law is more restrictive on the Landlord than the state law. Rental property that is offered to the public must be done in compliance with all state and federal fair housing laws including but not limited to, making reasonable accommodations for individuals with disabilities and/or with service/assistance/companion animals. State law prohibits Landlords from refusing to rent to Tenants who intend to operate a day care facility; a residence with up to 14 children is deemed to be a legitimate residential use. State law also prohibits Landlords from discriminating against Tenants on the basis of their source of income, such as "Section 8", the informal name for the federal housing choice voucher program administered by HUD. Several HOAs already have or are considering imposing restrictions on new owners who intend to rent out some or all of their Property which may differ from rules for existing owners.

Landlords must provide various disclosures and advisories to Tenants and comply with state and local Landlord-Tenant regulations. For example, commencing July 1, 2020, Landlords must disclose, in writing, if the Property is exempt from the Just Cause Eviction requirements. Landlords must

also comply with Civil Code Section 827 when giving tenants notices of rent increases. Effective January 1, 2022, Landlords must provide tenants with a booklet entitled "Information on Dampness and Mold for Renters in California". Other statewide Landlord notice requirements include, but are not limited to, providing Tenants with a statutory flood hazard disclosure and a bedbug notice to all Tenants. Landlords must also comply with other regulations to eradicate bedbugs. Effective July 1, 2022, rental property may be subject to a government lead inspection if a city or county receives a complaint of a substandard building or lead hazard violation from a tenant, resident or occupant.

Sellers and Buyers of tenant-occupied property should consult with their own Local Landlord-Tenant Attorney to determine the legal viability of entering into an agreement that the Property shall be vacant prior to the Close of Escrow. Buyers intending to use some or all of a Property for rental purposes should investigate the condition of the Property and all rental property issues with appropriate governmental authorities, the relevant HOAs, and a Local Landlord-Tenant Attorney during Buyers' inspection/investigation contingency period, if any. Brokers are not qualified to provide legal advice and they are not qualified to determine which Landlord-Tenant laws apply to any given Property or Tenancy.

Although state law encourages construction of secondary housing units (an accessory dwelling unit "ADU" or "in-law unit") and prohibits HOAs from unreasonably restricting building an ADU on an owner's separate interest, the ability to construct those units and/or to rent those units to Tenants is still subject to local jurisdiction regulations and approvals. If Buyers intend to construct or use secondary units for rental purposes, they should investigate the financial and legal feasibility of those improvements and uses with appropriate experts during Buyers' inspection contingency period, if any. Brokers are not qualified to make those determinations.

42. RENTAL (SHORT-TERM & VACATION): Various local governmental entities and HOA have enacted, or are considering enacting, regulations on the ability of owners to rent out some portion or all of their Property on either a short-term (30 days or less) or long-term basis using services such as Airbnb and VBRO. Existing and proposed regulations may include a complete prohibition against certain types of rentals, licensing, permit requirements, special health and safety inspections, taxation and/or restrictions such as a limitation on the number of nights per month, total number of renter occupants, parking requirements and noise restriction. State law has increased the minimum fines that are imposed for short term rentals that pose a threat to public health and safety. Renting out one's Property may also be impacted by subdivision and HOA Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions ("CC&Rs"). In some areas, the HOA and/or governmental entities are classifying short-term and vacation rentals as constituting the running of a business out of a residence which is often prohibited in CC&Rs and/or requires approval of a home occupation permit from the local governmental entity. Neither Sellers nor Brokers can predict if, or when, any jurisdiction or HOA will adopt regulations, limitations or prohibitions on rentals in the future. Buyers who are considering using their Property for short-term or vacation rentals are strongly encouraged to investigate current and pending governmental and/or HOA rules and regulations related to rentals, insurance coverage, and the existence of taxation such as a Transient Occupancy Tax ("TOT") and to review that documentation with a qualified California real estate attorney as well as their own insurance broker prior to the Close of Escrow.

43. MELLO-ROOS DISTRICTS, 1915 BOND, AND OTHER FACILITIES DISTRICTS: The Property may be subject to an improvement bond assessment under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and a levy of a special tax pursuant to a Mello-Roos community facilities or other district. The existence of Mello-Roos and 1915 Bond districts should be referenced in a report by a Natural Hazard Disclosure ("NHD") company. Most other assessment districts will be reported in the Preliminary Report from the title company. Still others may be disclosed by Sellers or local disclosure. Sellers are generally required to make a good faith effort to obtain a disclosure notice from any local agency collecting such taxes and deliver such notice to Buyers. The responsibility for prorating or paying taxes and assessments should be determined as part of the negotiations for the Purchase Agreement.

44. "SUPPLEMENTAL" PROPERTY TAX BILL; ACCURATE SALES PRICE REPORTING: Pursuant to Civil Code § 1102.6(c), Seller or Seller's agent is required to provide the following "Notice of Your "Supplemental" Tax Bill" to the Buyer.

"California property tax law requires the Assessor to revalue real property at the time the ownership of property changes. Because of this law, you may receive one or two supplemental tax bills, depending on when your loan closes."

"The supplemental tax bills are not mailed to your lender. If you have arranged for your property tax payments to be paid through an impound account, the supplemental tax bill will not be paid by your lender. It is your responsibility to pay these supplemental bills directly to the Tax Collector. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please call your Tax Collector's Office."

Although this statutory Supplemental Tax Bill Notice refers to a loan closing as a trigger, it is actually the change of ownership which triggers this reassessment. Therefore, the Property can be reassessed even if there is no loan involved in the purchase of the Property. The Purchase Agreement may allocate supplemental tax bills received after the Close of Escrow to the Buyer. A change (preliminary change) of ownership form is generally required to be filled by the Buyer with the local taxing agency which identifies the sale price of the Property; however the Assessor may value the Property at its fair market value regardless of the sales price. Parcel and other types of taxes may be added and/or increase over time. For further information concerning these matters, Buyer should contact the County Assessor or Tax Collector and/or Buyer's own tax or legal advisors. Brokers do not have expertise on the issues in Paragraph 44.

45. PACE: California First, also known as PACE ("Property Assessed Clean Energy"), is a program available to homeowners to help with energy and water conservation improvements to their property. Through PACE, property owners may finance such projects as adding insulation or installing more energy efficient furnaces, drought tolerant landscaping or other conservation measures. Buyers and Sellers are cautioned that these financed funds become a line-item obligation on future property tax bills and are usually not listed on Preliminary Reports from Title Companies.

Note: Some lenders may not allow PACE financing because it affects their security interest. Effective January of 2018, Federal Housing Authority ("FHA") has announced that they will not insure any mortgage with a PACE lien in place. Buyers and Sellers are advised to consult with qualified tax, financial and legal advisors regarding the ramifications of an existing PACE loan and whether or not to apply for a PACE loan. Sellers should disclose the known existence of, and any other information regarding, PACE financing relating to the Property.

46. **FIRPTA/CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING:** Federal law nominally requires Buyers to withhold and remit to the Internal Revenue Service a set percentage of the purchase price if a Seller is a non-resident alien, unless an exemption applies. The original 10% withholding amount is increased to 15% where the sales price is \$1 million or more. Sellers may avoid this federal withholding requirement by providing to Buyers a "FIRPTA" statement duly claiming exempt status. The statement must be signed by each Seller under penalty of perjury and include each Seller's taxpayer identification number. Alternatively, a "Qualified Substitute" (such as the escrow holder) can state under penalty of perjury that it has verified the required taxpayer identification information. The Purchase Contract may impose time limits on how quickly the Seller must provide the required documentation. Buyers can also avoid the federal withholding requirement if the Property purchase price is \$300,000 or less and Buyers sign an affidavit stating that they intend to occupy the Property as their principal residence. California law requires that Buyers withhold and remit to the Franchise Tax Board 3-1/3% of the purchase price unless the Sellers sign an affidavit that the Property was the Seller's (or the decedent's if a trust or probate sale) principal residence or that another exemption applies. Exemptions from withholding also apply to legal entities such as corporations, LLCs, and partnerships. Brokers cannot give tax or legal advice. Buyers and Sellers should seek advice from a Certified Public Accountant, attorney or taxing authority.

47. **DEATH ON THE PROPERTY:** California law requires that all Sellers, whether or not exempt from completing any specific disclosure forms, disclose any death on the Property and the manner of death that occurred less than three years of the date an offer to purchase is made. Although the California Legislature deems deaths that occurred more than 3 years prior to the date of sale not to be "material facts," any responses by Sellers and Listing Agents to direct questions on that topic must be truthful. Buyers who have questions or concerns about this topic should put their inquiries in writing for a written response, if any, from Sellers.

48. **TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT:** Unless exempt, Sellers of residential property consisting of 1 to 4 units must complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement ("TDS") even if the property is being sold "AS IS". The Parties cannot waive this statutory requirement. Seller must, for example, disclose any past or current lawsuits affecting the Property of which they are aware and disputes regarding construction defects with references to Civil Code Sections 900, 903, 910 and 914. See Paragraph 6 above. If Sellers have any questions regarding how to respond to any of the questions in the TDS, any supplements to the TDS, any other questionnaires, inquiries from Buyers or how to disclose any known material fact, Sellers should consult with their own qualified California real estate attorney.

If Sellers become aware of new information that affects the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property that the Buyers are not otherwise aware of or has already been disclosed to the Buyers, Sellers may be required (depending upon, e.g., the purchase contract form) to amend the TDS and give Buyer a right to rescind the contract within 3 days of personal delivery (or 5 days of mailing/emailing) of the amended TDS. If Sellers have any questions regarding the obligation to provide and/or the benefits of providing an amended TDS, they should consult with a qualified California real estate attorney. Brokers do not have the requisite expertise to provide advice on the issues in Paragraph 48.

49. **NATURAL HAZARDS DISCLOSURE:** Unless exempt, Sellers of residential property consisting of 1 to 4 units must disclose known natural hazards on the Natural Hazards Disclosure Statement ("NHDS") form. Sellers generally retain the services of a third-party natural hazards disclosure company to review public records and maps to provide that information to Buyers. Where a Seller is exempt or is otherwise not required to provide the NHDS, it is recommended that Buyers still secure a NHD report to be informed of natural hazards which could affect the use and development of the Property. Some NHD companies provide information based upon federal, state, county and local sources, but these sources are not always consistent with each other, the maps relied upon may change over time, and the thoroughness of the report may vary depending upon the company chosen and the cost of the report. Buyers should carefully review all sources relied upon in the NHD report. Not all NHD companies use the same sources and some do not include all of the local information. Buyers should not rely exclusively on the NHDS or the accompanying NHD reports for all information regarding natural hazards which may affect the Property. Buyers who have questions about any NHD report should contact the NHD company that issued the report. Although some NHD providers are licensed geologists, they are not conducting a geological examination of the Property. Buyers should have the actual Property inspected by a licensed geologist, geotechnical engineer, or other licensed professionals to evaluate the past and current condition of the Property so as to assess its value, future use and development. Brokers are not qualified to determine the location or extent of natural hazards or to explain the contents of NHD reports.

50. **GEOLOGIC HAZARDS:** California has experienced earthquakes of varying sizes and frequency. There is always a potential for future earthquakes. Earthquake damage may not be discoverable by Buyers' or Brokers' visual inspections. Inspection by a licensed structural engineer is strongly recommended to determine the structural integrity and safety of all improvements on the Property. If the Property is a condominium, or is located in a planned unit or common interest development, Buyers should contact the Homeowners' Association regarding earthquake repairs and retrofit work. Buyers are encouraged to obtain and read the pamphlet entitled "The Homeowners Guide to Earthquake Safety." If the home was built prior to 1960, Sellers may be required to complete a questionnaire within that pamphlet. If the Property was built before 1975 and contains structures built with masonry or precast (tilt-up) concrete walls, Sellers must provide Buyers with a pamphlet entitled "The Commercial Property Owner's Guide to Earthquake Safety." Many areas have a wide range of geologic problems and numerous studies have been made of these conditions. Some of this information is available for review at city and county planning departments. Buyers should review public maps and reports and/or obtain a geologist's inspection report rather than relying solely on the NHDS (see Paragraph 49). Buyers may be able to obtain earthquake insurance; Sellers who agree to provide financing should also consider requiring Buyers to obtain such insurance.

51. **EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONES AND SEISMIC HAZARD ZONES:** California law requires the delineation and mapping of "Earthquake Fault Zones" along known active faults and "Seismic Hazard Zones." Affected cities and counties must regulate construction projects within these zones. Improvement of affected properties may be subject to the findings of a geological report prepared by a registered California geologist. However, earthquakes and seismic hazards may occur outside designated zones. For further information, Buyers should make independent inquiries of any research company retained by Sellers (see Paragraph 49) or with appropriate government agencies concerning the use and improvement of the Property during the Buyers' inspection period, if any.

52. **FIRE HAZARDS, HOME HARDENING & DEFENSIBLE SPACE:** Fires annually cause the destruction of many properties in California. Due to climate and topography, certain areas have higher risks of fires than others. Certain fire hazard zones are reported in the NHDS (see Paragraph 49). Certain types of materials used in home construction create a greater risk of fire than others. However, there is a potential for fires even outside designated zones. Wildfire disasters can create health and safety concerns in the aftermath of clean-up efforts, as well as unknown and possible future concerns related to the rebuilding of infrastructure in the impacted areas. Some of the concerns and issues of wildfires include, but are not limited to: lot clearing costs; environmental clean-up concerns; local, state and/or federal regulations for issuing

permits and/or for authorizing rebuilding efforts; availability and cost of securing appropriate insurance coverage and/or utilities; construction-related inconvenience and delay; and the impact that federal, state or local disaster declarations may have on materials, prices, costs and rent. State and local jurisdictions may require that homeowners maintain their properties by means of weed/brush abatement, tree trimming and other measures to create "defensible space" in a fire hazard area.

Effective January 1, 2021, Sellers of property built before January 1, 2010 that is located in high or very high fire hazard severity zones who must complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement must also disclose their awareness of the property's fire hardening vulnerabilities. Effective July 1, 2021 Sellers of property that is located in high or very high fire hazard severity zones who must complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement must also disclose whether or not there are any local ordinances regarding defensible space or local vegetation management ordinances regardless of the age of the property.

Fire prevention steps may be required of property owners in some areas. Properties located in a high or very high fire hazard severity zone may be subject to CalFire building and use restrictions which can impact the rebuilding, renovation and/or expansion of existing structures and the building of new structures. Information on minimum annual vegetation management standards to protect homes from wildfires may be obtained at www.readyforwildfire.org. Additional information may be obtained at the California Department of Forestry and Fire "CalFire" website <http://fire.ca.gov/>. CalFire also has a "Fire Hazard Severity Zone Viewer" at <https://gis.data.ca.gov/datasets/> which may be used to determine if a property is in a fire hazard zone, if any. For further information, Buyers should contact the local fire department as well as Buyers' insurance agent during Buyers' inspection period, if any, regarding the risk of fires. Buyers should consult with all applicable governmental agencies regarding any questions about fire safety zones and applicable regulations; Buyers should also investigate with Buyer's own construction, architectural and development experts regarding any planned future use or development of the Property. Brokers do not have expertise on the issues addressed in Paragraph 52 and will not verify the fire hazard severity zone of the Property.

53. FLOOD HAZARDS/ZONES: The National Flood Insurance Program identifies flood plain areas and establishes flood-risk zones within those areas which are shown on the NHDS (see Paragraph 49). That program mandates flood insurance for properties within high-risk zones if loans are obtained from a federally-regulated financial institution or are insured by any agency of the United States government. The extent of coverage and costs may vary depending upon which flood zone applies and some properties may now be required to have an elevation certification on file with the local government in order to obtain insurance coverage. Buyers should recognize that there is potential for flooding even outside designated zones; flood maps and flood designations may change over time which could impact the future use, value, desirability or development of the Property as well as its insurability. Changing sea levels and heavy rainfall may also cause potential flooding. For further information, Buyers should consult their lender, insurance agent and the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") during Buyers' inspection period, if any.

54. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: The presence of such environmental hazards as lead-based paint and other lead contamination, asbestos, formaldehyde, radon, methane, other gases, fuel oil or chemical storage tanks, contaminated soil or water, hazardous waste, waste disposal sites, electromagnetic fields, nuclear sources, urea formaldehyde, tri-chloro-ethane or tri-chloro-ethylene (a.k.a. "TCE"), and other conditions and materials may adversely affect the Property and may cause health problems to people and animals. Buyers should have qualified experts inspect the Property for existing and potential hazards during Buyer's inspection contingency period, if any. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Buyers and Sellers should also read the pamphlets entitled "Residential Environmental Hazards; A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants" and "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home."

55. MOLD: Mold is one type of environmental hazard. The presence of toxic and non-toxic mold, fungi, mildew and other organisms (collectively referred to as "Mold") may adversely affect the Property. Current information indicates that some types of Mold may cause severe health problems for certain individuals, but not everyone. Not all Molds are detectable as part of a visual inspection by a Broker or even a professional whole-house inspector. It is also possible that the Property could have a hidden Mold problem unknown to the Sellers. The only way to provide any reasonable assurance that the Property does not have a Mold or other health hazard problem is to retain the services of an environmental expert to conduct specific tests at the Property. These tests customarily consist of an interior and exterior examination for airborne spores and a carpet test, but other procedures may be necessary. Any visible Mold should be professionally evaluated. Brokers have not verified and cannot verify whether there is or is not any type of health hazard.

Buyers should consider having a specific Mold test performed by an environmental professional as either a separate investigation or an add-on to their whole-house inspection. This is especially necessary if a Buyer has a known problem with Mold or if any of the inspection reports or disclosure documents indicate that evidence of past or present moisture, standing water or water intrusion at the Property, since most Mold thrives on moisture. All inspections, including those to detect Mold, should be completed during Buyer's inspection period, if any. Any waiver or failure on the part of Buyers to complete and obtain all appropriate tests, including those for Mold, is against the Brokers' advice. For more information about Mold, Buyers should consult the Environmental Hazards Pamphlet referenced in Paragraph 55.

56. UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS ("UST"): Many homes may have or have had an underground storage tank ("UST") for the fuel oil that fired the furnace or for storage of gasoline or oil. As natural gas became the standard fuel for home furnaces, virtually all of the old furnaces were replaced. However, many USTs remain buried on some properties and cannot be detected as part of a visual inspection. The California State Water Resources Control Board regulates all residential USTs in California. The licensing, inspection and regulation of residential USTs is currently not required if the tanks capacity is less than 750 gallons and it was used for fuel oil only. However, this does not guarantee that any given property would be exempt from abatement if a UST is discovered. Each municipality has different regulations that may include tank removal and soil cleanup of any toxic material that may have leaked from the UST. For further information, contact the Public Works Department, Building Department and Fire Department for the Property.

57. GOVERNMENTAL SERVICES: Economic and political factors may impact the cost, nature and extent of available governmental services including, but not limited to, law enforcement, fire protection, postal service and public works. Buyers should investigate the impact that these issues may have on the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property during their inspection period, if any. Brokers have not verified and will not verify the issues addressed in Paragraph 57.

58. SCHOOLS: Neighborhood schools normally serving the Property may not have space available in current or upcoming school years and some schools may be impacted by busing, overcrowding, financial cutbacks, academic achievement difficulties, possible closings and other

issues. Each school district has its own rules regarding school assignments and these rules may change at any time with little notice. The ability to provide schooling for children with special needs varies greatly in different communities. Buyers should thoroughly investigate these and other issues with local school districts during Buyers' inspection period, if any. Brokers have not verified and will not verify the issues in Paragraph 58.

59. **NOISE AND ODORS:** Levels and types of noise and odors that bother one person may be acceptable to others. Factors which can impact these subjective, sensory issues include, but are not limited to, various types of trains, buses, light rail, BART, freeways, nearby farming industry, construction, neighbors' indoor and outdoor activities, crops, animals and other causes. The Bay Area is also served by three international airports, several municipal and private airports and Moffett Field. Aircraft fly over virtually all residential areas creating noise levels that vary depending upon the aircraft type, size, altitude, time of flight, weather conditions and on the Property's proximity to flight paths and airports. Local amenities, facilities and venues including, but not limited to, the Shoreline Amphitheater, Mountain Winery, Montalvo Center for the Arts, Great America, Levi's Stadium, Avaya Stadium, SAP Arena, schools, parks and ball fields, produce noise at various times. Some coastal properties may be impacted by tsunami warning systems. Buyers should visit the Property at various days and times to personally determine noise and odor levels; Buyers should also contact the respective transportation agencies to determine whether potential noise and odors levels are acceptable to Buyers and will impact the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property.

60. **SMOKING & VAPING ORDINANCES:** The Counties of Santa Clara and San Mateo as well some cities in those counties have or are in the process of enacting smoking ordinances regulating smoking pollution from a variety of tobacco and non-tobacco devices, including but not limited to vaping, within some types of residential property. These regulations may limit or affect where smoking is permitted, the terms of any applicable lease agreements, the smoker's responsibilities to others for the effects of second-hand smoke and other issues. Different rules may apply to multi-unit residences. CC&Rs and homeowners' association rules and regulations may also address these issues. For more information, Buyers should go to the applicable governmental website and should contact the homeowners' association.

61. **MARIJUANA & DRUG LABS:** Effective January 1, 2018, California has passed laws legalizing marijuana ("cannabis"); however, that statewide law requires local cities and counties to enact regulations for the issuance of permits and licenses prior to anyone using, cultivating, distributing and/or selling cannabis. Those regulations can include, but are not limited to, a determination as to the availability of water and other resources to grow cannabis. NOTE: there are still federal laws which may make those activities illegal and the federal government's ability to enforce its stricter restrictions in states such as California that have passed contrary legislation is still possible. If Buyers are intending to purchase property that has been used for cultivation, distribution and/or sale of cannabis or if Buyers are intending to purchase property for those same purposes, Buyer should consult with a local, qualified California real estate attorney who has expertise in this area. Cultivation or storage of marijuana may cause damage or alteration to the Property which may not be visibly apparent.

The new State laws allow landlords to prohibit/regulate smoking of marijuana in or on the landlord's property as well as to allow landlords to prohibit the cultivation, distribution and sale of marijuana for any purpose.

Some properties may have been used as illegal methamphetamine labs. California law requires owners to notify occupants of such usage. Depending upon the circumstances, special clean-up efforts may be needed. Buyers should consider hiring an environmental hygienist contractor and other appropriate professionals to inspect a property where marijuana activity has taken place or where there has been a methamphetamine lab. Brokers are not qualified to make any determinations regarding the issues in Paragraph 61.

62. **CRIME:** The existence of crime is a fact of life. Some areas experience more crime than others and crime statistics for various areas may rise and fall over time. Local law enforcement agencies may target designated areas for special, but temporary, enforcement measures. Individual criminal acts may occur anywhere and may or may not be reported to law enforcement or news sources. During their inspection contingency period, if any, Buyers should check with local law enforcement agencies if concern over criminal activity is a factor in the purchase of the Property. Brokers do not undertake these investigations and do not have the necessary expertise to evaluate criminal activity.

63. **"WIRE FRAUD" SCAM ALERT:** Recently some Buyers and Sellers have received emails purportedly sent by their agent or an escrow company providing wire transfer information, but that are actually sent by hackers who re-direct the funds to the hacker's account with an off-shore site. Buyers and Sellers should confirm all email wire transfer instructions directly with the escrow officer by calling the escrow officer directly and personally confirming verbal wire transfer instructions before taking any steps to have their funds transferred. If a questionable wiring instruction has been received, Buyers and Sellers should promptly notify their bank, their real estate broker and the escrow officer, as well as the FBI at www.fbi.gov or the Internet Complaint Center at www.ic3.gov.

64. **FREEWAYS, HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:** The ability to travel on public roads varies greatly due to present and future changes in those roads, development and construction of other properties, weather, traffic congestion, and such other factors as peak travel times. Public and private events and venues can add substantially to travel times, and resultant traffic impacts may adversely affect the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property. Buyers should assess their own transportation needs and investigate relevant transportation issues during various times and days of the week during their inspection period, if any.

65. **TRAINS AND BART:** Caltrans operates commuter trains that run daily from San Jose to San Francisco and make stops in Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties. A railroad train also runs between San Jose and Cupertino several times a week. Freight trains operate at various times of day and night in both counties. The Bay Area Rapid Transit district operates trains. Trains, train tracks and train stations may create noise, impact local streets, and affect the value and desirability of some property. Under regulations issued by the Federal Railroad Administration, trains must produce a distinct, separate, sequential blast at various grade crossings (where a street crosses the tracks) and whenever a train engineer sees a trespasser near the tracks. Caltrans has relocated horns onto the top of the locomotives, increasing the volume and range of the sound. Caltrans is attempting to balance neighborhood noise concerns with required safety regulations. Since ultimate impact on the Property or Buyers of any type of train traffic is subjective in nature, Buyers are advised to personally investigate these issues during their inspection period, if any, to determine their potential impact. For more information, go to www.caltran.org; www.bart.gov.

66. **HIGH-SPEED RAIL:** On November 5, 2008, California voters approved Proposition 1A authorizing funding of a high-speed rail transportation system ("HSRTS") linking various cities in the State. Both the location of the proposed HSRTS and the possible effect that the construction and operation of that system will have on residential areas has been the subject of concern and debate. Some news reports have

indicated that, depending upon the location of the HSRTS, it may have a negative effect on some properties in the San Francisco Bay Area. Precisely what impact, if any, the proposed HSRTS system will have on the Property or Buyers preferences is unknown either before, during or after construction and is subjective in nature. Brokers are not experts in this area and Buyers are advised to satisfy themselves with regard to this issue during their inspection contingency period, if any. The California High-Speed Rail Authority ("Authority") is responsible for planning, constructing and operating that HSRTS; Buyers can obtain more information at www.cahighspeedrail.ca.gov.

67. **INSURANCE - CLUE REPORTS:** Buyers should consult an insurance broker during Buyers' inspection period, if any, to determine the cost of homeowners' insurance, the types of available coverage and any restrictions that the carrier might impose. Some insurance companies may impose such retrofit requirements as installation of safety glass, fireplace spark arrestors, and a gas shut-off valve. (The fact that an insurance company may require these repairs as a pre-condition of coverage does not necessarily mean that a Seller is otherwise legally obligated to install such devices). Insurance coverage for certain high fire risk, hillside, oceanfront and brush properties may only be available from the California Fair Plan; coverage may be limited and the cost of this insurance may be increased. Buyer's own insurance agent should be consulted during Buyer's inspection contingency period, if any, regarding the availability of coverage under the California Fair Plan and the length of time it may take for processing a California Fair Plan application. Flood insurance may also be required from the National Flood Insurance Program (see Paragraph 53). If the Property is a condominium or part of a common interest development, the Homeowners' Association may provide some insurance coverage for the common area and units, but the Homeowners' Association may not provide coverage for the individual units or the homeowners' personal belongings. Buyers should ask for a copy of the Homeowners' Association insurance certificate and provide that to their own insurance broker to ensure that adequate coverage is provided for. Buyers should also consider asking Sellers order a C.L.U.E. report, (a 5-year history of past insurance claims) on the Property. Some insurance companies at various times have stopped issuing homeowner's insurance policies in California as well as in other states as a result of the increase in mold claims. Some insurance companies will not issue a homeowner's policy on a home that has had any mold or water intrusion claims within the last five years. Obtaining homeowner's insurance may be difficult, if not more expensive, where either the Seller or the Buyer has made a mold or water intrusion claim within the last five years. During their inspection or insurance investigation, Buyers should assure themselves that homeowner's insurance can be obtained on the Property.

In the event that the Parties propose either that Seller retain possession of the Property after escrow closes (for any period of time), or that Buyer obtain possession prior to the Close of Escrow, the Parties should first consult with their insurance brokers to ascertain the availability of necessary insurance coverage.

68. **TITLE INSURANCE:** Buyers generally receive a Preliminary Report ("Prelim") from a title company as part of the Buyer's investigation of the Property. California law provides that a Prelim is only an offer of title insurance and is not a guarantee of title. The Prelim may not contain every item affecting title. Buyers should carefully review the Prelim and investigate all of the underlying documents that are referenced as policy "exceptions" or "exclusions". Although lenders must disclose that title insurance is optional, Brokers strongly encourage Buyers to purchase title insurance as recommended in the Mandatory Notice of California Civil Code Section 1057.6 which states, "Important: in a purchase or exchange of real property, it may be advisable to obtain title insurance in connection with the Close of Escrow since there maybe prior recorded liens and encumbrances which affect your interest in the property being acquired. A new policy of title insurance should be obtained in order to ensure your interest in the property that you are acquiring."

69. **HOME WARRANTY:** Buyers and Sellers can purchase home warranty plans that cover, both before and after Close of Escrow, various systems of the Property. Sellers can obtain coverage for the Property during the listing period. For an additional premium, upgraded policies providing additional coverage for, e.g., air conditioning, pool, spa, appliances, well and other features may be available. Home warranties do not cover every aspect of the Property and may not cover pre-existing conditions, upgrades for repairs required by state or federal laws. Buyers should review the availability of various home warranty plans during Buyers' inspection period, if any.

70. **COMMON INTEREST DEVELOPMENTS ("CID") & CC&Rs:** If the Property is a condominium or is located in either a planned unit development or common interest subdivision, there will probably be a HOA as well as governing documents that pertain to the HOA, individual properties and the common area. HOA rules and regulations may limit Buyers' use and enjoyment of the Property. Buyers should keep in mind that HOA governing documents can change over time (by board action, the member approval process and/or court action thus there is no guarantee that the Buyers' future intended uses will be allowed. For more information about the types of governing documents, the duties and obligations of Sellers and Buyers, please review the PRDS® Common Interest Development Advisory.

If there are any unlawful discriminatory covenants contained in recorded CC&Rs, Owners and future Owners have the right to have that language removed through the restrictive covenant modification process that is handled by the County Recorder's office.

71. **PRIVATE TRANSFER FEE:** A private transfer fee ("PTF") is a payment required and imposed within CC&Rs or other recorded instruments and due upon transfer of title. Sellers must disclose the existence of any PTF, the amount of the fee required, a description of how the fee is calculated, the entity that is to be paid, the purposes for which the fee will be used, and the date or circumstances under which the obligation to pay the transfer fee expires, if any. Since Seller may not actually know whether the Property is subject to a PTF, Buyers should carefully examine any and all title documents and consult with a Title Officer to determine this issue.

72. **NON-CONFIDENTIALITY OF OFFERS:** Sellers or Sellers' representatives may not be legally obligated to treat the existence, terms or conditions of any Buyers' offer as confidential unless confidentiality is required by law, regulation, or a confidentiality agreement exists between the parties. Sellers and Buyers should carefully consider the relative need, value, advantage and disadvantage of requiring the execution of a confidentiality agreement as a precondition to submittal of an offer in consultation with a real estate attorney early enough in time for the attorney to prepare a satisfactory confidentiality agreement (if any) and for it to be delivered to Broker prior to presentation of Buyers' offer.

73. **LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** A liquidated damages clause enables Buyers and Sellers to set a cap on the maximum amount of damages that Sellers may recover if Buyers breach the Purchase Contract. The liquidated damages clause in a real property purchase contract needs to be separately initialed by both Parties to be enforceable. For any deposits put into escrow after the initial deposit to be subject to the liquidated damages clause, there must be a separately signed or initialed agreement made at the time of the subsequent deposit. If the Property contains 1 to 4 residential units, one of which the Buyers intend to occupy, California Civil Code §1675 limits the amount of deposit that is subject to the

liquidated damages clause to a maximum of 3% of the purchase price. Even if Buyers and Sellers agree to include liquidated damages in the Purchase Contract and there is a breach of contract by Buyers, the deposit will generally not be released by the escrow holder without mutually consistent written instructions from the Buyers and Sellers or a decision by a judge or arbitrator. Buyers and Sellers must decide on their own, or with the advice of legal counsel, whether to agree to a liquidated damages clause. California law prohibits including in the Purchase Contract any other type of remedy (such as a release or forfeiture of deposit or a non-refundable deposit) aside from the statutory liquidated damages clause for the Buyers' breach of contract. Brokers cannot give any legal advice about the issues in Paragraph 73 or determine who is entitled to receive the deposit. Any questions on these topics should be referred to a qualified California real estate attorney.

74. **MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION:** Mediation is a form of dispute resolution which involves hiring a neutral third party (the "Mediator") to facilitate informal discussions and negotiations with the goal of reaching a settlement of the dispute; the Mediator does not determine who is right or who is wrong. The Parties involved in the mediation generally share in the cost of this confidential, non-binding process. If no settlement agreement is reached, either Party may pursue further legal action as provided in the Purchase Contract. A Party's failure or refusal to mediate before resorting to arbitration or judicial action may result in that Party losing the right to recover their attorney's fees even if he or she prevails. Which Parties should be involved in mediation and who should serve as the Mediator are issues that need to be determined by an attorney. Brokers are not qualified to represent Buyers or Sellers in resolving disputes through mediation since Brokers cannot give legal advice. Brokers are not obligated to mediate with the Parties unless they agree to do so in writing.

Arbitration is a form of dispute resolution which involves hiring a neutral third party (the "Arbitrator") to render a formal decision on the claims and allegations and what damages, if any, shall be paid. Arbitration may be faster and less expensive than resolving disputes by litigation in court. The rules are usually less formal than in court; it is a private process that is not of public record. Arbitration is best handled by attorneys who understand real estate principals and the arbitration process issues. By agreeing to Arbitration, the Parties give up their rights to a jury trial and appeal. Arbitration decisions have been upheld even when arbitrators have made a mistake as to the law or the facts of the case. If Parties agree to arbitration, any dispute arising out of purchase and sale must (with some limited exceptions) be submitted to binding arbitration. Buyers and Sellers must decide on their own, or with the advice of legal counsel, whether to agree to arbitration. The Purchase Contract does not obligate the Brokers to participate in arbitration even if Buyers and Sellers agree to use that forum; however, Broker may have the option to voluntarily agree to participate. Brokers cannot give legal advice regarding these matters.

75. **LEGAL ACTION:** Sellers should disclose to Buyers any known claim or legal action (litigation or arbitration) which affects the title or use of the Property, whether or not that claim or legal action is resolved. Buyers should consult with their attorney regarding the affect that any disclosed claim or legal action may have on the value, development, use and enjoyment of the Property.

76. **COMMUNICATION SERVICES & DEVICES:** The availability of communication services differs throughout the state and the quality of those services is a subjective issue, due to people's individual preferences and uses. The quality and range of cell phone reception that a Buyer's current carrier provides may not be as good (or even available) at the Property; Buyers need to evaluate that issue for themselves. Buyer's should also investigate the availability of any desired type of television service (e.g., cable, satellite) and the quality of reception. The availability, quality and cost of internet access and service should also be investigated to make sure that Buyers' intended uses are feasible. Asking if a Seller has had any problems with the current internet service (including, but not limited to, any issues with the speed of downloading and uploading data), is not necessarily the best means of predicting whether the Buyer will be satisfied with the internet service; Buyers should contact the internet service provider to determine if the current service will be adequate for Buyer's intended usage and/or the cost of installing a service that will better meet the Buyer's needs. Brokers cannot and will not verify the availability, quality or cost of any communication services or devices.

REGIONAL ISSUES:

77. **LITIGATION BY OR AGAINST A CITY, COUNTY OR GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY:** Buyers should investigate whether there is any pending litigation or administrative claim that may affect the value, development, use or enjoyment of the Property or impact the ability of the local community to provide necessary services. Buyers should check appropriate governmental websites.

78. **COASTAL CONDITIONS, SEA LEVEL RISE:** Property located near coastlines may be subject to frequent strong winds, wind-driven rain, fog, salty sea air and/or mist, as well as direct sunlight, any of which, alone or in combination, can impact the condition of the land as well as prematurely age structures and personal property items exposed to the elements. Coastal properties may be negatively impacted by ocean tides/currents, increased risk of flooding, sinking land, and tsunamis. Erosion, warping and cracking of surfaces, failed seals on dual-paned windows, loss of siding or roof shingles, water intrusion and other problems are common; thus, coastal properties require regular, thorough maintenance efforts. Development, current and future use, maintenance, repair and remodeling of coastal properties may be regulated by the California Coastal Commission and other governmental agencies (see Paragraph 40). Buyers should investigate these conditions and restrictions as well as the cost of increased maintenance and repairs that may be needed.

Sea level rise has the potential to negatively impact coastal properties in many ways, including, but not limited to, the following: coastal flooding; shoreline, beach and bluff erosion (that may necessitate sand replacement and/or result in loss of land, landscaping and structures); short term and long term viability of seawalls and bulkheads (regardless of the legal status of such structures); limitations on new coastal construction, development, improvement and/or repairs to existing properties and structures; enactment of geological hazard abatement districts and assessments; and changes to the "mean high tide line" which is used to determine property boundary lines. For more information about sea level rise, Buyers may go online to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Office for Coastal Management at https://search.usa.gov/search?affiliate=csc_search_all&query=sea=level=rise Brokers do not have expertise on the issues addressed in Paragraph 78.

The foghorn located at the El Granada breakwater is audible at times and at various sound levels in adjacent coastal communities, depending upon weather conditions and proximity. California Emergency Management Agency ("Cal EMA") and the California Geological Survey ("CGS") have released California Tsunami Inundation Maps covering approximately 50% of the state's coastline and 100% of the San Francisco Bay Area. Buyers should investigate local emergency preparedness and potential tsunami hazards by going to the following websites: www.myhazards.calema.ca.gov and www.consrv.ca.gov/cgs.

79. **SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGULATIONS:** The San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission ("BCDC") is charged with the responsibility of restoring Bay wetlands and marshes, preventing wetlands and mudflats from being filled, and supporting the continued and productive use of salt ponds. Properties abutting San Francisco Bay, its tidelands and marshes may be subject to the jurisdiction of the BCDC, which may limit size and location of structures and impose other requirements and restrictions on property owners. Buyers of such property should contact BCDC at (415) 352-3600 for additional information.

80. **BAY FILL:** Some properties that are built on bay-fill have experienced salt leaching from the soil into and through concrete causing corrosion to the iron rebar in the foundations. Buyers of property built on bay fill should investigate this issue with qualified professionals.

81. **AGRICULTURAL AREAS:** Agricultural enterprises occasionally produce dust, noise and odors and utilize airborne fertilizers and pest control products which, depending on weather and other conditions, proximity and manner of application, may affect the environment and surrounding residential areas.

82. **GOLF COURSES:** There are several golf courses in San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties. Property located near a golf course may be affected by errant golf balls, noise, lighting or other problems that Buyers should investigate.

83. **"LOCAL OPTION" DISCLOSURES:** Cities and counties can enact "Local Option" disclosures, which require Sellers to disclose issues of local concern on a specifically required Disclosure Form. The Cities of Pacifica, Millbrae, South San Francisco and San Bruno have enacted ordinances requiring separate disclosures about noise generated by airports and aircraft. Sellers in the unincorporated areas of Santa Clara County are required to disclose specific information about that County's "right-to-farm" ordinance, the private well inspection disclosure ordinance, whether or not the Property is subject to a contract pursuant to the California Land Conservation Act of 1965 ("Williamson Act"), and whether the Property is subject to an open space easement agreement. Although Brokers may provide the Local Option Disclosure form to Sellers and Buyers, only the Seller is to complete the questions contained in that form.

84. **AFFORDABLE HOUSING (MANDATED):** Many cities are studying how to add residential units and "affordable housing" within their jurisdictions so as to comply with state and local legal requirements; some cities are in litigation relating to mandatory affordable housing issues, and others have already implemented affordable housing plans. As a result of recent revisions to state laws, there is a possibility that multi-family units and/or Accessory Dwelling Units ("ADUs") may be added to existing properties within single-family housing developments which may change the character and appearance of some traditional neighborhoods. For more information about what any particular city is doing in regard to this topic, go to that city's website (the sites for cities in San Mateo and Santa Clara County are listed on the last page of this Advisory). Brokers do not have expertise on the issues addressed in Paragraph 84.

85. **SIGNAGE & ADDRESS IDENTIFICATION ORDINANCES:** Many cities regulate the type and size of "For Sale" and other signs that may be located on private property and public property. The visibility, size and type of residential house numbers are also subject to various local regulations. In some cities, residential addresses must be illuminated.

LOCAL SAN MATEO COUNTY ISSUES

86. **SAN MATEO COUNTY ONSITE WASTEWATER ORDINANCE:** All new residential or commercial facilities that are unable to connect to a sewer line must install an Onsite Wastewater Treatment System ("OWTS"), depending on the size of the property and where it is located (e.g., Half Moon Bay, Portola Valley, Woodside and unincorporated areas of San Mateo County). For a new Septic System, a site exam and soil percolation test must be completed prior to submission of a septic installation permit application. A remodel of properties serviced by existing OWTS may require an upgrade of the OWTS and additional plans or testing may be necessary. Existing septic tanks must be serviced by a certified septic pumping company that must provide the County with a copy of the written report regarding the condition of the septic tank within 30 days of pumping. If there are deficiencies noted in the OWTS, the County Environmental Health Department will notify the owner in writing of the needed corrections and the homeowner will then have 60 days to make the repairs. Securing a septic inspection report is not a condition of sale unless Buyer and Seller agree in writing to conduct that inspection or it is required by a local ordinance. Any resulting report must be provided to the County. Brokers cannot determine the impact or applicability of this ordinance; Buyers and Sellers should investigate this issue by going to the following website: www.smchealth.org/landuse.

87. **DALY CITY 3R REPORT:** Daly City requires sellers of residential property of 1 to 3 units to obtain a report of the residential building record ("3-R Report"), which must be provided to Buyers. The 3-R Report is prepared by the Daly City Building Division from its historical records only and is not based upon an actual inspection of the Property. The information in the 3-R Report may not be accurate or complete for various reasons. Although most of the City's records are computerized, many records were originally handwritten and incomplete. It is possible that errors could have occurred when the information was transferred from the original documents, and these errors might be repeated in subsequent 3-R Reports. However, the 3-R Report does contain useful information.

Buyers of residential property of 1 to 3 units in Daly City should not rely solely on the permit information contained in 3-R Reports. Some properties may have rooms, additions, structures or decks where there is no record of a permit ever having been issued for their construction. Such improvements may or may not have been built with a permit or officially finalized. If an improvement was constructed without all necessary permits or not in compliance with building codes, the City may require the owner to remove it or legalize it at substantial cost. Buyers should independently confirm the information contained in a 3-R Report during their inspection period, if any, and should engage the services of a qualified contractor, architect or other professionals to verify its information. For additional information or to request a 3-R Report, contact the Daly City Building Division, 333 90th Street, Daly City, California 94015-1895; Telephone (650) 991-8061.

88. **FOSTER CITY LEVEE PROTECTION:** For several years, the City of Foster City Public Works Department has been studying a plan to improve its Levee System which provides flood protection and creates recreational purposes. The planned improvements may increase local assessments. For more information go to www.fostercity.org/publicworks.

89. **HALF MOON BAY:** The City of Half Moon Bay settled a law suit resulting in the issuance of city bonds; the City will be using insurance proceeds to pay down its debt. Buyer should investigate whether this latest fiscal decision impacts the ability of Half Moon Bay to provide necessary services. For additional information go to www.hmbcity.com.

90. **HILLSBOROUGH ORDINANCES:** The Town of Hillsborough Municipal Code requires Sellers of real property to provide Buyers with a Statement of Compliance regarding proper installation of spark arresters, smoke alarms and address number visibility by means of illuminated numbers. Buyers of property located in Hillsborough should not close escrow without receiving the Seller's Statement of Compliance form. The Town of Hillsborough also requires sewer lateral and water services testing procedures when real property is sold.

The Town of Hillsborough Municipal Code 5.12.050 requires the issuance of a permit for possession and use of home alarm systems. These permits cannot be assigned to the Buyer as part of the sale of residential property. Buyers who are acquiring property in Hillsborough which is already equipped with a home alarm system or who intend to install a home alarm system must secure a new permit. Permit applications can be obtained at the Hillsborough Town Hall at 1600 Floribunda Avenue. For more information about the home alarm permit requirements, sewer lateral and water testing and other requirements for property located in Hillsborough go to the following website: www.hillsborough.net.

91. **MILLBRAE FIRE SPRINKLER AND ILLUMINATED ADDRESS NUMBER ORDINANCES:** The Millbrae Municipal Code requires that, in addition to complying with the State of California Smoke Detector law, fire sprinklers must be installed in the garage of any building or structure, including one or two family properties. This requirement is triggered when any addition, alteration or repair of the structure or building (with the exception of repairs to the exterior only) requiring a building permit is undertaken and the cost estimate exceeds \$1,000. The Millbrae Municipal Code also requires that all building addresses must be visible and legible from the street or road in front of the property and the addresses must be either internally or externally illuminated.

92. **PORTOLA VALLEY RESIDENTIAL DATA REPORT AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION:** The Town of Portola Valley requires sellers to provide buyers with a Residential Data Report from the Town listing the regularly authorized use, occupancy and zoning classification of the property. The information in the Residential Data Report is from historical records only and is not based upon an actual inspection of the property. The Residential Data Report may not be accurate or complete for various reasons. It is possible that errors could have occurred when the information was transferred from the original documents and these errors might be repeated in subsequent reports. However, these reports contain useful information regarding the permits that are of record with the Town. Buyers should independently confirm the information in the Residential Data Report during their inspection period, if any, including engaging the services of a qualified contractor, architect or other construction professional to verify the information in the Residential Data Report. For additional information or to request a Residential Data Report, go to the Town of Portola Valley's offices located at 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, California 94028. For additional information, call (650) 851-1701. See also Paragraphs 29 and 30 of this Advisory.

93. **REDWOOD SHORES:** Redwood Shores is a master-planned community. Property located in Redwood Shores may be subject to multiple homeowners' associations. For more information about Redwood Shores, contact the managing agent for the Redwood Shores Owners' Association at the Manor Association (650) 637-1616 or go to the following website: www.RSOA.info. The Redwood Shores Community Association is a social and community advocacy organization which can be contacted at the following website: www.RSCA.org.

94. **SAN MATEO CITY SUPPLEMENTAL FLOOD ZONE DISCLOSURE:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") has been investigating the possibility of expanding the flood hazard area designations for the City of San Mateo. . On July 13, 2009, the City Council for the City of San Mateo approved the formation of the South Bayfront Flood Control Facilities Assessment District to create a funding source for improvement of the City's levees. Buyer is advised to investigate this issue with the City of San Mateo, a third-party provider of Natural Hazard Disclosure Statements and their own insurance broker to determine the possible ramifications of expanding the flood designation on the value, use and enjoyment of the Property. For questions or concerns related to the South Bayfront Flood Control Facilities Assessment District, flood insurance, any FEMA related topics, and any other regulations which might impact property located in the City of San Mateo, contact the City Offices at (650) 522-7327 or go to the following website: www.cityofsanmateo.org.

LOCAL SANTA CLARA COUNTY ISSUES

95. **ALDERCROFT HEIGHTS COUNTY WATER DISTRICT ("AHCWD"):** AHCWD is a California Special District that provides water services in the Aldercroft Heights neighborhood of the Santa Cruz Mountains. Sellers are responsible for contacting the AHCWD's Business Office so that a final meter reading can be taken and a transfer fee is collected in escrow. To initiate water service, the Buyer must also contact the AHCWD's Business Office and all past due water service charges must be made current as a condition of receiving water service. Brokers have not determined and will not determine applicable charges. Buyers and Sellers should investigate this issue by calling (408) 353-4255 or going to the following website: www.aldercroftheightscwd.org.

96. **LOS ALTOS HILLS:** The Town of Los Altos Hills has established standards for roads and has compiled a list of private streets. Private streets can be converted to public streets under specified conditions. Buyers should investigate to determine if any given street is public or private or whether any given private street can be dedicated to the Town; the Town is also implementing a separate pathway plan. For information about this or any other issues affecting property in the Town of Los Altos Hills, go to the following website: www.losaltoshills.ca.gov.

97. **MORGAN HILL:** The Valley Water District intends to drain Lake Anderson as part of its plan to rebuild Anderson Dam in 2016; the project will take approximately 3 years to complete. It is unknown what impact, if any, the retrofit project will have on the development, condition, use, and enjoyment of surrounding homes. Buyers are encouraged to investigate this project by contacting the Water District at www.valleywater.org.

98. **SARATOGA:** The City of Saratoga has enacted an ordinance which may require an occupancy inspection upon transfer of title on properties other than single family residences. For information about this or any other issues affecting property in Saratoga, go to the following website: www.saratoga.ca.us/

99. **SUNNYVALE:** The City of Sunnyvale has enacted an ordinance which requires storm water run-off management by owners of certain types of buildings. This ordinance may impact some common interest developments which may trigger a point-of-sale disclosure by the Homeowners' Association. Sellers and Buyers should investigate whether or not the ordinance is applicable and its impact, if any, on the Property. For further information go to: Sunnyvale.ca.gov.

COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL WEBSITES

Counties and Cities have additional local codes and regulations that affect real property that are not listed in this Advisory. Local requirements may impact the value, desirability, use and/or development of real property and are subject to change over time. County and Municipal websites are a useful source of information about their communities including, but not limited to, elected officials, government agencies, school districts, non-profit & for-profit organizations and local propositions. While these websites are provided for your convenience in accessing additional information, this Advisory does not warrant or guarantee the completeness or accuracy of the information contained in these sites and/or their resources. Buyers and Sellers are strongly advised to research all available information they deem necessary to make reasoned decisions about buying or selling real property; it is not the obligation of real estate licensees to investigate these issues.

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO: <http://www.co.sanmateo.ca.us/>

CITIES AND TOWNS WITHIN SAN MATEO COUNTY:

Town of Atherton: <http://www.ci.atherton.ca.us/>
 City of Belmont: <http://www.belmont.gov/>
 City of Brisbane: <http://www.ci.brisbane.ca.us/>
 Township of Broadmoor: website unknown
 City of Burlingame: <http://www.burlingame.org/>
 Town of Colma: <http://www.colma.ca.gov/>
 City of Daly City: <http://www.dalycity.org/>
 City of East Palo Alto: <http://www.ci.east-palo-alto.ca.us/>
 City of Foster City: <http://www.fostercity.org/>
 City of Half Moon Bay: <http://ci.half-moon-bay.ca.us/>
 Town of Hillsborough: <http://www.hillsborough.net/>
 City of Menlo Park: <http://www.ci.menlo-park.ca.us/>
 City of Millbrae: <http://www.ci.millbrae.ca.us/>
 City of Pacifica: <http://www.cityofpacific.org/>
 Town of Portola Valley: <http://www.portolavalley.net/>
 City of Redwood City: <http://www.ci.redwood-city.ca.us/>
 City of San Bruno: <http://sanbruno.ca.gov/>
 City of San Carlos: <http://www.cityofsancarlos.org/>
 City of San Mateo: <http://www.ci.sanmateo.ca.us/>
 City of S. San Francisco: <http://www.ci.ssf.ca.us/>
 Town of Woodside: <http://www.woodsidetown.org/>

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA: <http://www.sccgov.org>

CITIES AND TOWNS WITHIN SANTA CLARA COUNTY:

City of Campbell: <http://www.ci.campbell.ca.us/>
 City of Cupertino: <http://www.cupertino.org/>
 City of Gilroy: <http://www.cityofgilroy.org/cityofgilroy/>
 City of Los Altos: <http://www.ci.los-altos.ca.us/>
 Town of Los Altos Hills: <http://www.losaltoshills.ca.gov/>
 Town of Los Gatos: <http://www.town.los-gatos.ca.us/>
 City of Milpitas: <http://www.ci.milpitas.ca.gov/>
 City of Monte Sereno: <http://www.montesereno.org/>
 City of Morgan Hill: <http://www.morgan-hill.ca.gov/>
 City of Mountain View: <http://www.ci.mtnview.ca.us/>
 City of Palo Alto: <http://www.cityofpaloalto.org/>
 City of San Jose: <http://www.sanjoseca.gov/>
 City of Santa Clara: <http://santaclaraca.gov/>
 City of Saratoga: <http://www.saratoga.ca.us/>
 City of Sunnyvale: <http://www.sunnyvale.ca.gov/>

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES

You may be able to sign transaction documents electronically making it possible to skip from one signature line to the next and thus easier to ignore the terms and conditions to which a signature or initial applies. If you choose to sign documents electronically be certain to take your time to read each document thoroughly and only sign or initial those documents that you with full knowledge and consent intend to sign.

SELLERS AND BUYERS ACKNOWLEDGE THE FOLLOWING REGARDING BROKERS:

1. Brokers do not warrant or guarantee the past, present or future condition of the Property and shall not be responsible for any unknown, undisclosed facts regarding the condition of the Property;
2. Brokers have no duty to inspect and will not inspect (a) any areas of the Property that are not reasonably and normally accessible to Broker; (b) any areas that are located offsite of the Property, (c) common areas, (d) public records or permits of any kind regarding the state of title or the use of the Property, or (e) any matter affecting or relating to the Property that is described in this Advisory;
3. Brokers have not verified and will not verify square footage or size of structures or land, boundary lines of the Property, statements made by others (including but not limited to Sellers), information contained in inspection reports, the MLS, or in advertisements, flyers or other promotional material, or any other matters described in this Advisory, unless otherwise agreed in writing;
4. Brokers do not guarantee and shall not be responsible for the labor or services or products provided by others to or on behalf of Buyers and/or Sellers and do not guarantee and shall not be responsible for the quality, adequacy, completeness or code compliance of repairs made by Sellers or by others. Sellers and Buyers may select any professionals that they choose to retain; and
5. Brokers are not qualified to give any type of legal, tax, insurance or title advice; therefore, Sellers and Buyers should consult the appropriate professionals for such advice.

This document may be signed in counterparts.

BY SIGNING BELOW, BUYERS AND SELLERS ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THEY HAVE READ, UNDERSTAND, AND HAVE RECEIVED A COPY OF THIS 18 PAGE ADVISORY.

DATE: 4/7/2026 SELLER *Daniel J Datta*
 DATE: 4/1/2026 SELLER *Regina M Datta*
 DATE: _____ BUYER _____
 DATE: _____ BUYER _____



SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NONFOREIGN STATUS (FIRPTA)

(Use a separate form for each Transferor)

(C.A.R. Form AS, Reviewed 6/25)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING FIRPTA AND SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NON-FOREIGN STATUS:

Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") §1445 provides that a transferee (Buyer) of a U.S. real property interest must withhold tax if the transferor (Seller) is a "foreign person." In order to avoid withholding, IRC §1445 (b) requires that the Seller (a) provides an affidavit to the Buyer with the Seller's taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), or (b) provides a proper affidavit, (such as this form) including Seller's TIN, to a "qualified substitute" who furnishes a statement to the Buyer under penalty of perjury that the qualified substitute has such affidavit in their possession. A qualified substitute may be (i) an attorney, title company, or escrow company responsible for closing the transaction, or (ii) the Buyer's agent (but not the Seller's agent).

2. SELLER'S INFORMATION:

1177 Redrock Ct.

A. PROPERTY ADDRESS (property being transferred): Sunnyvale, Ca 94089 ("Property")

B. TRANSFEROR'S NAME: _____ ("Transferor")

C. AUTHORITY TO SIGN: If this document is signed on behalf of an Entity Transferor, THE UNDERSIGNED INDIVIDUAL DECLARES THAT HE/SHE HAS AUTHORITY TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT ON BEHALF OF THE TRANSFEROR.

3. EXEMPTION CLAIMED: I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury that, for the reason checked below, if any, I am exempt (or if signed on behalf of an Entity Transferor, the Entity is exempt) from the federal withholding law (FIRPTA):

A. ☒ (For individual Transferors) I am not a nonresident alien for purposes of U.S. income taxation.

B. ☐ (For corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust, and estate transferor) The transferor is not a foreign corporation, foreign partnership, foreign limited liability company, foreign trust, or foreign estate, as those terms are defined in the Internal Revenue Code and Income Tax Regulations.

4. QUALIFIED SUBSTITUTE OR DIRECT DELIVERY TO BUYER:

A. TRANSFEROR'S USE OF QUALIFIED SUBSTITUTE (TITLE OR ESCROW) TO SATISFY FIRPTA

(1) A Qualified Substitute shall be used in this transaction to satisfy the requirements under Internal Revenue Code § 1445. Seller shall provide a completed affidavit to the Qualified Substitute, who will furnish a statement (C.A.R. Form QS) to the Buyer stating, under penalty of perjury that the Qualified Substitute (i) has the Seller's affidavit; (ii) the affidavit is complete; and (iii) the Seller states in the affidavit that no withholding is required because an exemption is claimed.

(2) Qualified Substitute may require Seller to complete and provide to Qualified Substitute the information in paragraph 5. If so, that information should be completed after this form is provided to Buyer. Qualified Substitute and Seller's Broker shall NOT provide the information in paragraph 5 to Buyer.

B. ☐ TRANSFEROR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION DIRECT TO BUYER: If this paragraph is checked, Seller shall complete the information in 5 below and provide a completed form to Buyer.

5. SELLER INFORMATION (NOTE: DO NOT PROVIDE THE INFORMATION IN 5 BELOW TO BUYER UNLESS 4B IS CHECKED)

A. Social Security No., or Federal Employer Identification No. (TIN) _____

B. Address _____
(Use HOME address for individual transferors. Use OFFICE address for an "Entity" i.e.: corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies, trusts, and estates.)

C. Telephone Number _____

6. CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING: Seller agrees to provide escrow with necessary information to comply with California Withholding Law, Revenue and Taxation Code, §18662

I understand that this affidavit may be disclosed to the Internal Revenue Service by the transferee, and that any false statement I have made herein may result in a fine, imprisonment or both.

By *Daniel J Datta* Date 4/7/2026

(Transferor's Signature) (Indicate if you are signing as the grantor of a revocable/grantor trust).

Daniel J Datta

Typed or printed name

Title (If signed on behalf of Entity Transferor)

Buyer's unauthorized use of disclosure of Seller's TIN could result in civil or criminal liability.

Buyer _____ Date _____

(Buyer acknowledges receipt of a Copy of this Seller's Affidavit).

Buyer _____ Date _____

(Buyer acknowledges receipt of a Copy of this Seller's Affidavit).

IMPORTANT NOTICE: An Affidavit should be signed by each individual or entity Transferor to whom or to which it applies. Before you sign, any questions relating to the legal sufficiency of this form, or to whether it applies to you or to a particular transaction, or about the definition of any of the terms used, should be referred to a qualified California real estate attorney, certified public accountant, or other professional tax advisor, the Internal Revenue Service, or the California Franchise Tax Board.



SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NONFOREIGN STATUS AND CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING (AS PAGE 1 OF 2)

For further information on federal guidelines, see C.A.R. Legal Q & A "Federal Withholding: The Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act," and/or IRS Publication 515 or 519. For further information on state guidelines, see C.A.R. Legal Q & A "California Nonresident Withholding," and/or California FTB Pub. 1016.

FEDERAL GUIDELINES

FOREIGN PERSONS DEFINED. The following general information is provided to assist sellers in determining whether they are "foreign persons" for purposes of the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA), IRC §1445. FIRPTA requires a buyer to withhold and send to the IRS 15% of the gross sales price of a United States (U.S.) real property interest if the seller is a foreign person. Certain restrictions and limitations apply. No withholding is required for a seller who is a U.S. person (that is, not a foreign person). In order for an individual to be a U.S. person, he/she must be either a U.S. citizen or a U.S. resident alien. The test must be applied separately to each seller in transactions involving more than one seller. Even if the seller is a foreign person, withholding will not be required in every circumstance.

NONRESIDENT ALIEN INDIVIDUAL. An individual whose residence is not within the U.S. and who is not a U.S. citizen is a nonresident alien. The term includes a nonresident alien fiduciary. An alien actually present in the U.S. who is not just staying temporarily (i.e., not a mere transient or sojourner), is a U.S. resident for income tax purposes. An alien is considered a U.S. resident and not subject to withholding under FIRPTA if the alien meets either the green card test or the substantial presence test for the calendar year.

GREEN CARD TEST. An alien is a U.S. resident if the individual was a lawful permanent resident of the U.S. at any time during the calendar year. This is known as the "green card test."

SUBSTANTIAL PRESENCE TEST. An alien is considered a U.S. resident if the individual meets the substantial presence test for the calendar year. Under this test, the individual must be physically present in the U.S. on at least: (1) 31 days during the current calendar year; and (2) 183 days during the current year and the two preceding years, counting all the days of physical presence in the current year but only 1/3 the number of days present in the first preceding year, and 1/6 the number of days present in the second preceding year.

DAYS OF PRESENCE IN THE U.S. TEST. Generally, a person is treated as physically present in the country at any time during the day. However, if a person regularly commutes to work in the U.S. from a residence in Canada or Mexico or is in transit between two points outside the U.S. and is physically present in the country for less than 24 hours, he/she is not treated as present in the U.S. on any day during the transit or commute. In addition, the individual is not treated as present in the U.S. on any day during which he/she is unable to leave the U.S. because of a medical condition which arose while in the U.S.

EXEMPT INDIVIDUAL. For the substantial presence test, do not count days for which a person is an exempt individual. An exempt individual is anyone in the following categories:

- 1) An individual temporarily present in the U.S. because of (a) full-time diplomatic or consular status, (b) full-time employment with an international organization or (c) an immediate family member of a person described in (a) or (b).
- 2) A teacher or trainee temporarily present in the U.S. under a "J" visa (other than as a student) who substantially complies with the requirements of the visa. An individual will not be exempt under this category for a calendar year if he/she was exempt as a teacher or trainee or as a student for any two calendar years during the preceding six calendar years.
- 3) A student temporarily present in the U.S. under an "F" or "J" visa who substantially complies with the requirements of the visa. Generally, a person will not be exempt as a student for any calendar year after the fifth calendar year for which he/she was exempt as a student, teacher or trainee. However, the individual may continue to be exempt as a student beyond the fifth year if he/she is in compliance with the terms of the student visa and does not intend to permanently reside in the U.S.

CLOSER CONNECTION TO A FOREIGN COUNTRY. Even if an individual would otherwise meet the substantial presence test, that person is not treated as meeting the test for the current calendar year if he/she:

- 1) Is present in the U.S. on fewer than 183 days during the current year, and has a tax home in a foreign country and has a closer connection to that country than to the U.S.
- 2) **SPECIAL RULES.** It is possible to be both a nonresident alien and a resident alien during the same tax year. Usually this occurs for the year a person arrives in or departs from the U.S. Other special provisions apply to individuals who were U.S. residents for at least three years, cease to be U.S. residents, and then become U.S. residents again.

NONRESIDENT ALIEN INDIVIDUALS MARRIED TO U.S. CITIZENS OR RESIDENT ALIENS may choose to be treated as resident aliens for most income tax purposes. However, these individuals are considered nonresidents for purposes of withholding taxes.

A FOREIGN PERSON OR PARTNERSHIP is one that does not fit the definition of a domestic corporation or partnership. A domestic corporation or partnership is one that was created or organized in the U.S., or under the laws of the U.S., or of any U.S. state or territory.

GUAM AND U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATIONS. A corporation created or organized in or under the laws of Guam or the U.S. Virgin Islands is not considered a foreign corporation for the purpose of withholding tax for the tax year if:

- 1) at all times during the tax year, less than 25% in value of the corporation's stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by foreign persons, and
- 2) at least 20% of the corporation's gross income is derived from sources within Guam or at least 65% of the corporation's income is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the U.S. Virgin Islands or the U.S. for the 3-year period ending with the close of the preceding tax year of the corporation, or the period the corporation has been in existence if less.

A NONRESIDENT ALIEN TRUSTEE, ADMINISTRATOR OR EXECUTOR of a trust or an estate is treated as a nonresident alien, even though all the beneficiaries of the trust or estate are citizens or residents of the U.S.

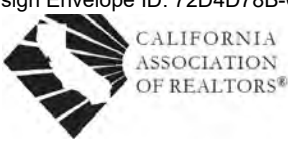
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AS REVIEWED 6/25 (PAGE 1 OF 1)



SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NONFOREIGN STATUS AND CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING (AS PAGE 2 OF 2)

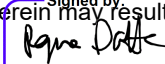


SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NONFOREIGN STATUS (FIRPTA)

(Use a separate form for each Transferor)
(C.A.R. Form AS, Reviewed 6/25)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING FIRPTA AND SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NON-FOREIGN STATUS:
Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") § 1445 provides that a transferee (Buyer) of a U.S. real property interest must withhold tax if the transferor (Seller) is a "foreign person." In order to avoid withholding, IRC § 1445 (b) requires that the Seller (a) provides an affidavit to the Buyer with the Seller's taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), or (b) provides a proper affidavit, (such as this form) including Seller's TIN, to a "qualified substitute" who furnishes a statement to the Buyer under penalty of perjury that the qualified substitute has such affidavit in their possession. A qualified substitute may be (i) an attorney, title company, or escrow company responsible for closing the transaction, or (ii) the Buyer's agent (but not the Seller's agent).
2. SELLER'S INFORMATION: **1177 Redrock Ct.**
A. PROPERTY ADDRESS (property being transferred): **Sunnyvale, Ca 94089** ("Property")
B. TRANSFEROR'S NAME: _____ ("Transferor")
C. AUTHORITY TO SIGN: If this document is signed on behalf of an Entity Transferor, THE UNDERSIGNED INDIVIDUAL DECLARES THAT HE/SHE HAS AUTHORITY TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT ON BEHALF OF THE TRANSFEROR.
3. EXEMPTION CLAIMED: I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury that, for the reason checked below, if any, I am exempt (or if signed on behalf of an Entity Transferor, the Entity is exempt) from the federal withholding law (FIRPTA):
A. ☒ (For individual Transferors) I am not a nonresident alien for purposes of U.S. income taxation.
B. ☐ (For corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust, and estate transferor) The transferor is not a foreign corporation, foreign partnership, foreign limited liability company, foreign trust, or foreign estate, as those terms are defined in the Internal Revenue Code and Income Tax Regulations.
4. QUALIFIED SUBSTITUTE OR DIRECT DELIVERY TO BUYER:
A. TRANSFEROR'S USE OF QUALIFIED SUBSTITUTE (TITLE OR ESCROW) TO SATISFY FIRPTA
(1) A Qualified Substitute shall be used in this transaction to satisfy the requirements under Internal Revenue Code § 1445. Seller shall provide a completed affidavit to the Qualified Substitute, who will furnish a statement (C.A.R. Form QS) to the Buyer stating, under penalty of perjury that the Qualified Substitute (i) has the Seller's affidavit; (ii) the affidavit is complete; and (iii) the Seller states in the affidavit that no withholding is required because an exemption is claimed.
(2) Qualified Substitute may require Seller to complete and provide to Qualified Substitute the information in paragraph 5. If so, that information should be completed after this form is provided to Buyer. Qualified Substitute and Seller's Broker shall NOT provide the information in paragraph 5 to Buyer.
B. ☐ TRANSFEROR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION DIRECT TO BUYER: If this paragraph is checked, Seller shall complete the information in 5 below and provide a completed form to Buyer.
5. SELLER INFORMATION (NOTE: DO NOT PROVIDE THE INFORMATION IN 5 BELOW TO BUYER UNLESS 4B IS CHECKED)
A. Social Security No., or Federal Employer Identification No. (TIN) _____
B. Address _____
(Use HOME address for individual transferors. Use OFFICE address for an "Entity" i.e.: corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies, trusts, and estates.)
C. Telephone Number _____
6. CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING: Seller agrees to provide escrow with necessary information to comply with California Withholding Law, Revenue and Taxation Code, § 18662

I understand that this affidavit may be disclosed to the Internal Revenue Service by the transferee, and that any false statement I have made herein may result in a fine, imprisonment or both.

By  Date 4/1/2026
(Transferor's Signature) (Indicate if you are signing as the grantor of a revocable/grantor trust).

Regina M Datta

Typed or printed name

Title (If signed on behalf of Entity Transferor)

Buyer's unauthorized use of disclosure of Seller's TIN could result in civil or criminal liability.

Buyer _____ Date _____
(Buyer acknowledges receipt of a Copy of this Seller's Affidavit).

Buyer _____ Date _____
(Buyer acknowledges receipt of a Copy of this Seller's Affidavit).

IMPORTANT NOTICE: An Affidavit should be signed by each individual or entity Transferor to whom or to which it applies. Before you sign, any questions relating to the legal sufficiency of this form, or to whether it applies to you or to a particular transaction, or about the definition of any of the terms used, should be referred to a qualified California real estate attorney, certified public accountant, or other professional tax advisor, the Internal Revenue Service, or the California Franchise Tax Board.



SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NONFOREIGN STATUS AND CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING (AS PAGE 1 OF 2)

For further information on federal guidelines, see C.A.R. Legal Q & A "Federal Withholding: The Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act," and/or IRS Publication 515 or 519. For further information on state guidelines, see C.A.R. Legal Q & A "California Nonresident Withholding," and/or California FTB Pub. 1016.

FEDERAL GUIDELINES

FOREIGN PERSONS DEFINED. The following general information is provided to assist sellers in determining whether they are "foreign persons" for purposes of the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA), IRC §1445. FIRPTA requires a buyer to withhold and send to the IRS 15% of the gross sales price of a United States (U.S.) real property interest if the seller is a foreign person. Certain restrictions and limitations apply. No withholding is required for a seller who is a U.S. person (that is, not a foreign person). In order for an individual to be a U.S. person, he/she must be either a U.S. citizen or a U.S. resident alien. The test must be applied separately to each seller in transactions involving more than one seller. Even if the seller is a foreign person, withholding will not be required in every circumstance.

NONRESIDENT ALIEN INDIVIDUAL. An individual whose residence is not within the U.S. and who is not a U.S. citizen is a nonresident alien. The term includes a nonresident alien fiduciary. An alien actually present in the U.S. who is not just staying temporarily (i.e., not a mere transient or sojourner), is a U.S. resident for income tax purposes. An alien is considered a U.S. resident and not subject to withholding under FIRPTA if the alien meets either the green card test or the substantial presence test for the calendar year.

GREEN CARD TEST. An alien is a U.S. resident if the individual was a lawful permanent resident of the U.S. at any time during the calendar year. This is known as the "green card test."

SUBSTANTIAL PRESENCE TEST. An alien is considered a U.S. resident if the individual meets the substantial presence test for the calendar year. Under this test, the individual must be physically present in the U.S. on at least: (1) 31 days during the current calendar year; and (2) 183 days during the current year and the two preceding years, counting all the days of physical presence in the current year but only 1/3 the number of days present in the first preceding year, and 1/6 the number of days present in the second preceding year.

DAYS OF PRESENCE IN THE U.S. TEST. Generally, a person is treated as physically present in the country at any time during the day. However, if a person regularly commutes to work in the U.S. from a residence in Canada or Mexico or is in transit between two points outside the U.S. and is physically present in the country for less than 24 hours, he/she is not treated as present in the U.S. on any day during the transit or commute. In addition, the individual is not treated as present in the U.S. on any day during which he/she is unable to leave the U.S. because of a medical condition which arose while in the U.S.

EXEMPT INDIVIDUAL. For the substantial presence test, do not count days for which a person is an exempt individual. An exempt individual is anyone in the following categories:

- 1) An individual temporarily present in the U.S. because of (a) full-time diplomatic or consular status, (b) full-time employment with an international organization or (c) an immediate family member of a person described in (a) or (b).
- 2) A teacher or trainee temporarily present in the U.S. under a "J" visa (other than as a student) who substantially complies with the requirements of the visa. An individual will not be exempt under this category for a calendar year if he/she was exempt as a teacher or trainee or as a student for any two calendar years during the preceding six calendar years.
- 3) A student temporarily present in the U.S. under an "F" or "J" visa who substantially complies with the requirements of the visa. Generally, a person will not be exempt as a student for any calendar year after the fifth calendar year for which he/she was exempt as a student, teacher or trainee. However, the individual may continue to be exempt as a student beyond the fifth year if he/she is in compliance with the terms of the student visa and does not intend to permanently reside in the U.S.

CLOSER CONNECTION TO A FOREIGN COUNTRY. Even if an individual would otherwise meet the substantial presence test, that person is not treated as meeting the test for the current calendar year if he/she:

- 1) Is present in the U.S. on fewer than 183 days during the current year, and has a tax home in a foreign country and has a closer connection to that country than to the U.S.
- 2) **SPECIAL RULES.** It is possible to be both a nonresident alien and a resident alien during the same tax year. Usually this occurs for the year a person arrives in or departs from the U.S. Other special provisions apply to individuals who were U.S. residents for at least three years, cease to be U.S. residents, and then become U.S. residents again.

NONRESIDENT ALIEN INDIVIDUALS MARRIED TO U.S. CITIZENS OR RESIDENT ALIENS may choose to be treated as resident aliens for most income tax purposes. However, these individuals are considered nonresidents for purposes of withholding taxes.

A FOREIGN PERSON OR PARTNERSHIP is one that does not fit the definition of a domestic corporation or partnership. A domestic corporation or partnership is one that was created or organized in the U.S., or under the laws of the U.S., or of any U.S. state or territory.

GUAM AND U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATIONS. A corporation created or organized in or under the laws of Guam or the U.S. Virgin Islands is not considered a foreign corporation for the purpose of withholding tax for the tax year if:

- 1) at all times during the tax year, less than 25% in value of the corporation's stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by foreign persons, and
- 2) at least 20% of the corporation's gross income is derived from sources within Guam or at least 65% of the corporation's income is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the U.S. Virgin Islands or the U.S. for the 3-year period ending with the close of the preceding tax year of the corporation, or the period the corporation has been in existence if less.

A NONRESIDENT ALIEN TRUSTEE, ADMINISTRATOR OR EXECUTOR of a trust or an estate is treated as a nonresident alien, even though all the beneficiaries of the trust or estate are citizens or residents of the U.S.

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AS REVIEWED 6/25 (PAGE 1 OF 1)



SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT OF NONFOREIGN STATUS AND CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING (AS PAGE 2 OF 2)

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,



**PRDS® ADVISORY REGARDING NEW FEDERAL REQUIREMENT
GEOGRAPHIC TARGETING ORDER**
DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



Property Address: **1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**

On November 15, 2018, the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network ("FinCEN"), an agency of the United States Treasury Department, issued a Geographic Targeting Order directing Title Insurers and their agents to collect and report information about certain residential real estate transactions. The purpose of the Geographic Targeting Order is to assist law enforcement and regulatory agencies to identify potential money laundering.

The Geographic Targeting Order reporting requirement only applies to purchase transactions that meet all four (4) of the following criteria:

1. The property is a residential, not a commercial property;
2. The purchaser is a corporation, limited liability company, partnership or similar legal or business entity, as opposed to a person or trust;
3. The purchase is made without a bank loan or another similar form of institutional financing (absence of financing by a financial institution that is required to have an anti-money laundering policy); AND
4. Any portion of the purchase price (including initial deposit) is paid using currency, a cashier's check, a certified check, a traveler's check, a personal check, a business check, or a money order in any form, a funds transfer, or virtual currency.

The Geographic Targeting Order applies only to transaction involving residential real estate in three (3) Northern California Counties where the purchase price is \$300,000 or more:

San Francisco, San Mateo or Santa Clara

If a \$300,000 or more purchase meets all 4 of the criteria above in any of the three targeted Counties, the Title Company will be required to report some of the Buyer's non-public personal information ("NPI") to FinCEN within 30 days of the closing. If a currently pending or future transaction may be subject to this new reporting requirement and the Buyer fails to provide the required information, the federal government has instructed Title Companies not to close the transaction.

Brokers cannot and will not determine the impact of this new requirement on any transaction. The undersigned acknowledges receipt of this Advisory.

DATE: 4/7/2026	SELLER: <u>Daniel J Datta</u> <small>B415666A7F2D4CF...</small>
DATE: 4/1/2026	SELLER: <u>Daniel J Datta</u> <small>B415666A7F2D4CF...</small>
DATE: _____	BUYER: <u>Regina M Datta</u> <small>06947BF4DC3442C...</small>
DATE: _____	BUYER: _____



FEDERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT PURCHASE ADDENDUM

(C.A.R. Form FRR-PA, 10/25)

The following terms and conditions are hereby incorporated in and made a part of the Purchase Agreement ("Agreement"), dated _____, on property known as 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089, ("Property") in which Daniel J Datta, Regina M Datta is referred to as ("Seller") and _____ is referred to as ("Buyer").

This addendum is to be used with a: (i) Residential Purchase Agreement (C.A.R. Form RPA); (ii) New Construction Purchase Agreement (C.A.R. Form NCPA); (iii) Vacant Land Purchase Agreement, if the Property will be improved with a residential dwelling with one to four units (C.A.R. Form VLPA); (iv) Residential Income Purchase Agreement (C.A.R. Form RIPA), where the income property contains one to four units; or (v) Residential Units Purchase Addendum (C.A.R. Form RU-PA), where the mixed-use property contains one to four residential units.

1. **FEDERAL REPORTING OBLIGATION:** Pursuant to rules issued by the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network ("FinCEN") of the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury"), beginning December 1, 2025, a "Reporting Person" (typically the escrow or title company responsible for closing) is required to collect, and report to the Treasury, certain information about the Buyer and Seller in the sale of certain real property for the purpose of preventing money laundering. Originally scheduled to take effect December 1, 2025, the reporting requirements have been delayed to March 1, 2026. The Reporting Person may require the needed information from Buyer and Seller for applicable transactions for which an offer was accepted prior to March 1, 2026, if there is a possibility the transaction will close escrow on or after the March 1, 2026, implementation date even if scheduled to close escrow prior to that date.
2. **CONDITIONS FOR WHICH THE REPORTING OBLIGATIONS APPLY:** The collection and reporting obligations apply if: (i) the property being purchased is real property with one to four residential units or vacant land for which the transferee intends to build residential real property with one to four units, or shares in a cooperative housing corporation; (ii) the buyer is a legal entity or trust; and (iii) the buyer is making an "all-cash" purchase or financing the purchase through a bank or other institution that does not have an independent money laundering reporting obligation.
3. **REQUIRED REPORTING INFORMATION:** The following is a non-exclusive list of the "persons" from whom the Reporting Person is required to collect information as well as the type of information to be collected.
 - A. Buyers: Entity Buyers, Beneficial Owners of Entity Buyers, Signing Parties of Entity Buyers, Trust Buyers, Entity Trustee of Trust Buyers, and Individual trustees and beneficial owners of Trust Buyers;
 - B. Sellers: Individual sellers, Entity sellers, Trust Sellers, Individual and entity trustees of Trust Sellers;
 - C. Information to be collected: Legal names, dates of birth, dates of execution of trusts, addresses, dbas, citizenship (for trustees or beneficial owners of trust buyers) taxpayer identification numbers ("TIN"), and, if applicable, account number and financial institution name from which payment is made.
4. **DELIVERY OF REQUIRED INFORMATION:**
 - A. Buyer and Seller shall, within 7 Days after receiving a request for FinCEN information from the Reporting Person for the transaction, deliver to the Reporting Person all necessary information to satisfy the reporting requirements.
 - B. Buyer and Seller agree to make a good faith effort to acquire such information from any entity, beneficial owner, trustee or signing party that is not Buyer or Seller.
5. **CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO PROVIDE REQUESTED INFORMATION:**
 - A. The Reporting Person will not close escrow if the requested information is not provided in full, regardless of whether due from Buyer or Seller or another person on their behalf;
 - B. Any Buyer or Seller who fails to provide the requested information for themselves may be in breach of contract.
 - C. If the Reporting Person requires information from a related third party such as an entity, beneficial owner, signing party, or trustee, and the Reporting Person notifies a Buyer or Seller that the other has failed to provide such information, the performing Buyer or Seller may cancel after first giving the non-performing Buyer or Seller a notice to perform.

By signing below, Buyer and Seller acknowledge that each has read, understands, has received a copy of, and agrees to the terms of this Federal Reporting Requirement Purchase Addendum.

Buyer	_____	Date	_____
Buyer	_____	Date	_____
Seller	Signed by: <u>Daniel J Datta</u> B115565A7F2D4CF...	Signed by: <u>Daniel J Datta</u> 06947BF4DC3442C...	Date 4/7/2026
Seller	_____	Signed by: <u>Regina M Datta</u> 06947BF4DC3442C...	Date 4/1/2026

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FRR-PA 10/25 (PAGE 1 OF 1)



FEDERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT PURCHASE ADDENDUM (FRR-PA PAGE 1 OF 1)



BUYER HOMEOWNERS' INSURANCE ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form BHIA, 6/24)

- 1. IMPORTANCE OF OBTAINING PROPERTY INSURANCE:** If the property you are purchasing is destroyed or damaged due to natural disaster or accident or some other event, insurance may be available to help with the cost of repair or rebuilding. In the absence of property insurance, the homeowner would be responsible for the full expense. If the property is purchased with a loan, or refinanced, the lender will require an insurance policy protecting its interest. Insurance policies can cover damage due to one or more of the following: fire, flood, earthquake and other causes. The policy or an insurance broker should be consulted to determine when coverage applies and whether a supplement or rider can be purchased to provide additional coverage or if a separate policy is necessary.
- 2. PROPERTY INSURANCE AND PURCHASE CONTRACT TERMS:** Your real estate purchase contract may contain a contingency that gives you the right to legally cancel the agreement within a specified time if you are unable to obtain or afford property insurance. This cancellation right may be a specific contingency pertaining to insurance or may be part of an overall investigation contingency. If buyer waives or removes the applicable contingency before determining the availability and cost of property insurance, buyer is acting against the advice of broker. Additionally, if the property is part of an HOA, lenders may require and buyers will want to know that the HOA has adequate insurance to cover the areas for which the HOA is responsible.
- 3. CALIFORNIA'S PROPERTY INSURANCE MARKET:** Some insurance carriers in California have stopped issuing new property insurance policies and others are limiting the number and location of new policies, due to rising replacement costs and an increase in natural disasters. These changes may affect both the availability and cost of insurance. However, over 50 insurance carriers are admitted to sell property insurance in California so it may be possible to obtain insurance even if some carriers will not write a new policy covering the property you intend to buy. An insurance broker may also be able to find a non-admitted insurance carrier offering to insure the property you intend to buy. Because locating an affordable insurance policy could take time and effort, buyers are advised to make all insurance inquiries as early in the home buying process as possible.
- 4. INSURANCE CONDITIONS:** Many insurance carriers impose physical condition standards before issuing a policy, or reserve the right to cancel policies even after they are issued, if certain minimum standards are not confirmed in an inspection or otherwise. Physical conditions standards could include, but are not limited to, prohibition of "knob and tube" electrical wiring, requirements related to piping/plumbing materials, standards related to the age and/or quality of the roof or foundation, minimal safety standards related to handrails, tripping hazards, and defensible space requirements.
- 5. RESOURCES:** The California Department of Insurance (DOI) maintains a website addressing Residential Home insurance. Resources on this State government webpage include: (i) Top Ten tips for Finding Residential Insurance; (ii) Residential Insurance Company Contact List; (iii) Home Insurance Finder; and (iv) information on other insurance issues. The webpage also includes information on how to contact the DOI, and suggestions on what to do if you cannot find insurance. The webpage and link to other documents is located at <https://www.insurance.ca.gov/01-consumers/105-type/5-residential/index.cfm>.
- 6. BROKER RECOMMENDATION:** Buyer is advised to explore available property insurance options early in the home buying process and to consult with a qualified insurance professional of buyer's choosing to understand insurance availability and cost prior to removal of any related contingencies. Real estate brokers do not have expertise in this area.

By signing below, Buyer acknowledges that Buyer has read, understands, and has received a copy of this Buyer Homeowners' Insurance Advisory.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

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BHIA 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 1)



BUYER HOMEOWNERS' INSURANCE ADVISORY (BHIA PAGE 1 OF 1)

JLee Realty, 4260 El Camino Real Palo Alto CA 94306
Juliana Lee

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201

Phone: 650.857.1000

Fax: (650) 433-4264

www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,



MEGAN'S LAW DATA BASE DISCLOSURE

Regarding Registered Sex Offenders
(C.A.R. Form DBD, Revised 6/23)

The following terms and conditions are hereby incorporated in and made a part of the ☐ Residential Purchase Agreement, ☐ Residential Lease or Month-to-Month Rental Agreement OR, ☐ other _____, dated _____, on property known as: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089, in which _____ is referred to as Buyer/Tenant and Daniel J Datta, Regina M Datta is referred to as Seller/Housing Provider.

Notice: Pursuant to § 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specified registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet Web site maintained by the Department of Justice at www.meganslaw.ca.gov. Depending on an offender's criminal history, this information will include either the address at which the offender resides or the community of residence and ZIP Code in which he or she resides.

(Neither Seller nor Brokers are required to check this website. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer obtain information from this website during Buyer's investigation contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.)

Buyer/Tenant _____ Date _____

Buyer/Tenant _____ Date _____

Signed by: Daniel J Datta Date 4/7/2026
Seller/Housing Provider Daniel J Datta B115565A7F2D4CF...

Signed by: Regina Datta Date 4/1/2026
Seller/Housing Provider Regina M Datta 06947BF4DC3442C...

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DBD REVISED 6/23 (PAGE 1 OF 1)

MEGAN'S LAW DATA BASE DISCLOSURE (DBD PAGE 1 OF 1)

JLee Realty, 4260 El Camino Real Palo Alto CA 94306
Juliana Lee

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Fax: (650) 433-4264
www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,



NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

THIS NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT APPLIES TO THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY:

1177 REDROCK CT, SUNNYVALE, CA, 94089 ("PROPERTY")

The seller and the seller's agent(s) or a third-party consultant disclose the following information with the knowledge that even though this is not a warranty, prospective buyers may rely on this information in deciding whether and on what terms to purchase the subject property. Seller hereby authorizes any agent(s) representing any principal(s) in this action to provide a copy of this statement to any person or entity in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of the property.

The following are representations made by the seller and the seller's agent(s) based on their knowledge and maps drawn by the state and federal governments. This information is a disclosure and is not intended to be part of any contract between the seller and buyer.

THIS REAL PROPERTY LIES WITHIN THE FOLLOWING HAZARDOUS AREA(S):

A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (Any type Zone "A" or "V") designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Yes: ☐ No: ☒ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction: ☐

AN AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING shown on a dam failure inundation map pursuant to section 8589.5 of the Government Code.

Yes: ☒ No: ☐ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction: ☐

A HIGH or VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE (FHSZ) as identified by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section 51178 of the Government Code or Article 9 (commencing with Section 4201) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 4 of the Public Resources Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 51182 of the Government Code.

Yes: ☐ No: ☒

High FHSZ in a state responsibility area ☐ High FHSZ in a local responsibility area ☐

Very High FHSZ in a state responsibility area ☐ Very High FHSZ in a local responsibility area ☐

A WILDLAND AREA THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISKS AND HAZARDS pursuant to section 4125 of the Public Resources Code. The owner of this Property is subject to the maintenance requirements of section 4291 of the Public Resources Code. Additionally, it is not the state's responsibility to provide fire protection services to any building or structure located within the wildlands unless the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has entered into a cooperative agreement with a local agency for those purposes pursuant to section 4142 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes: ☐ No: ☒

AN EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE pursuant to section 2622 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes: ☐ No: ☒

A SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE pursuant to section 2696 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes (Landslide Zone): ☐ No: ☒ Map not yet released by the state: ☐

Yes (Liquefaction Zone): ☒ No: ☐ Map not yet released by the state: ☐

THESE HAZARDS MAY LIMIT YOUR ABILITY TO DEVELOP THE PROPERTY, TO OBTAIN INSURANCE, OR TO RECEIVE ASSISTANCE AFTER A DISASTER. THE MAPS ON WHICH THESE DISCLOSURES ARE BASED ESTIMATE WHERE NATURAL HAZARDS EXIST. THEY ARE NOT DEFINITIVE INDICATORS OF WHETHER OR NOT A PROPERTY WILL BE AFFECTED BY A NATURAL DISASTER. SELLER(S) AND BUYER(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL ADVICE REGARDING THOSE HAZARDS AND OTHER HAZARDS THAT MAY AFFECT THE PROPERTY.

Signature of Sellers(s): Daniel J Datta Signed by: B115565A7F2D4CE Date: 4/7/2026
Signature of Seller(s): [Signature] Signed by: 06947BF4DC3442C... Date: 4/1/2026
Seller's Agent(s): 61E9A446CD19423... Date: 4/1/2026
Seller's Agent(s): _____ Date: _____

Check only one of the following:

☐ Sellers(s) and their agent(s) represent that the information herein is true and correct to the best of their knowledge as of the date signed by the sellers(s) and agent(s).

☒ Seller(s) and their agent(s) acknowledge that they have exercised good faith in the selection of a third-party report provider as required in Section 1103.7 of the Civil Code, and that the representations made in this Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement are based upon information provided by the independent third-party disclosure provider as a substituted disclosure pursuant to Section 1103.4 of the Civil Code. Neither seller(s) nor their agent(s) (1) has independently verified the information contained in this statement and report or (2) is personally aware of any errors or inaccuracies in the information contained on the statement. This statement was prepared by the provider below:

This statement was prepared by the following third-party disclosure provider: SNAPNHD, LLC on 02/23/26

Buyer represents that Buyer has read and understands this document. Pursuant to Section 1103.8 of the Civil Code, the representations made in this Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement do not constitute all of the seller's or agent's disclosure obligations in this transaction.

By signing below, Buyer(s) also acknowledge(s) they have received, read, and understand the additional disclosures, materials and legal information provided in this Report, in the tax disclosures (Mello-Roos and Special Assessments), in the Environmental Report (if ordered), and in the required notices and booklets/information regarding Environmental Hazards, Earthquake Safety, Home Energy Rating System, and Lead-Based Paint and Mold.

Government Booklets are available at: www.snapnhd.com/resources.

Signature of Buyer(s): _____ Date: _____

Signature of Buyer(s): _____ Date: _____



PRDS® RESIDENTIAL EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS REPORT

DESIGNED FOR USE WITH PRDS® FORMS



Unless exempt, Sellers of residential property containing 1 to 4 dwelling units built before January 1, 1960 must deliver to the Buyer a copy of The Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety ("Guide") and complete the following questions to the best of the Seller's knowledge. In order to answer these questions, Sellers are not required to: (1) remove siding, drywall or plaster; and/or (2) hire anyone to inspect their home. Sellers are not required to repair any of the weaknesses prior to selling their home unless they agree to do so in writing.

Property Address:	1177 Redrock Ct. Sunnyvale, Ca 94089	Parcel No.:	104-25-049
Seller's Name:	Daniel J Datta Regina M Datta	Year Built	1958

Answer these questions to the best of your knowledge. If you do not have actual knowledge as to whether the weakness exists, answer "Don't Know." If your property does not have the feature, answer "Doesn't Apply." The page numbers in the right-hand column indicate where in the Guide you can find information on each of these features.

	Yes	No	Doesn't Apply	Don't Know	See Page
1. Is the water heater braced, strapped, or anchored to resist falling during an earthquake?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12
2. Is the property anchored or bolted to the foundation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	14
3. If the property has cripple walls:					
• Are the exterior cripple walls braced?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	16
• If the exterior foundation consists of unconnected concrete piers and posts, have they been strengthened?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	18
4. If the exterior foundation, or part of it, is made of unreinforced masonry, has it been strengthened?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	20
5. If the property is built on a hillside:					
• Are the exterior tall foundation walls braced?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	22
• Were the tall posts or columns either built to resist earthquakes, or have they been strengthened?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	22
6. If the exterior walls of the property, or part of them, are made of unreinforced masonry, have they been strengthened?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	24
7. If the property has a living area over the garage, was the wall around the garage door opening either built to resist earthquakes, or have they been strengthened?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	26
8. Is the house outside an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone (zones immediately surrounding known earthquake faults)?					
9. Is the house outside a Seismic Hazard Zone (zone identified as susceptible to liquefaction or landsliding)?					

*To be reported on the
Natural Hazards Disclosure
Report*

If any of the questions are answered "No," the Property is likely to have an earthquake weakness. Questions answered "Don't Know" may indicate a need for further evaluation. If you corrected one or more of these weaknesses, describe the work on a separate page.

As Seller of this Property, I have answered the questions above to the best of my knowledge in an effort to disclose fully any potential earthquake weaknesses it may have.

Date: 4/7/2026

Seller:

Signed by:
Daniel J Datta
B115566A7F2D4CF...

Seller:

Signed by:
Regina M Datta
06947BF4DC3442C...

As Buyer, I acknowledge receipt of this form, completed and signed by Seller. I understand that if Seller has answered "No" to one or more questions, or if Seller has indicated a lack of knowledge, there may be one or more earthquake weaknesses in this Property.

Date: _____ Buyer: _____ Buyer: _____

This earthquake disclosure is made in addition to the standard real estate transfer disclosure statement also required by law.

Attention zipForm® Users:

Note that due to file size constraints, you will need to access and email all 5 of the following EPUBD forms separately as listed below:

- ? 1_HAZARDS - Residential Environmental Hazards
- ? 2_LEAD - Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home
- ? 3_HERS - Home Energy Rating Pamphlet
- ? 4_EARTHQUAKE - Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety
- ? 5_SIG PAGE - Signature Page - PRINT (includes signature page for HERS, Environmental Hazards and Earthquake Safety, Federal Lead and Toxic Mold.)

Received and reviewed by Sellers (124 pages):

<p>Signed by:</p>  <p>B115565A7F2D4CF...</p>	<p>Signed by:</p>  <p>06947BF4DC3442C...</p>
---	---

4/7/2026

Received and reviewed by Buyers (124 pages):

ADVISORY AND DISCLOSURE REGARDING THE USE OF A CONSTRUCTION AND/OR REMODEL CONTRACTOR

Property Address: 1177 Redrock Ct, Sunnyvale, Ca 94089 (the “Property”)

Seller has indicated an interest in retaining a contractor or construction/remodel company to remodel, improve and/or repair the Property to prepare it for sale (the “Contractor”). Seller is advised to consider the following:

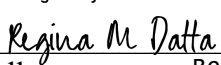
1. The Contractor is independent of seller’s agent and real estate brokerage (the “Brokerage”). The Brokerage has no involvement in the ownership or supervision of the Contractor or its work. Seller acknowledges that seller is retaining the Contractor independent of the Brokerage and based on seller’s independent research and verification of the qualifications of the Contractor.
2. Seller is advised to research the Contractor and any other professional seller seeks to retain. At a minimum, seller should check the Contractor’s licensure on the Contractors State License Board ([cslb.ca.gov](http://www.cslb.ca.gov)), as well as ensure that the Contractor has sufficient insurance, including workers’ compensation, commercial general liability insurance and any other insurance seller deems necessary or appropriate.
3. Brokerage does not represent or warrant the qualifications of the Contractor. Seller agrees to hold Brokerage not liable for any claims, conditions, or any other liabilities created by the Contractor. If seller takes action against the Contractor and a claim is asserted against the brokerage, Seller agrees to indemnify the brokerage for any liability arising out of that claim, including, without limitation, the payment of attorney’s fees, costs, settlement, and/or any potential judgment. The Brokerage shall have a right to retain separate counsel at seller’s expense.
4. While the Brokerage may render opinions or make suggestions regarding potential improvements and/or repairs to be made to the property to make it more marketable, the Brokerage does not guarantee that such improvements will increase the value of the Property. Further, Seller acknowledges that the real estate/housing market fluctuates making prices difficult to predict.
5. All contracts shall be directly between the Contractor and seller. Brokerage will not be a party to that contract. Seller acknowledges that it is seller’s responsibility to work with the Contractor to ensure that appropriate permits are obtained and finalized if required for the work undertaken by seller and the Contractor. Seller acknowledges that the brokerage is not responsible for procuring, obtaining, or handling permits relating to the construction of any repairs or improvements undertaken at the property.
7. Seller also acknowledges that seller is responsible for disclosing to any potential buyer if permits have not been obtained or finalized.
8. If several contractor specialties (carpentry, plumbing, electrical, roofing, etc.) will be working on the Property, it is recommended that seller consider retaining a licensed General Contractor to oversee and supervise the work. The General Contractor can obtain “Lien Releases” from all subcontractors and materialmen who provide services or materials to the project. See for example: <http://www.cslb.ca.gov/Resources/GuidesAndPublications/LienReleaseForms.pdf>

SELLER IS ADVISED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR QUALIFIED CALIFORNIA REAL ESTATE ATTORNEY, ACCOUNTANT OR CONTRACTOR IF THEY HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR PRIOR TO EXECUTING THIS DISCLOSURE AND ADVISORY.

Dated: 2/20/2026 _____

Signed by: 
Seller 15565A7F2D4CF... Daniel J Datta

Dated: 2/20/2026 _____

Signed by: 
Seller 15C72A6DB443C... Regina M Datta

I found the booklet, *The Homeowner's Guide to Environmental Hazards and Earthquake Safety*(with gas shut-off valve update) which includes the *Federal Lead* booklet and *Toxic Mold Update*:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Helpful | <input type="checkbox"/> Clearly written |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Too detailed | <input type="checkbox"/> Confusing |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Not detailed enough | |
-
- ☐ The booklet helped me to locate earthquake weaknesses in my home.
- ☐ I have strengthened my home to resist earthquakes.
- ☐ I plan to fix my home's earthquake weaknesses.
- ☐ The booklet helped me find out that my home did not have any earthquake weaknesses.

The year my home was built was _____.

Comments: _____

We Want To Hear From You!

California Seismic Safety Commission
1900 K Street, Suite 100
Sacramento, California 95814-4186

To Whom It May Concern: I have received a copy of the Environmental Hazards and Earthquake Safety(with gas shut-off valve update)which includes the Federal Lead booklet and Toxic Mold Update, and Home Energy Rating booklet.

Property Address: **1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**

Date _____	Time _____	_____	_____
		(Buyer's signature)	(printed name)
Date _____	Time _____	_____	_____
		(Buyer's signature)	(printed name)
Date _____	_____	_____	_____
	(Buyer's Agent's signature)	(printed name)	(Broker's name)

NOTE: For applicable transactions, it is also necessary to complete C.A.R. Standard form FLD-11 (Lead-based paint and Lead-based paint Hazards Addendum, Disclosure and Acknowledgement.)


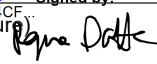

ALL SIGNERS SHOULD RETAIN A COPY OF THIS PAGE FOR THEIR RECORDS

California Civil Code Section 2079.10 states that if the HERS booklet is provided to the Buyer by the Seller or Broker, then this booklet is deemed to be adequate to inform the home buyer about the existence of California Home Energy Rating Program.

Revised 09/10 Official C.A.R.* Publication 09/10

To Whom It May Concern: I have received a copy of the Environmental Hazards and Earthquake Safety(with gas shut-off valve update)which includes the Federal Lead booklet and Toxic Mold Update, and Home Energy Rating booklet.

Property Address: **1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089**

Date 4/7/2026	Time _____	 Signed by: _____ B115565A7F2D4CF... (Seller's signature)	Daniel J Datta (printed name)
Date 4/7/2026	Time _____	 Signed by: _____ 06947BF4DC3442C... (Seller's signature)	Regina M Datta (printed name)
Date 4/1/2026	Time _____	 Signed by: _____ 91584468001943... (Seller's Agent's signature)	Sharon Lee (printed name)
			Pinnacle Realty Advisors (Broker's name)

NOTE: For applicable transactions, it is also necessary to complete C.A.R. Standard form FLD-11 (Lead-based paint and Lead-based paint Hazards Addendum, Disclosure and Acknowledgement.)

ALL SIGNERS SHOULD RETAIN A COPY OF THIS PAGE FOR THEIR RECORDS

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Revised 09/10 Official C.A.R.* Publication 09/10



NON-CONTINGENT OFFER ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form NCOA, Revised 6/24)

1. **MARKET CONDITIONS:** Buyer has been informed, and is aware, that market conditions are cyclical and change over time. In a competitive or "hot" market with limited inventory, Buyers will sometimes consider making "non-contingent" or "contingent free" offers in an attempt to convince the Seller to accept their offer instead of another's. These types of offers have no contingencies: For a physical inspection of the property; For obtaining a loan; For a minimum appraisal value; For other investigations of the property; or for other matters which are commonly included in the Residential Purchase Agreements at other times.
2. **NON-CONTINGENT OFFERS:** Most residential purchase agreements contain contingencies allowing a Buyer a specified period of time to cancel a purchase: (i) if the Buyer cannot obtain a loan; (ii) if the property does not appraise at a certain value; (iii) if the Buyer is dissatisfied with the property's condition after an inspection; (iv) if an insurance policy cannot be obtained for an acceptable cost; or (v) for any other contingency within the purchase agreement. To make their offers more attractive, Buyers will sometimes write offers with few or no contingencies or offer to remove contingencies within a short period of time. In a "hot" market, sellers will sometimes insist that Buyers write offers with no contingencies. While making a "contingency free" offer may give the Buyer a better chance of getting a Seller to accept their offer, there are risks in writing such an offer. Broker recommends that Buyers do not write non-contingent offers and if you do so, you are acting against Broker's advice. Each contingency may stand alone and may not be a reason to use a different contingency (i.e. cannot use the loan contingency because of a low appraisal even if that is the reason the lender denies the loan). If you remove a specific contingency and try to cancel for that reason, you may legally be in default under the contract and could be required to pay damages or forfeit your deposit to Seller. However, if you do write a non-contingent offer these are some of the contractual rights you may be giving up:
 - A. **LOAN CONTINGENCY:** A loan contingency allows you to cancel the contract, without penalty, if during the contingency period, you cannot obtain the loan specified in the agreement. Without this contingency, you cannot cancel if the loan is declined, whether through your fault or the fault of your lender.
 - B. **APPRAISAL CONTINGENCY:** An appraisal contingency allows you to cancel the contract, without penalty, if during the contingency period, your lender's (or your own) appraiser does not believe the property is worth what you have agreed to pay for it. If you give up your appraisal contingency, and the property does not appraise at the specified price, your lender may not loan the full amount needed for the purchase or may not loan any amount at all because of a low appraisal. The Seller is not obligated to reduce the purchase price to match the appraised value.
 - C. **INVESTIGATION CONTINGENCY:** An investigation contingency allows you to examine the property, and matters pertaining to it. If you give up your investigation contingency, you could lose the right to cancel based on information you later discover, which is why it is important to conduct an investigation early. However, even if you make an offer without an investigation contingency or you remove that contingency, the Seller may still be obligated to disclose to you material facts about the property. In some cases, once you receive that information the law gives you an independent right to cancel for a limited period of time.
 - D. **INSURANCE CONTINGENCY:** An insurance contingency allows you to determine the availability and cost of insurance for the property. With rising replacement costs and increased natural disasters, insurance is becoming harder and more expensive to find. The ability to acquire insurance may affect your willingness to own the property and may affect your lender's ability to give you a loan, however the insurance contingency is not necessarily part of the investigation or loan contingency. You should investigate this early in the process.
3. **BROKER RECOMMENDATIONS:**
 - A. Broker recommends that you do not write a non-contingent offer, even if you are planning on paying all cash for the property. If you intend to write a non-contingent offer, Broker recommends that, prior to writing the offer, you: (i) review all available Seller reports, disclosures, information and documents; (ii) have an appropriate professional inspect the property (even if it is being sold "as is" in its present condition); and (iii) carefully assess your financial position and risk with your attorney, accountant or financial advisor.
 - B. There is inherent risk in writing a non-contingent offer. Only you, after careful consultation and deliberation with a qualified California real estate attorney, accountant, or financial advisor can decide how much risk you are willing to take. IT IS YOUR DECISION ALONE AND CANNOT BE MADE BY YOUR BROKER OR REAL ESTATE AGENT

Buyer acknowledges that Buyer has read, understands and has received a copy of this Non-Contingent Offer Advisory.

Buyer _____ Date _____
 Buyer _____ Date _____

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NCOA REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 1)

NON-CONTINGENT OFFER ADVISORY (NCOA PAGE 1 OF 1)

JLee Realty, 4260 El Camino Real Palo Alto CA 94306
 Juliana Lee

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201

Phone: 6508571000

Fax: (650) 433-4264

www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,





Compliance Advisory

March 15, 2016

Regulation 6, Rule 3: Wood-Burning Devices

Guidance for Residential Fireplace Disclosures

Attention: Anyone Selling, Renting or Leasing Property

On October 21, 2015, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (Air District) adopted amendments to Regulation 6, Rule 3: Wood-Burning Devices to further reduce fine particulate emissions (PM_{2.5}) from residential wood burning. Effective June 1, 2016, Regulation 6, Rule 3, Section 304 requires anyone who is selling, renting or leasing property in the nine-counties of the Bay Area that has a wood-burning device to disclose health hazards of PM_{2.5}.

To comply with the requirements of the rule, the Air District prepared the enclosed "Residential Fireplace Disclosure." Disclosures must be signed and dated by the buyer or renter upon receipt. Additional information on the health hazards of burning wood may be considered if approval is obtained from the Air District. All requests for approval to meet June 1, 2016 requirement must be received by May 1, 2016.

For a copy of Regulation 6, Rule 3 please visit:

<http://www.baaqmd.gov/~media/files/planning-and-research/rules-and-regs/reg-06/rq0603.pdf?la=en>

For questions regarding this compliance advisory, please contact Eric Pop, Air Quality Specialist II at epop@baaqmd.gov or (415)749-5172.

RESIDENTIAL FIREPLACE DISCLOSURE

Residential wood burning is the leading source of wintertime air pollution in the Bay Area and studies have confirmed there are significant health impacts from exposure to fine particulate matter found in wood smoke. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District ("BAAQMD") established the Wood Burning Devices (Wood Smoke Rule), Regulation 6, Rule 3 to reduce wintertime smoke pollution and protect public health. The Wood Smoke Rule requires anyone selling, renting or leasing a property in the Bay Area to disclose the potential health impacts from air pollution caused from burning wood. Fine particulate matter, also known as PM_{2.5}, can travel deep into the respiratory system, bypass the lungs and enter the blood stream. Exposure may cause short term and long term health effects, including eye, nose and throat irritation, reduced lung function, asthma, heart attacks, chronic bronchitis, cancer and premature deaths. Exposure to fine particulates can worsen existing respiratory conditions. High PM_{2.5} levels are associated with increased respiratory and cardiovascular hospital admissions, emergency department visits, and even deaths. Children, the elderly and those with pre-existing respiratory or heart conditions are most at risk from negative health effects of PM_{2.5} exposure. The Buyer should consult with a licensed professional to inspect, properly maintain, and operate a wood burning stove or fireplace insert according to manufacturer's specifications to help reduce wood smoke pollution. The Air District encourages the use of cleaner and more efficient, non-wood burning heating options such as gas-fueled or electric fireplace inserts to help reduce emissions and exposure to fine particulates.

When the BAAQMD issues a Winter Spare the Air Alert during the winter season from November 1 through the end of February, it is illegal to burn wood, manufactured fire logs, pellets or any solid fuels in fireplaces, wood stoves or outdoor fire pits. To check when a Winter Spare the Air Alert is issued and it is illegal to burn wood, please call 1-877-4NO-BURN or visit www.baaqmd.gov or www.sparetheair.org.

Buyer: _____

Date: _____

Buyer: _____

Date: _____



SELLER'S ADVISORY

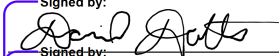
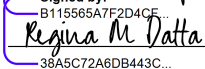
(C.A.R. Form SA, Revised 6/25)

1. **INTRODUCTION:** Selling property in California is a process that involves many steps. From start to finish, it could take anywhere from a few weeks to many months, depending upon the condition of your Property, local market conditions and other factors. You have already taken an important first step by listing your Property for sale with a licensed real estate broker. Your broker will help guide you through the process and may refer you to other professionals, as needed. This advisory addresses many things you may need to think about and do as you market your Property. Some of these things are requirements imposed upon you, either by law or by the listing or sale contract. Others are simply practical matters that may arise during the process. Please read this document carefully and, if you have any questions, ask your broker or appropriate legal or tax advisor for help.
2. **DISCLOSURES:**
 - A. **General Disclosure Duties:** You must affirmatively disclose to the buyer, in writing, all known facts that materially affect the value or desirability of your Property. You must disclose these facts whether or not asked about such matters by the buyer, any broker, or anyone else. This duty to disclose applies even if the buyer agrees to purchase your Property in its present condition without requiring you to make any repairs. If you do not know what or how to disclose, you should consult a real estate attorney in California of your choosing. Broker cannot advise you on the legal sufficiency of any disclosures you make. If the Property you are selling is a residence with one to four units except for certain subdivisions, your broker also has a duty to conduct a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of the accessible areas and to disclose to a buyer all adverse material facts that the inspection reveals. If your broker discovers something that could indicate a problem, your broker must advise the buyer.
 - B. **Statutory Duties (For one-to-four Residential Units):**
 - (1) You must timely prepare and deliver to the buyer, among other things, a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement ("TDS"), and a Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement ("NHD"). You have a legal obligation to fill out the TDS form, in its entirety, honestly and completely. (Many local entities or organizations have their own supplement to the TDS that you may also be asked to complete.) The NHD is a statement indicating whether your Property is in certain designated flood, fire or earthquake/seismic hazard zones. Third-party professional companies can help you with this task. If your property is in a high or very high fire zone, and you have to complete the TDS, you will also be responsible for disclosing compliance with defensible space laws and, depending on the Property's age, may also have to disclose if the building itself has been hardened to protect it from catching fire.
 - (2) Depending upon the age and type of construction of your Property, you may also be required to provide and, in certain cases you can receive limited legal protection by providing, the buyer with booklets entitled "The Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety," "The Commercial Property Owner's Guide to Earthquake Safety," "Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home," and "Environmental Hazards: A Guide For Homeowners and Buyers." Some of these booklets may be packaged together for your convenience. The earthquake guides ask you to answer specific questions about your Property's structure and preparedness for an earthquake. If you are required to supply the booklet about lead, you will also be required to disclose to the buyer any known lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards on a separate form. The environmental hazards guide informs the buyer of common environmental hazards that may be found in properties.
 - (3) If you know that your property is: (i) located within one mile of a former military ordnance location; or (ii) in or affected by a zone or district allowing manufacturing, commercial or airport use, you must disclose this to the buyer. You are also required to make a good faith effort to obtain and deliver to the buyer a disclosure notice from the appropriate local agency(ies) about any special tax levied on your Property pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act, the Improvement Bond Act of 1915, and a notice concerning the contractual assessment provided by § 5898.24 of the Streets And Highways Code (collectively, "Special Tax Disclosures").
 - (4) If the TDS, NHD, or lead, fire hardening, defensible space, military ordnance, commercial zone or Special Tax Disclosures are provided to a buyer after you accept that buyer's offer, the buyer will have 3 days after delivery (or 5 days if mailed) to terminate the offer, which is why it is extremely important to complete these disclosures as soon as possible. There are certain exemptions from these statutory requirements; however, if you have actual knowledge of any of these items, you may still be required to make a disclosure as the items can be considered material facts.
 - C. **Death and Other Disclosures:** Many buyers consider death on real property to be a material fact in the purchase of property. In some situations, it is advisable to disclose that a death occurred or the manner of death; however, California Civil Code § 1710.2 provides that you have no disclosure duty "where the death has occurred more than three years prior to the date the transferee offers to purchase, lease, or rent the real property, or [regardless of the date of occurrence] that an occupant of that property was afflicted with, or died from, Human T-Lymphotropic Virus Type III/Lymphadenopathy-Associated Virus." This law does not "immunize an owner or his or her agent from making an intentional misrepresentation in response to a direct inquiry from a transferee or a prospective transferee of real property, concerning deaths on the real property."
 - D. **Condominiums and Other Common Interest Subdivisions:** If the Property is a condominium, townhouse, or other property in a common interest subdivision, you must provide to the buyer copies of the governing documents, the most recent financial statements distributed, and other documents required by law or contract. If you do not have a current version of these documents, you can request them from the management of your homeowner's association. To avoid delays, you are encouraged to obtain these documents as soon as possible, even if you have not yet entered into a purchase agreement to sell your Property.
3. **CONTRACT TERMS AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS:**
 - A. **Contract Terms and Conditions:** A buyer may request, as part of the contract for the sale of your Property, that you pay for repairs to the Property, buyer broker compensation, and other items. Your decision on whether or not to comply with a buyer's requests may affect your ability to sell your Property at a specified price. Should Seller agree to do so, Broker does not represent, nor will Broker confirm, that the amount specified is owed by buyer or the full amount will be used by buyer to pay for the specified purpose. In the absence of a separate agreement, Seller's contractual obligation to pay buyer's broker is independent of any obligation between buyer and a third party.



- B. **Withholding Taxes:** Under federal and California tax laws, a buyer is required to withhold a portion of the purchase price from your sale proceeds for tax purposes unless you sign an affidavit of non-foreign status and California residency, or some other exemption applies and is documented.
- C. **Prohibition Against Discrimination:** Discriminatory conduct in the sale of real property against individuals belonging to legally protected classes is a violation of the law.
- D. **Government Required Repairs, Replacements and Alterations:** Under State law, Property owners with limited exceptions, are required to: (1) Install operable smoke alarms and brace water heaters and provide a Buyer with a statement of compliance. Existing operable smoke alarms, that met compliance standards when installed, do not have to be removed even if not up to current legal requirements. Smoke alarms that are added or that replace older versions must comply with current law; and (2) install carbon monoxide detection devices. Some city and county governments may impose additional requirements, including, but not limited to, installing low-flow toilets and showerheads, gas shut-off valves, tempered glass, and barriers around swimming pools and spas. You should consult with the appropriate governmental agencies, inspectors, and other professionals to determine which requirements apply to your Property, the extent to which your Property complies with such requirements, and the costs, if any, of compliance.
- E. **EPA's LEAD-BASED PAINT RENOVATION, REPAIR AND PAINTING RULE PROGRAM (RRP):** The RRP requires that contractors and maintenance professionals working in pre-1978 housing, child care facilities, and schools with lead-based paint be certified; that their employees be trained; and that they follow protective work practice standards. The RRP applies to renovation, repair, or painting activities affecting more than six square feet of lead-based paint in a room or more than 20 square feet of lead-based paint on the exterior. Enforcement of the rule begins October 1, 2010. See the EPA website at www.epa.gov/lead for more information.
- F. **Legal, Tax and Other Implications:** Selling your Property may have legal, tax, insurance, title or other implications. You should consult an appropriate professional for advice on these matters.
4. **MARKETING CONSIDERATIONS:**
- A. **Pre-Sale Inspections and Considerations:** You should consider doing what you can to prepare your Property for sale, such as correcting any defects or other problems, making cosmetic improvements, and staging. Many people are not aware of defects in or problems with their own Property. One way to make yourself aware is to obtain professional inspections prior to sale. Pre-sale inspections may include a general property inspection; an inspection for wood destroying pest and organisms (Structural Pest Control Report) and an inspection of the septic or well systems, if any, among others. By doing this, you then have an opportunity to make repairs before your Property is sold, which may enhance its marketability. Keep in mind, however, that any problems revealed by such inspection reports or repairs that have been made, should be disclosed to the buyer (see "Disclosures" in paragraph 2 above). This is true even if the buyer gets their own inspections covering the same area. Obtaining inspection reports may also assist you during contract negotiations with the buyer. For example, if a Structural Pest Control Report has both a primary and secondary recommendation for clearance, you may want to specify in the purchase agreement those recommendations, if any, for which you are going to pay.
- B. **Post-Sale Protections:** It is often helpful to provide the buyer with, among other things, a home protection/warranty plan for the Property. These plans will generally cover problems, not deemed to be pre-existing, that occur after your sale is completed. In the event something does go wrong after the sale, and it is covered by the plan, the buyer may be able to resolve the concern by contacting the home protection company.
- C. **Safety Precautions:** Advertising and marketing your Property for sale, including, but not limited to, holding open houses, placing a keysafe/lockbox, erecting FOR SALE signs, and disseminating photographs, video tapes, and virtual tours of the premises, may jeopardize your personal safety and that of your Property. You are strongly encouraged to maintain insurance, and to take any and all possible precautions and safeguards to protect yourself, other occupants, visitors, your Property, and your belongings, including cash, jewelry, drugs, firearms and other valuables located on the Property, against injury, theft, loss, vandalism, damage, and other harm.
- D. **Expenses:** You are advised that you, not the Broker, are responsible for the fees and costs, if any, to comply with your duties and obligations to the buyer of your Property.
5. **OTHER ITEMS:** _____

By signing below, Seller acknowledges that they have received a copy of this Seller's Advisory, and they have read and understand its terms.

Seller		Daniel J Datta Date <u>2/20/2026</u>
Seller		Regina M Datta Date <u>2/20/2026</u>

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SA REVISED 6/25 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

SELLER'S ADVISORY (SA PAGE 2 OF 2)

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com

1177 Redrock Ct,



Checklist of Items Included & Excluded From Sale

Property Address:

Items:

Included

Excluded

N/A

Range/Stove



Microwave



Refrigerator(s):



Location & # of Unit

Location & # of Unit

Washer



Initial
DJD

Initial
Bernadette



Dryer



Home Entertainment System:



Television/Flat Screen



Speakers



Components



Outdoor Speakers



Above Ground Spa



Play structure



Pool fence



Solar (PV) System



Charging Station For EV



Security Alarm System



All attached window coverings



All hardwired light fixtures



All bathroom mirrors



included
included

Additional Item Included:

Additional Item Excluded:

Seller: *Bernadette*

Seller: *[Signature]* Date: *2/25/26*

Buyers:

Buyers:

Date:

Disclosure: Public Amenities

Subject Property: 1177 Redrock Ct., Sunnyvale, Ca 94089

The item(s) checked below might influence your decision regarding the purchase of the subject property. Should you wish for additional information, you are encouraged to do further investigation.

☐ Airfields

There are four airfields in Santa Clara County; San Jose International Airport, Reid-Hillview, Moffett Federal Airfield, Palo Alto Airport. Frequency of flights and air patterns can create sound for some properties.

☐ Shoreline Amphitheater, Mountain View

Concerts are held at this outdoor theater from time to time. Sound from these concerts can carry over into portions of Mountain View, Palo Alto and Los Altos.

☐ Paul Masson Winery/ Montaivo Center for the Arts

These two "Centers" sponsor outdoor concerts during the summer months. Sound from these concerts can carry over into portions of Saratoga.

☐ Caltrain Commuter Service

Commuter trains run at regular intervals from San Jose to San Francisco. Sound from these trains can carry over into portions of nearby communities.

☐ Southern Pacific Train

A Southern Pacific train runs from San Jose to Cupertino and back to San Jose three times a week. Sound from this train can carry over into portions of nearby communities.

Dated 2/25/26

Seller: Regina Datta

Seller: [Signature]

Buyer acknowledges receipt of this Disclosure:

Dated: _____

Buyer: _____

Buyer: _____

Questions

Yes

No

Notes:

- Garbage date
- Keys
- Mailbox kyes
- Other keys
- Remote control
- Gate/garage code
- Potential rent
- HOA fees
- HOA Mgr contact
- Maintenance records
- Permits
- Any non-conforming area
- All payment up to date
- Flood Insuance
- Utility

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

mondays
2 House

3 air/Hecter
2 Garage remotes

\$/month:
\$/month:

Special feature



HOME INSPECTION REPORT



Received and reviewed by Sellers (32 pages):

PROPERTY ADDRESS
1177 Redrock Court, Sunnyvale

ORDERED BY
Juliana (Leigh) Lee, JLee Realty

Signed by:

Daniel J Datta

B115565A7F2D4CF...

Signed by:

Rama Datta

06947BF4DC3442C...

4/7/2026

REPORT NUMBER
672540

Received and reviewed by Buyers (32 pages):

DATE OF INSPECTION
March 27, 2026

INSPECTOR
Travis Palser

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'TP', written over a horizontal line.

REPORT SNAPSHOT

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT THIS NHD REPORT

1177 REDROCK CT, SUNNYVALE, CA, 94089

PREMIUM RESIDENTIAL REPORT



The Natural Hazards Disclosure Act under Sec. 1103 of the California Civil Code states that real estate sellers and brokers are legally required to disclose if the property being sold lies within one or more state or locally mapped hazard areas.

Received and reviewed by Sellers (50 pages):



There are **2** California Natural Hazard Disclosures marked **IN** for your review.

Signed by:  Signed by: 
B115565A7F2D4CF... 06947BF4DC3442C...

4/7/2026



There are **3** Additional Disclosures marked **IN** for your review.



There is **1** City/County Disclosure marked **IN** for your review.



There are **5** Environmental Disclosures marked **IN** for your review.

Received and reviewed by Buyers (50 pages):



Subject property **IS NOT** located in a Special Flood Hazard Area.



Subject property **IS NOT** located in a fire hazard area that may require C.A.R. Form FHDS pursuant to AB38 and its requirements.

For hazard booklets and other resources, go to: <https://www.snapnhd.com/resources>

Visit Us on our Website: www.fntic.com



ISSUING OFFICE: 675 N. First Street, 4th Floor, San Jose, CA 95112

FOR SETTLEMENT INQUIRIES, CONTACT:

Lawyers Title Company
1440 Chapin Ave, Suite 250 • Burlingame, CA 94010
(650)445-6310 • FAX (650)249-0114

**Another Prompt Delivery From Lawyers Title Company Title Department
Where Local Experience And Expertise Make A Difference**

PRELIMINARY REPORT

Title Officer: Andrew Benavides
Email: andrew.benavides@titlegroup.fntic.com
Title No.: FLNP-0052600164-AB

Escrow Officer: Carlota Villatoro and Aileen Michael
Team

Email: Carlota.Villatoro@ltic.com
Escrow No.: FLNP-0052600164

Received and reviewed by Sellers (24 pages):

TO: JLee Realty
4260 El Camino Real
Palo Alto, CA 94306
Attn: Sharon Lee

Signed by:  Signed by: 
B115565A7F2D4CF... 06947BF4DC3442C...

4/7/2026

PROPERTY ADDRESS(ES): 1177 Redrock Court, Sunnyvale, CA

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 18, 2026 at 07:30 AM

The form of policy or policies of title insurance contemplated by this report is:

ALTA Homeowner's Policy of Title Insurance 2021

ALTA Loan Policy 2021 Extended

1. THE ESTATE OR INTEREST IN THE LAND HEREINAFTER DESCRIBED OR REFERRED TO COVERED BY THIS REPORT IS:

A Fee

2. TITLE TO SAID ESTATE OR INTEREST AT THE DATE HEREOF IS VESTED IN:

Daniel J. Datta and Regina M. Datta, husband and wife as community property with full rights of survivorship

3. THE LAND REFERRED TO IN THIS REPORT IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

SEE EXHIBIT "A" ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF

Received and reviewed by Buyers (24 pages):

	MLS Beds	MLS Full Baths	Half Baths	Sale Price	Sale Date
	3	2	N/A	\$540,000	07/14/2008
	MLS Sq Ft	Lot Sq Ft	MLS Yr Built	Type	
	1,108	8,000	1958	SFR	

OWNER INFORMATION			
Owner Name	Datta Daniel J & Regina M	Tax Billing Zip+4	0471
Tax Billing Address	Po Box 471	Owner Occupied	No
Tax Billing City & State	Gilroy, CA	Owner Name 2	Datta Regina
Tax Billing Zip	95021		

COMMUNITY INSIGHTS			
Median Home Value	\$1,144,389	School District	SUNNYVALE
Median Home Value Rating	8 / 10	Family Friendly Score	37 / 100
Total Crime Risk Score (for the neighborhood, relative to the nation)	15 / 100	Walkable Score	74 / 100
Total Incidents (1 yr)	251	Q1 Home Price Forecast	\$1,163,123
Standardized Test Rank	58 / 100	Last 2 Yr Home Appreciation	23%

LOCATION INFORMATION			
School District	Fremont Union	Property Carrier Route	C085
Community College District	Foothill	Zoning	R0
Elementary School District	Sunnyvale	Market Area	19
Census Tract	5048.02	Within 250 Feet of Multiple Flood Zones	No
Tract Number	2010		

TAX INFORMATION			
APN	104-25-049	Tax Area	09000
% Improved	26%	Lot Number	1422
Legal Description	TRACT 2010 LAKEWOOD VILLAGE NO 5 BOOK 89 PAGE 16 PAGE 18 LOT 1422		

ASSESSMENT & TAX			
Assessment Year	2025	2024	2023
Assessed Value - Total	\$695,375	\$681,742	\$668,376
Assessed Value - Land	\$515,098	\$504,999	\$495,098
Assessed Value - Improved	\$180,277	\$176,743	\$173,278
YOY Assessed Change (\$)	\$13,633	\$13,366	
YOY Assessed Change (%)	2%	2%	
Tax Year	Total Tax	Change (\$)	Change (%)
2023	\$8,019		
2024	\$8,113	\$94	1.17%
2025	\$8,412	\$299	3.69%
Special Assessment	Tax Amount		
Scvwd Flood Contr	\$4.66		
Sfbra Measure Aa	\$12.00		
Safe Clean Water	\$80.40		
Measure M 2021	\$98.00		
Total Of Special Assessments	\$268.96		

CHARACTERISTICS			
Land Use - CoreLogic	SFR	Fireplaces	1
Land Use - County	Resid Single Family	Heat Type	Heated
Lot Frontage	80	Porch	Porch
Lot Depth	100	Patio Type	None
Lot Acres	0.1837	Parking Type	Type Unknown
Lot Area	8,000	Garage Capacity	MLS: 2
Style	Rectangular Design	No. Parking Spaces	MLS: 2

Year Built	1958	Garage Sq Ft	360
Effective Year Built	1958	Roof Material	Tar & Gravel
Gross Area	1,108	Foundation	Slab
Building Sq Ft	1,108	Construction	Wood
Ground Floor Area	1,108	Exterior	Stucco
Stories	1	Other Impvs	Fence
Basement Type	MLS: Concrete Slab	Equipment	Disposal, Range Hood
Total Rooms	6	Water	Public
Bedrooms	3	Sewer	Public Service
Total Baths	2	Condition	Average
MLS Total Baths	2	Quality	Average
Full Baths	2		

SELL SCORE			
Rating	High	Value As Of	2025-11-09 04:33:15
Sell Score	627		

ESTIMATED VALUE			
RealAVM™	\$1,510,500	Confidence Score	73
RealAVM™ Range	\$1,324,300 - \$1,696,700	Forecast Standard Deviation	12
Value As Of	11/03/2025		

(1) RealAVM™ is a CoreLogic® derived value and should not be used in lieu of an appraisal.

(2) The Confidence Score is a measure of the extent to which sales data, property information, and comparable sales support the property valuation analysis process. The confidence score range is 50 - 100. Clear and consistent quality and quantity of data drive higher confidence scores while lower confidence scores indicate diversity in data, lower quality and quantity of data, and/or limited similarity of the subject property to comparable sales.

(3) The FSD denotes confidence in an AVM estimate and uses a consistent scale and meaning to generate a standardized confidence metric. The FSD is a statistic that measures the likely range or dispersion an AVM estimate will fall within, based on the consistency of the information available to the AVM at the time of estimation. The FSD can be used to create confidence that the true value has a statistical degree of certainty.

RENTAL TRENDS			
Estimated Value	4978	Cap Rate	2.3%
Estimated Value High	5701	Forecast Standard Deviation (FSD)	0.15
Estimated Value Low	4255		

(1) Rental Trends is a CoreLogic® derived value and should be used for informational purposes only. Rental Trends is not intended to provide recommendations regarding rental prices, lease renewal terms, or occupancy levels to landlords.

(2) The FSD denotes confidence in a Rental Trends estimate and uses a consistent scale and meaning to generate a standardized confidence metric. The FSD is a statistic that measures the likely range or dispersion a Rental Trends estimate will fall within, based on the consistency of the information available at the time of estimation. The FSD can be used to create confidence that the displayed value has a statistical degree of certainty.

LISTING INFORMATION			
MLS Listing Number	ML80775565	MLS Sold Date	06/15/2008
MLS Status	Sold	MLS Closing Price	\$540,000
MLS Status Change Date	07/31/2008	MLS Listing Agent	137240-Rocio Vargas
MLS Listing Date	03/26/2008	MLS Listing Broker	INTERO REAL ESTATE SERVICES
MLS Curr. List \$	\$515,000	MLS Selling Agent	147547-Deborah Barry
MLS Orig. List \$	\$535,000	MLS Selling Broker	COMPASS

MLS Listing #	MI80503510	MI80319964	MI80312426
MLS Status	Sold	Expired	Canceled
MLS Listing Date	01/25/2005	04/08/2003	03/04/2003
MLS Listing Price	\$578,000	\$455,000	\$469,900
MLS Orig List \$	\$578,000	\$455,000	\$469,900
MLS Close Date	03/01/2005		
MLS List Close \$	\$640,000		
MLS List Exp Date	07/21/2005	06/30/2003	06/30/2003

LAST MARKET SALE & SALES HISTORY			
Recording Date	07/25/2008	Deed Type	Grant Deed
Settle Date	Tax: 07/14/2008 MLS: 06/15/2008	Owner Name	Datta Daniel J & Regina M
Sale Price	\$540,000	Owner Name 2	Datta Regina
Price Per Square Feet	\$487.36	Seller	Espinoza Carlos A
Document Number	19934651		

Recording Date	07/25/2008	07/25/2008	08/25/2005	02/28/2005	09/24/2001
Sale Price	\$540,000			\$640,000	\$135,000
Nominal		Y	Y		
Buyer Name	Datta Daniel J & Regina M	Espinoza Carlos A	Espinoza Carlos A	Espinoza Carlos A	Lanham Patrice A
Buyer Name 2	Datta Regina M		Espinoza Custodio		
Seller Name	Espinoza Carlos A	Cullar Paulina V	Espinoza Carlos A	Lanham Patrice A	Cronin Elizabeth A

DocuSign Envelope ID: 72D4D78B-C648-8EC3-8002-3AC9023E48A8					
Document Number	15304501	15304500	18543285	18250250	15879622
Document Type	Grant Deed	Quit Claim Deed	Grant Deed	Individual Grant Deed	Grant Deed

Recording Date	10/06/2000	06/29/1993	10/16/1990
Sale Price			
Nominal	Y		
Buyer Name	Cronin Elizabeth A	Atwell Argie R	Atwell Argie R
Buyer Name 2			
Seller Name	Atwell Argie R		Cronin Elizabeth & Hulu Wendolyn
Document Number	15416655	11973428	10687316
Document Type	Quit Claim Deed	Grant Deed	Deed

MORTGAGE HISTORY					
Mortgage Date	03/01/2011	07/25/2008	12/29/2005	02/28/2005	09/10/2003
Mortgage Amount	\$510,305	\$520,146	\$64,000	\$512,000	\$310,000
Mortgage Lender	Wells Fargo Bk Na	Mortgage Fin'l	Indymac Bk Fsb	Citymutual Fin'l	World Svgs Bk Fsb
Mortgage Code	Fha	Fha	Conventional	Conventional	Conventional
Mortgage Type	Refi	Resale	Refi	Resale	Refi

Mortgage Date	09/24/2001	06/21/2001	11/01/1989
Mortgage Amount	\$270,000	\$40,000	\$229,500
Mortgage Lender	Advantage Fin'l Inc		American Svgs Bk
Mortgage Code	Conventional	Private Party Lender	Conventional
Mortgage Type	Resale	Refi	Resale

Received and reviewed by Sellers (3 pages):

FORECLOSURE HISTORY			
Document Type	Signed by:	Signed by:	Lis Pendens
Foreclosure Filing Date	Daniel J Datta		01/05/2017
Recording Date	Apr 2018		06/25/2018
Document Number	B115565A7F2D4CF...	06947BF4DC3442C...	23963333
Lien Type			Other

4/7/2026

PROPERTY MAP

John-W- Christian-Greenbelt

110'

103'

148'

25'

1177

1181

1187

1171

1140

1136

1170

25 yards

Map data ©2025 Google

Palamos Ave

Pecos Way

Prescott Ave

California Yo World

Sandia Ave

Blazingwood Dr

Burnwood Ave

Candlewood Ave

Fairwood Ave

Oak Creek Way

Fairwood Pk

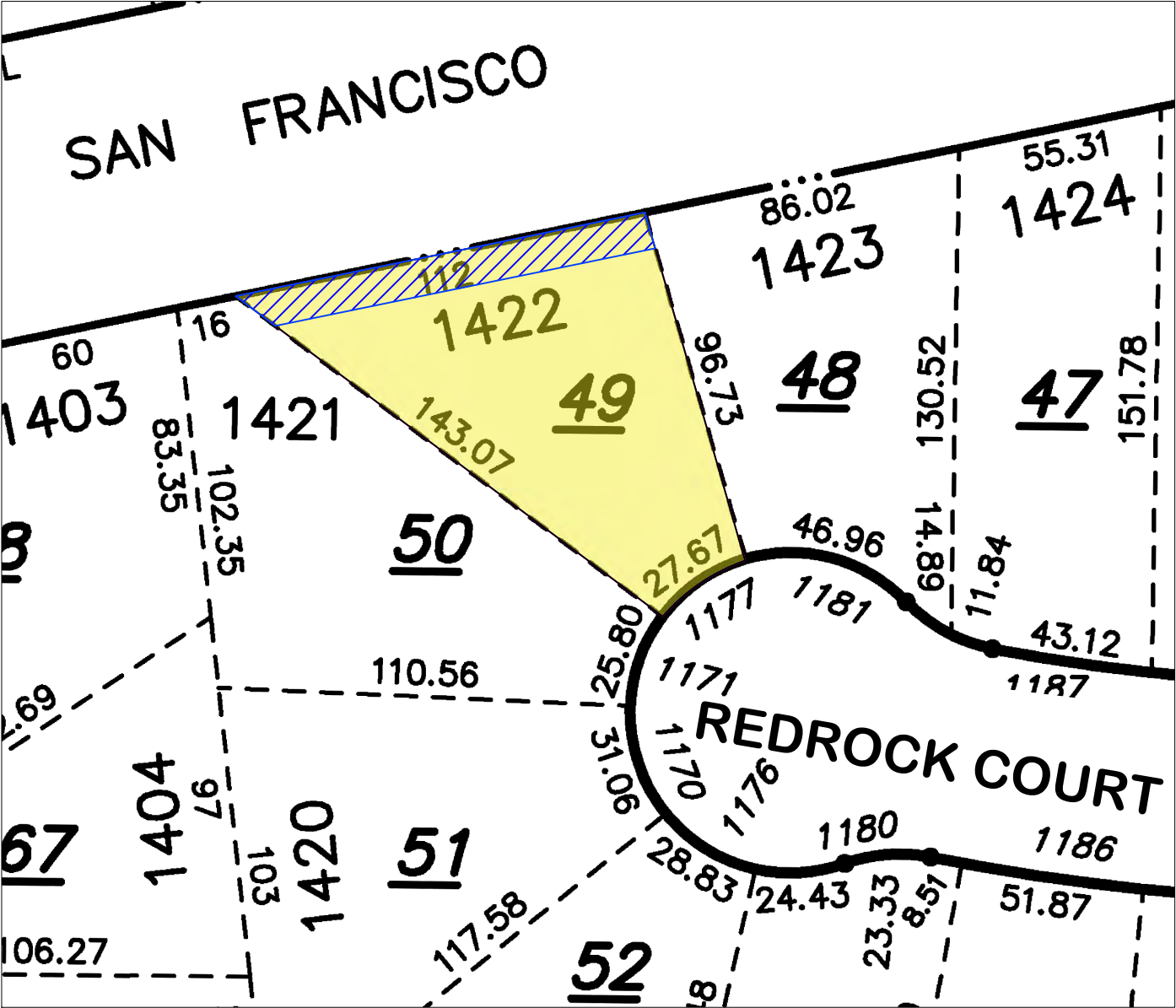
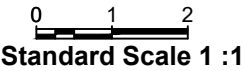
Tennis courts

200 yards

Map data ©2025 Google

*Lot Dimensions are Estimated

Received and reviewed by Buyers (3 pages):



Legend



Property In Question - Fee



Item No. 7 - Easement for Public Utility
In Bk89 Pg16 of Tract Map
Affects said portion as shown on the map

Received and reviewed by Sellers (1 page):

Signed by:

Daniel J Datta

B115565A7F2D4CF...

Signed by:

Rajee Datta

06947BF4DC3442C...

4/7/2026

Received and reviewed by Buyers (1 page):

© 2026

Lawyers Title Company

675 N. First Street, 4th Floor,
San Jose, CA 95112

Title Order No. : FLNP-0052600164, Preliminary Report dated February 18, 2026

Reference :

Property : 1177 Redrock Court, Sunnyvale, CA

Drawing Date : 02/24/2026 - FNFI

Assessor's Parcel No. : 104-25-049

Data :

This map/plat is being furnished as an aid in locating the herein described Land in relation to adjoining streets, natural boundaries and other land, and is not a survey of the land depicted. Except to the extent a policy of title insurance is expressly modified by endorsement, if any, the Company does not insure dimensions, distances, location of easements, acreage or other matters shown thereon.

Plat Showing : LOT 1422, AS DELINEATED UPON THAT CERTAIN MAP ENTITLED "TRACT NO. 2010 LAKEWOOD VILLAGE NO. 5", FILED FOR RECORD IN THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ON DECEMBER 18TH, 1957 IN BOOK 89 OF MAPS, AT PAGES 16, 17 AND 18.

Sheet
1 of 1

Archive #